

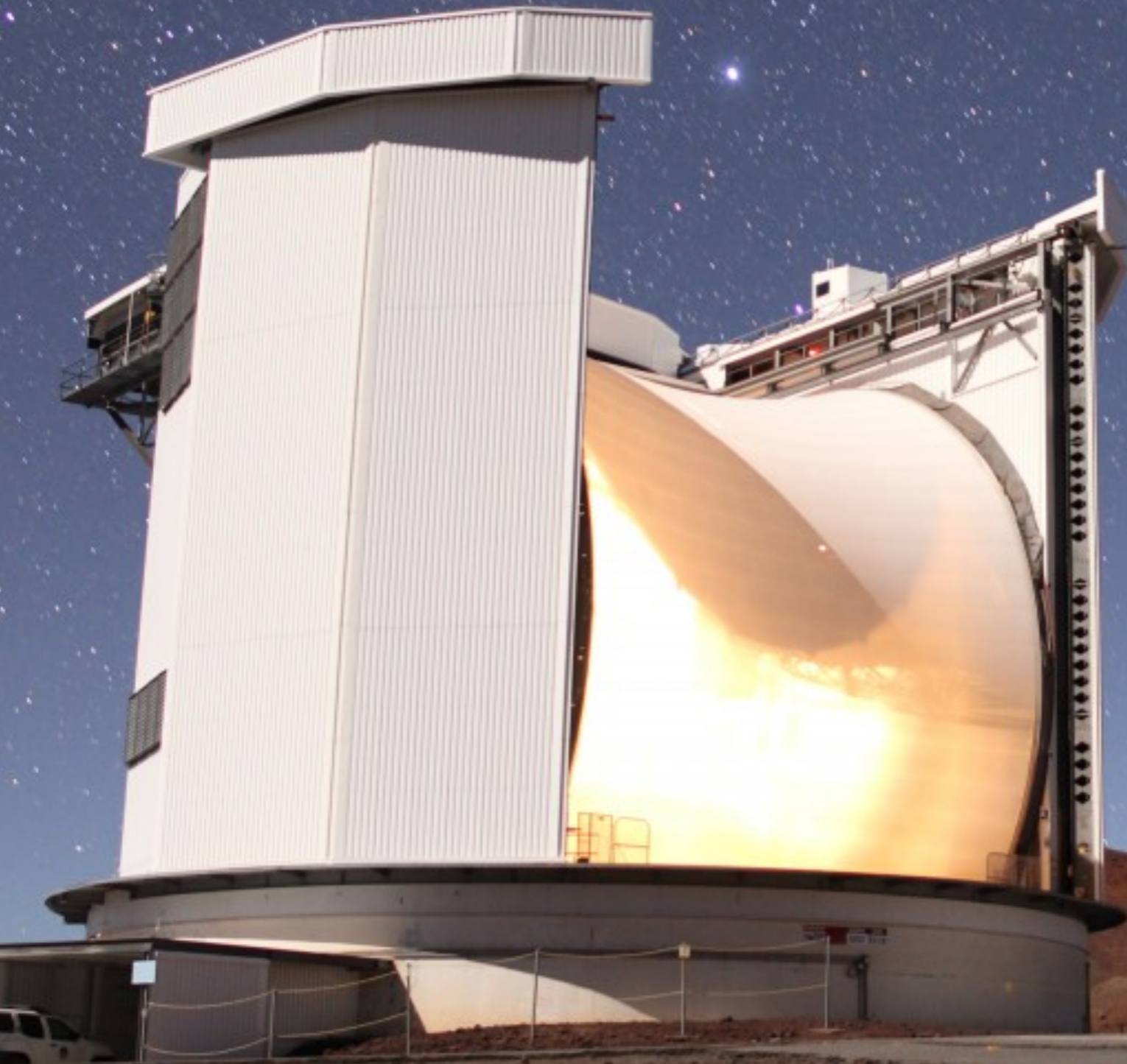
JCMT Science

Results and Resources

Steve Mairs - December 1, 2020
With thanks to Mark Rawlings

Overview

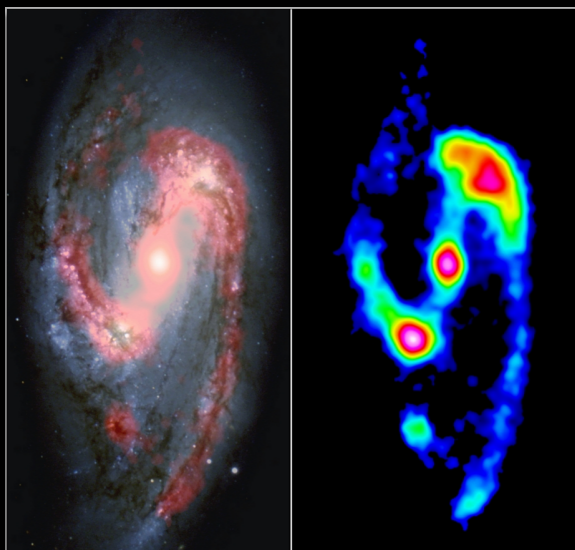
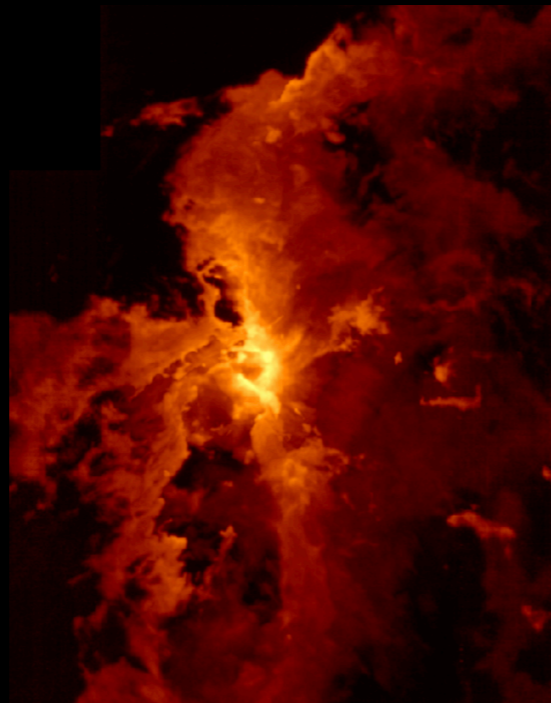
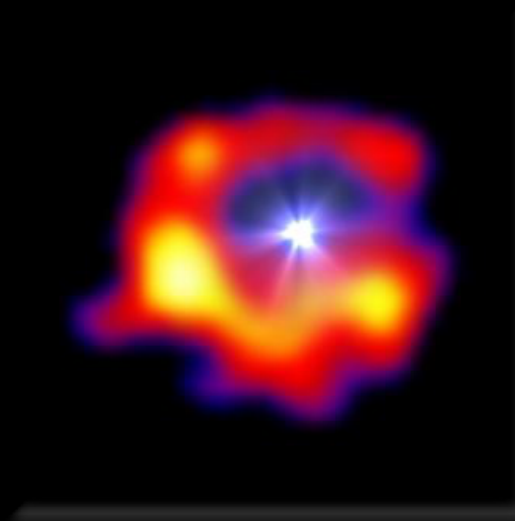
