SUMMIT pipeline summary

Aim:

Produce a "high" quality calibrated image from science data using as much data as possible

How:

Pipeline waits until

- observation is 90% complete, or
- scan pattern complete, **or**
- the time elapsed since a map was made previously exceeds a limit, **or**
- observation completes

Notes

- In practice a new map is usually made every 2 to 10 minutes, depending on observation type (DAISY maps made more often)
- New data will arrive as a map is being made and the pipeline will process **all** of the new data once the map is made (no data are omitted)
- Uses the default dimmconfig.lis config file
 - calibrators use dimmconfig_bright_compact.lis
 - pointing/focus use specialized configs optimized for the SUMMIT pipeline
- Creates a co-added image as the observation progresses (if applicable) **and** coadds images across observations to improve signal-to-noise
- Applies most recent flatfield to new raw data if not making a map this time round (saves some time when map-making)
- Displays most recent map and coadd using Gaia (updated when new map is made)
- Pointing and focus maps and all focal-plane mosaics are displayed using Kapview (KAPPA display)
- Calculates pointing and focus offsets (but these are not used by the TSS)
- Maps calibrated in mJy/beam using default FCFs
- FCFs are calculated from observations of calibrators for comparison
- Tonight page shows most recent map and updated coadd

Where:

- 450 um: sc2dr1
 - o /jcmtdata/reduced/dr1/scuba2_450/YYYYMMDD
- 850 um: sc2dr3
 - o /jcmtdata/reduced/dr3/scuba2_850/YYYYMMDD

Output files:

Maps

- syyyyMMDD_NNNNN_XXX_cal.sdf
 - most recent map for current observation
- gsYYYYMMDD_NN_XXX_mos.sdf
 - coadded map for current target (may include data from multiple observations)
 - \circ NN will be the number of the first observation in the coadd
- sYYYYMMDD_NNNNN_XXX_reduced.sdf
 - most recent map for pointing source
- gsYYYYMMDD_NN_XXX_reduced.sdf
 - coadded map for pointing source
- gsYYYYMMDD_NN_XXX_foc.sdf
 - output cube from focus observations (Az-El-SMU, viewable in Gaia)

where YYYYMMDD is the current UT date, NNNNN is the zero-padded observation number (e.g. 00036), NN is the non-zero padded observation number (e.g. 36) and XXX is the wavelength (either 850 or 450). The "g" prefix indicates a "group" product.

Logfiles

- log.noise
 - estimate of noise (mJy/beam) in current group coadd
- log.nefd
 - $\circ~$ estimate of NEFD, effective NEFD and extrapolated zenith NEFD (in mJy/beam. $\!\!\!\sqrt{s}$) from current map
- .oracdr_PID.log
 - Pipeline log file (PID is the ORAC-DR process ID)
- log.fcf
 - \circ $\;$ Flux conversion factors derived from calibrators
- log.beam
 - Beam size derived from fits to calibrators
- log.pointing
 - Pipeline estimate of pointing offsets (arcsec)
- log.focus
 - Pipeline estimate of best-fit SMU position
- log.bolonoise
 - $\circ~$ Bolometer noise (in pA/ $\!\sqrt{Hz}$) and effective NEP (in W/ $\!\sqrt{Hz}$)
- log.flatfield
 - Responsivity statistics from flatfield solutions (A/W)

Other data files

- sYYYYMMDD_NNNNN_SSSS_XXX_respmos.sdf
 - responsivity focal-plane mosaic (flatfield)
- sYYYYMMDD_NNNNN_SSSS_XXX_noimos.sdf
 - time-domain noise (2–10 Hz) focal-plane mosaic
- snxYYYYMMDD_NNNNN_SSSS_flat.sdf
 - flatfield solution (1 per suabrray)
- snxYYYYMMDD_NNNNN_SSSS_rawflat.sdf
 - raw flatfield for use in map-making

where (as before)

- YYYYMMDD = current UT date
- NNNNN = zero-padded observation number
- SSSS = zero-padded subscan number
- xxx = wavelength
- snx = subarray identifier (e.g. s8a)

Monitoring the pipeline

- Important/useful results in green (some in yellow)
 - number of bolometers from flatfield
 - pointing/focus estimates
 - NEFD
- Warnings in cyan
- Errors in red
- Watch for:
 - large changes in the number of bolometers
 - blank pixels at the source centre (pointing/focus)
 - FCFs wildly different from defaults and/or discrepant effective beam areas
 - number of bolometers in map
 - map appearance streaks, obvious patterns