

# A Survey of the vibrationally excited $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ lines in nearby massive YSOs



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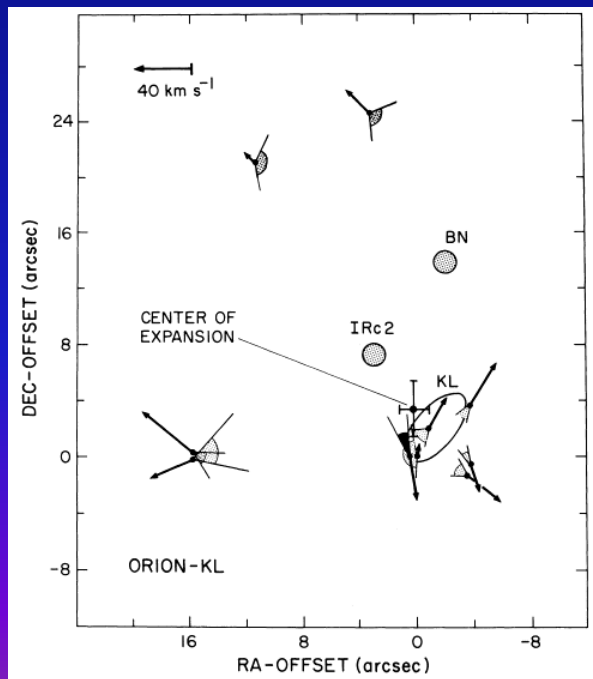
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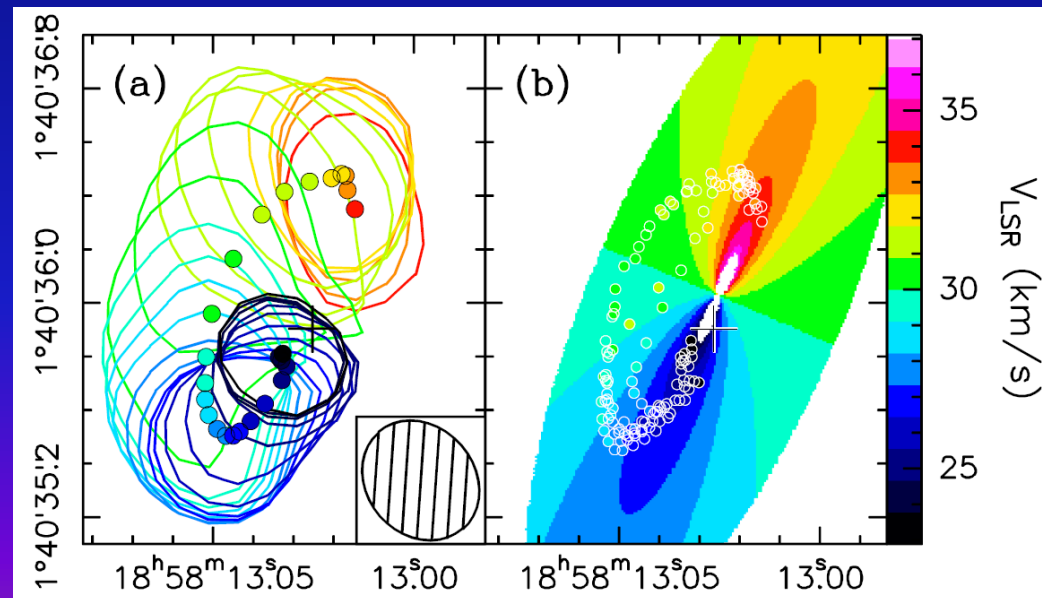
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# Introduction

- High-resolution study of high-mass star-formation
  - *How can high mass accretion rate be achieved?*
  - *How do high-mass YSOs associated with disk/outflow evolve?*
  - *What are differences from low-mass star-formation?*