- ★ **PI & Urgent queues**
- Recent Results
- ★ **Large Programs**
- Recent Results
- ★ **The Event Horizon Telescope**
- ★ **JCMT Data Archive**



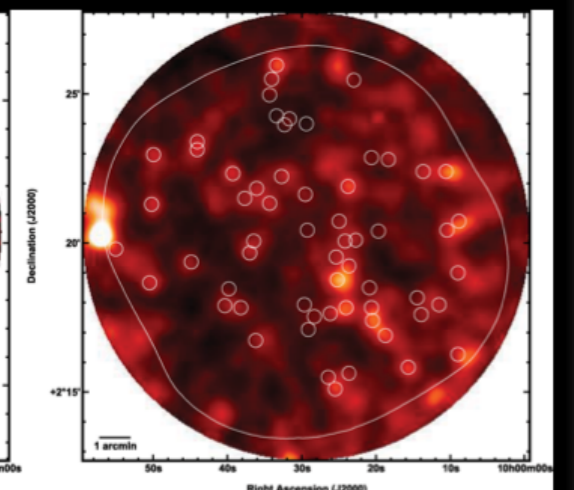
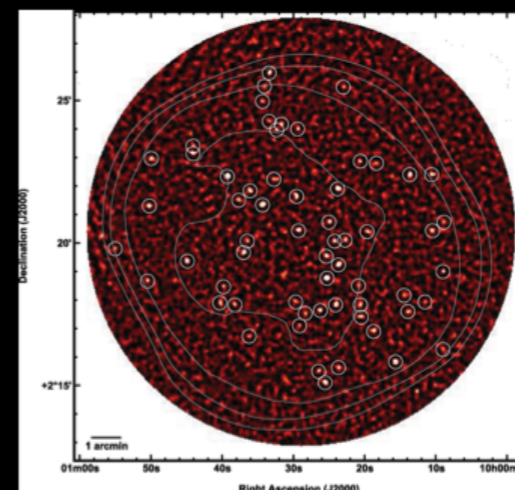
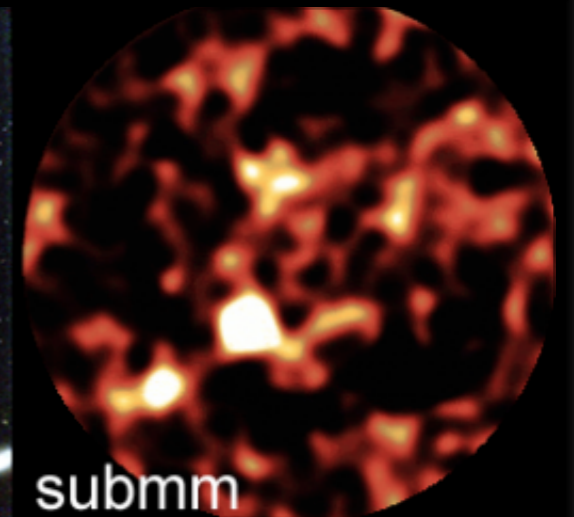
What does the JCMT do?