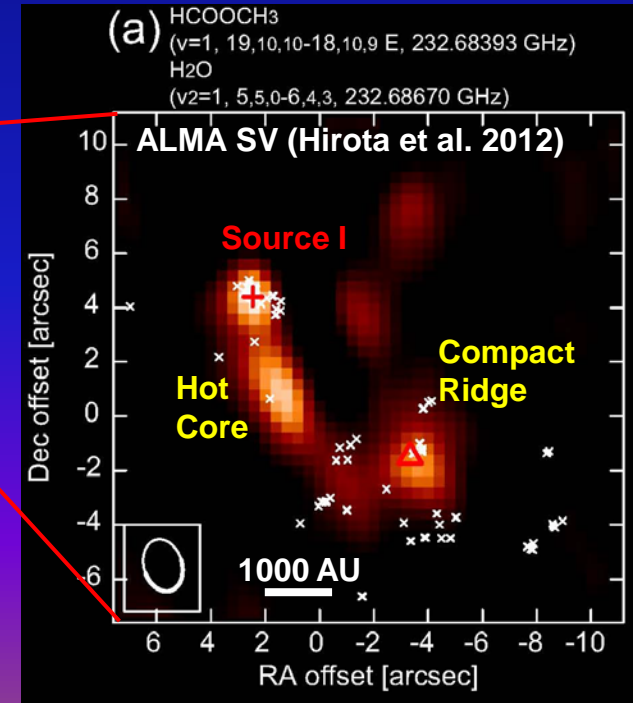
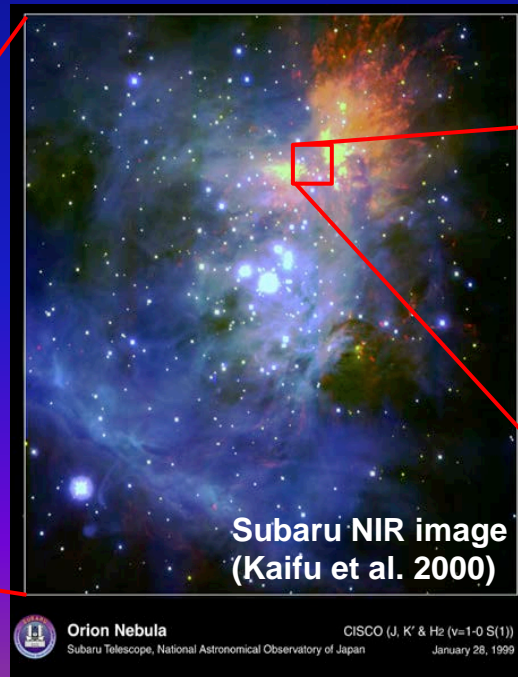
VLBI map of 22 GHz H<sub>2</sub>O masers in Orion KL (Genzel et al. 1981)



ALMA image of circum-binary disk around G35.20-0.74N (Sanchez-Monge et al. 2013)

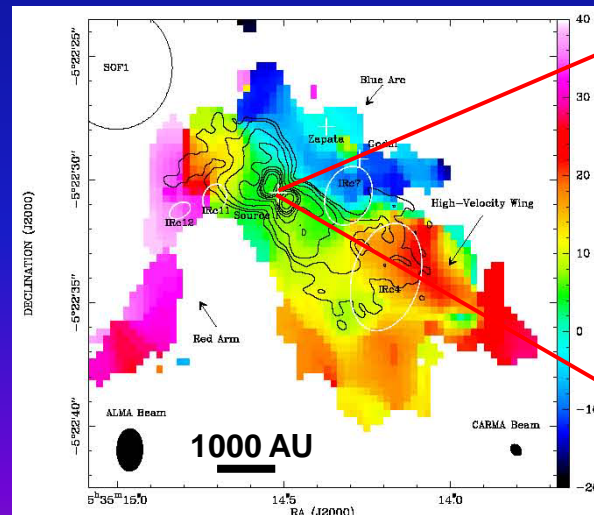
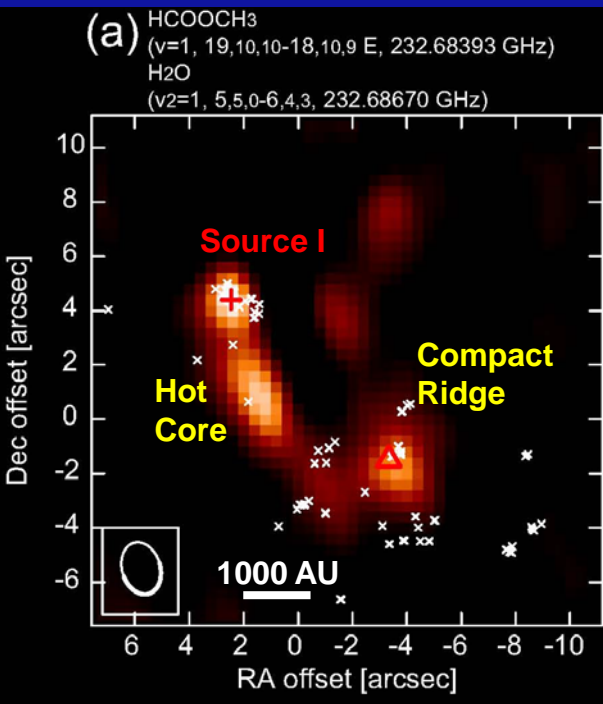
# Orion KL

- Nearest high-mass star-forming region
  - 420 pc (Hirota et al. 2007, Menten et al. 2007, Kim et al. 2008)
  - One of the best targets for high-mass star-formation study
  - One of the most studied sources for astrochemistry

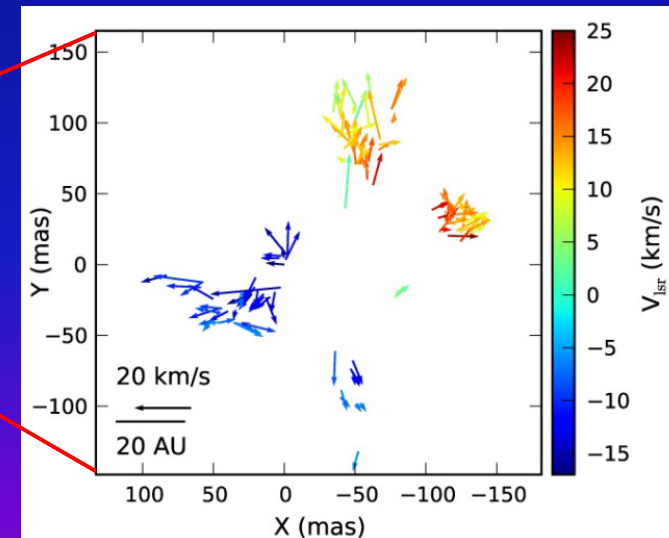


# Orion KL; zoom-in

- Low-velocity ( $\sim 18 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ ) NE-SW outflow
  - Traced by thermal SiO lines (Plambeck et al. 2009, Zapata et al. 2012, Niederhofer et al. 2012, etc.)
  - Perpendicular to high-velocity explosive outflow
  - SiO masers at the center (Kim et al. 2008, Matthews et al. 2010)



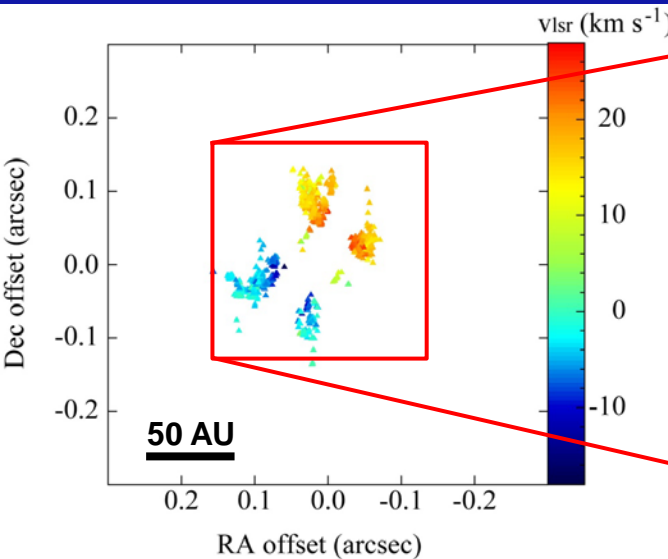
SiO thermal by ALMA SV  
(Niederhofer et al. 2012)



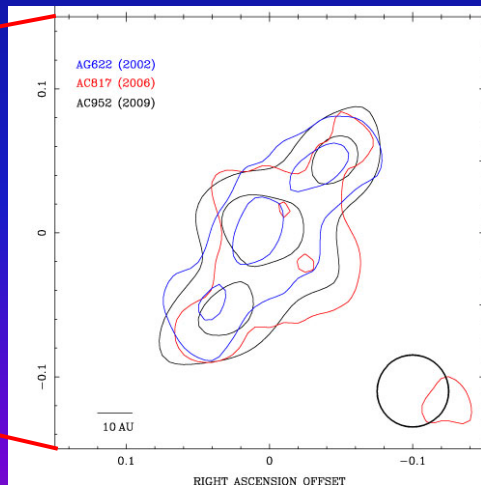
Position and proper motions of  
43 GHz SiO maser map by VERA  
(Kim et al. 2008)

# Radio Source I

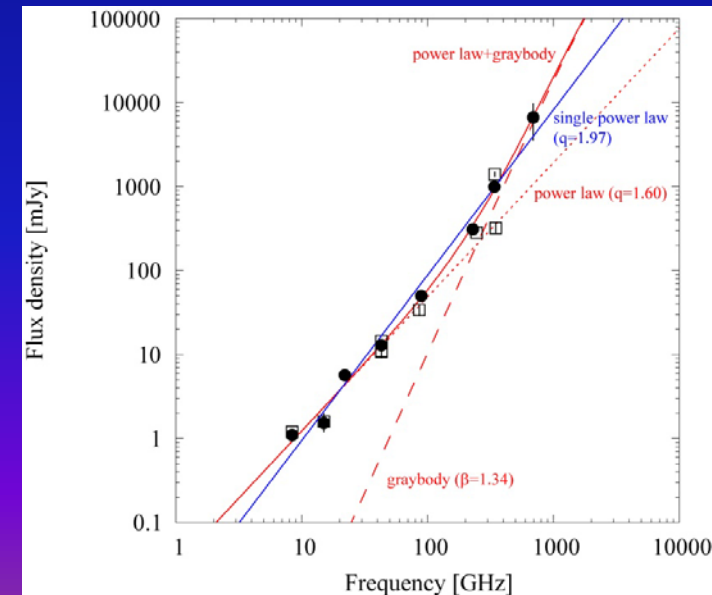
- Strong continuum source only visible in cm-submm
  - NW-SE elongation perpendicular to the NE-SW outflow
  - Coincident with SiO maser emission (Menten & Reid 1995)
  - **Edge-on rotating disk with optically thick H<sup>+</sup> free-free radiation** *but still controversial* (Beuther et al. 2006, Reid et al. 2007, Goddi et al. 2011, Plambeck et al. 2013)



43 GHz SiO maser map by VERA (Kim et al. 2008)



43 GHz continuum by VLA (Goddi et al. 2011)



SED of source I (Hirota et al. 2015)

# ALMA observations

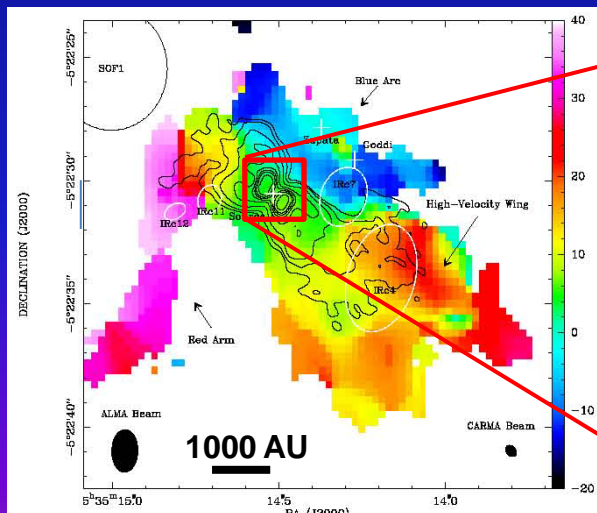
- Band 7 in cycle 0
  - Sum of 3 epochs, 5 min on-source for each
  - **0.37'' resolution** (maximum baseline length of 400 m)
  - 321 GHz ( $10_{2,9}$ - $9_{3,1}$ ,  $E_l=1846$  K)
  - 336 GHz ( $v=1$ ,  $5_{2,3}$ - $6_{1,6}$ ,  $E_l=2939$  K)

0.1'' resolution = 42 AU at Orion KL

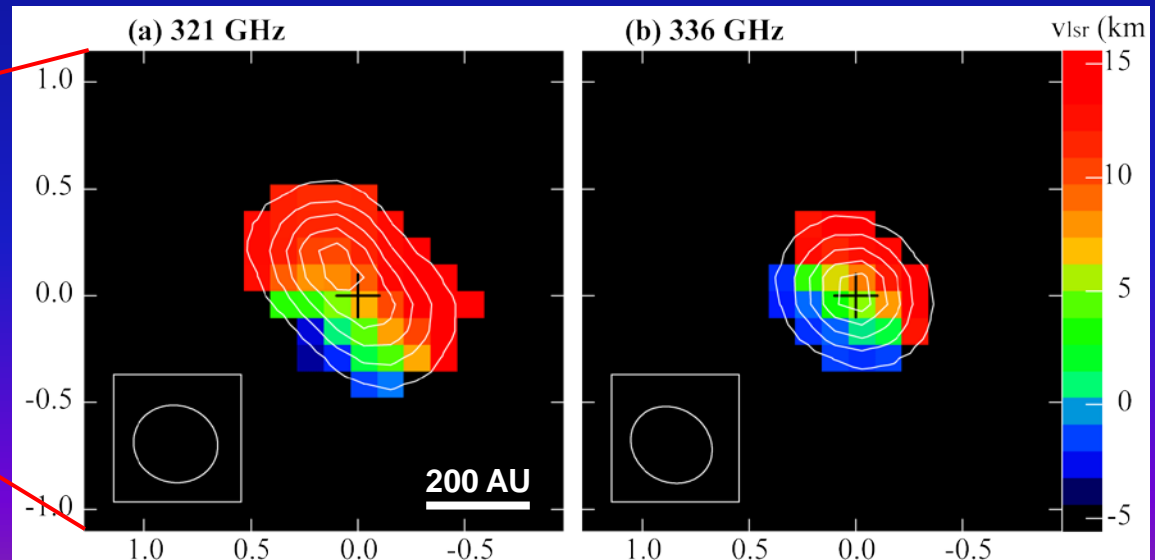


# Moment maps

- Common velocity gradient perpendicular to outflow
- 321 GHz ( $10_{2,9}$ - $9_{3,1}$ ,  $E_l=1846$  K)
  - NE-SW elongation possibly tracing base of the outflow
- 336 GHz ( $v=1$ ,  $5_{2,3}$ - $6_{1,6}$ ,  $E_l=2939$  K); unresolved structure
  - Suggesting compact rotating structure --- disk



SiO thermal by ALMA SV  
(Niederhofer et al. 2012)

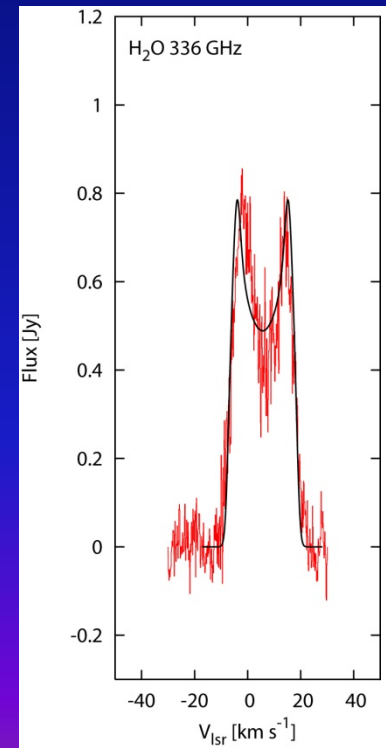
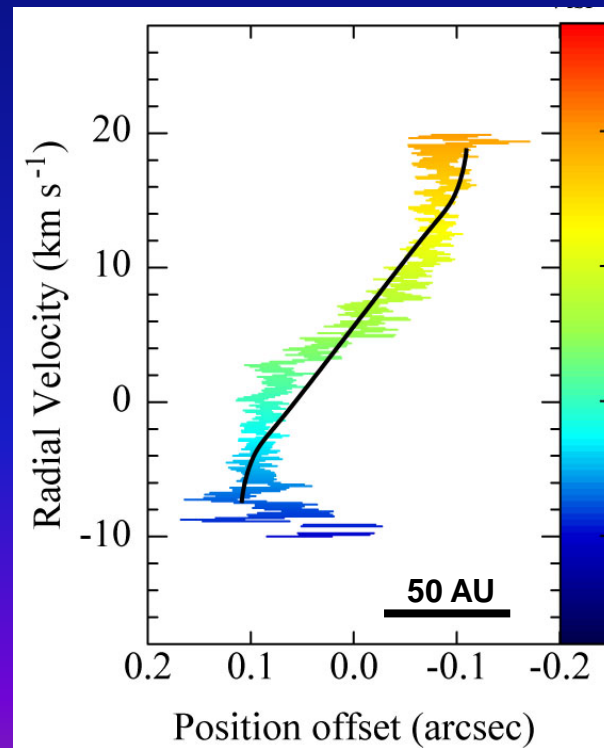
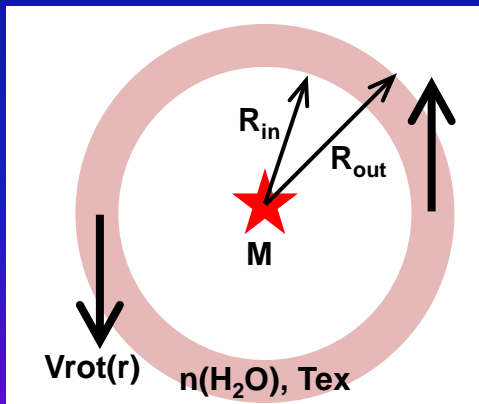


Moment 0 (contour) and 1 (color) maps  
for 321/336 GHz lines (Hirota et al. 2014)



# Position-velocity diagram

- Quasi-linear velocity gradient found in 336 GHz line
  - Simple model of edge-on rotating ring-like structure
  - $T_{\text{ex}} > 3000$  K, thermal excitation (e.g. Alcorea & Menten 1993)
  - $n(\text{H}_2\text{O}) \sim 5 \times 10^5 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
  - $R_{\text{in}} \sim 45 \text{ AU}$ ,  $R_{\text{out}} \sim 50 \text{ AU}$
  - $M \sim 7M_{\text{Sun}}$



PV diagram and spectrum of 336 GHz  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  line (Hirota et al. 2014)

# JCMT project

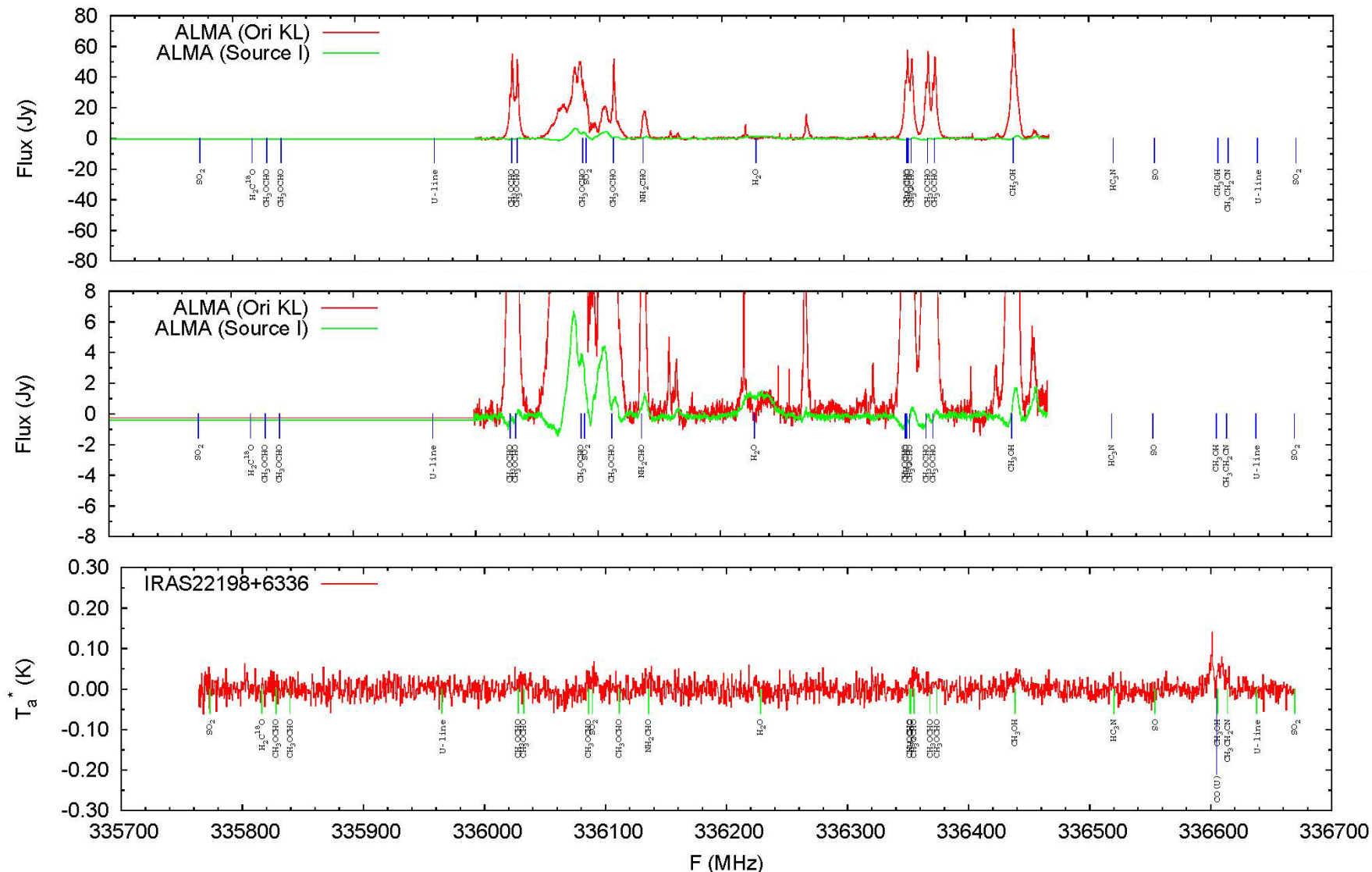
- *Is Source 1 peculiar?*
  - Associated with SiO masers
  - Submillimeter H<sub>2</sub>O lines
  - Optically thick H<sup>+</sup> free-free emission
- Yes
  - Why?
- No
  - We can study disk/outflow system around HM-YSOs with H<sub>2</sub>O lines at high resolution even without SiO masers (i.e. H<sub>2</sub>O is ubiquitous in SFRs)

# JCMT observations

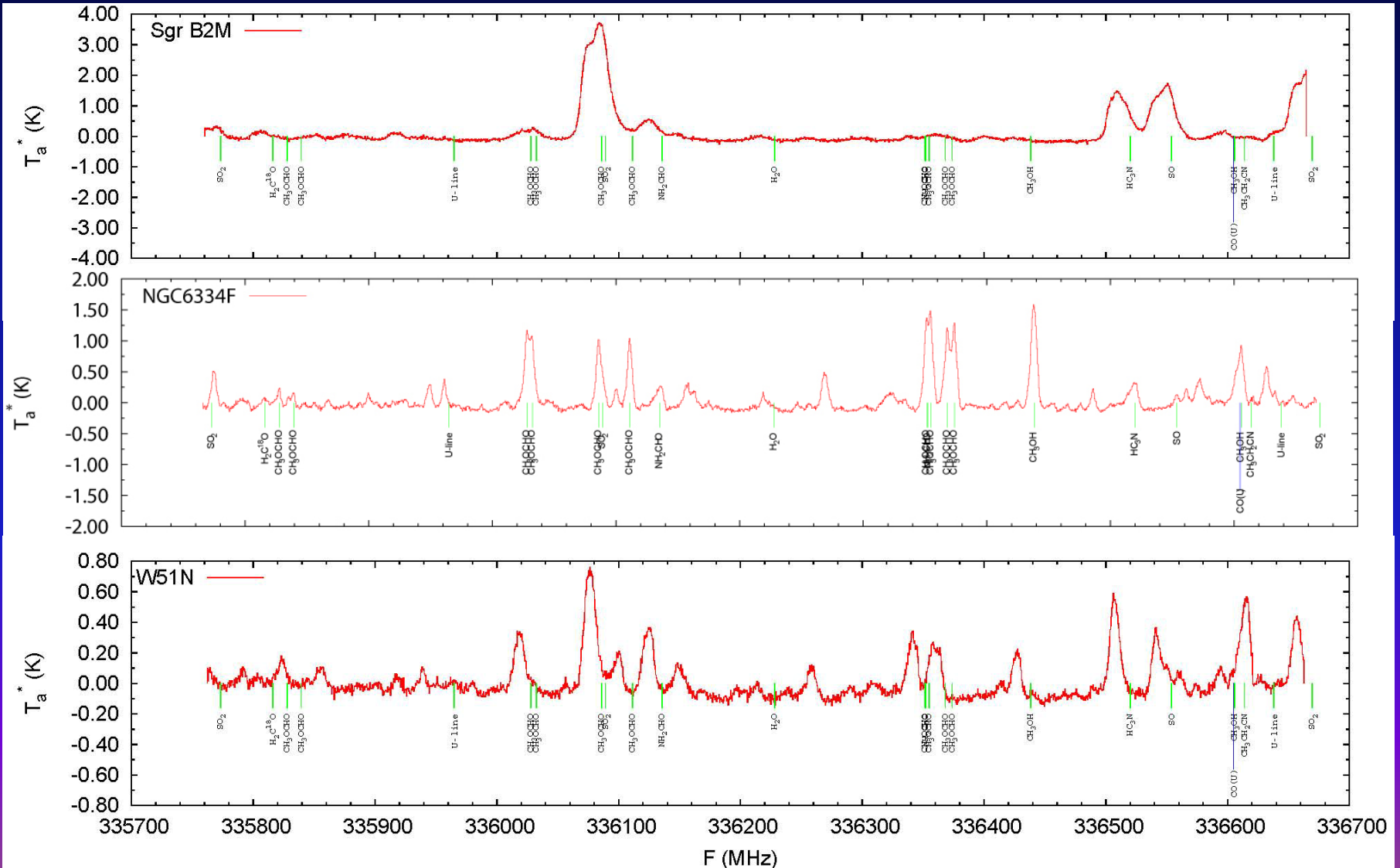
- Target line; 336 GHz H<sub>2</sub>O ( $v=1$ )
  - HARP receiver (but used only one receiver)
  - ~2 hours/each source
- Target sources; high-mass YSOs
  - Possibly associated with disk traced by 6.7 GHz CH<sub>3</sub>OH masers
  - Nearby (<2 kpc) to resolve structures with ALMA
  - M15ai037; LST 17-19h (southern sources)
  - M15bi003; LST 20-24h (northern sources)
  - Total 13 sources observed (not all proposed sources)

Ta\*=1 K corresponds to ~30 Jy (is it correct?)

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# Results (positive?)



# Summary

- We have carried out survey of sub-mm vibratinoally excited H<sub>2</sub>O line at 336 GHz toward high-mass YSOs
- A few sources show possible detection?
- Future ALMA observations will be able to confirm detection and to reveal circumstellar structures at ~100 AU scale (but not in cycle 4 ...)
- Survey of new H<sub>2</sub>O lines will be important not only for high-resolution follow-up observations but also statistical studies
- We would like to thank support of EAO and JCMT staff!