Submillimetre light is ideal for observing
Dust and gas related to the formation of stars

Both Near...

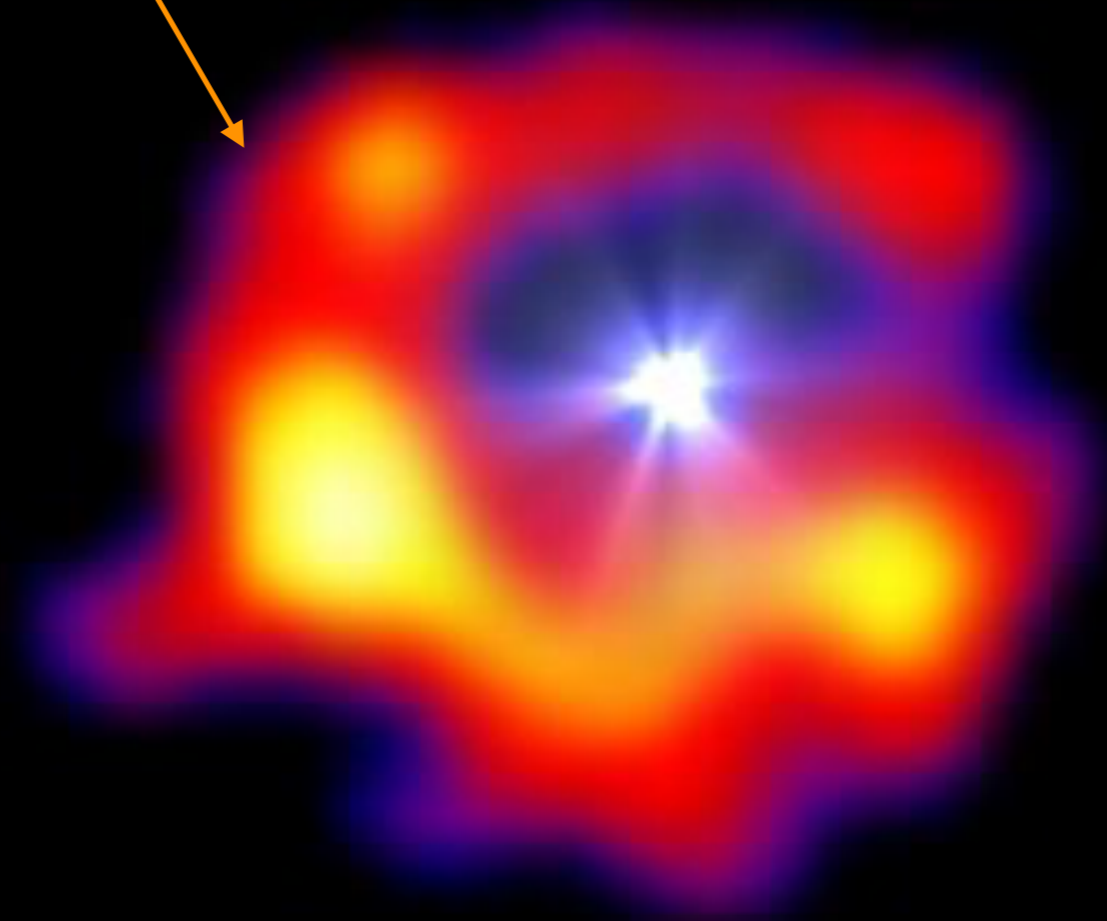


...And Far



JCMT: Dust

JCMT/SCUBA image of ring of dust particles around the nearby star Epsilon Eridani. This star is similar to the Sun, with the dust eventually going on to form a planetary system.

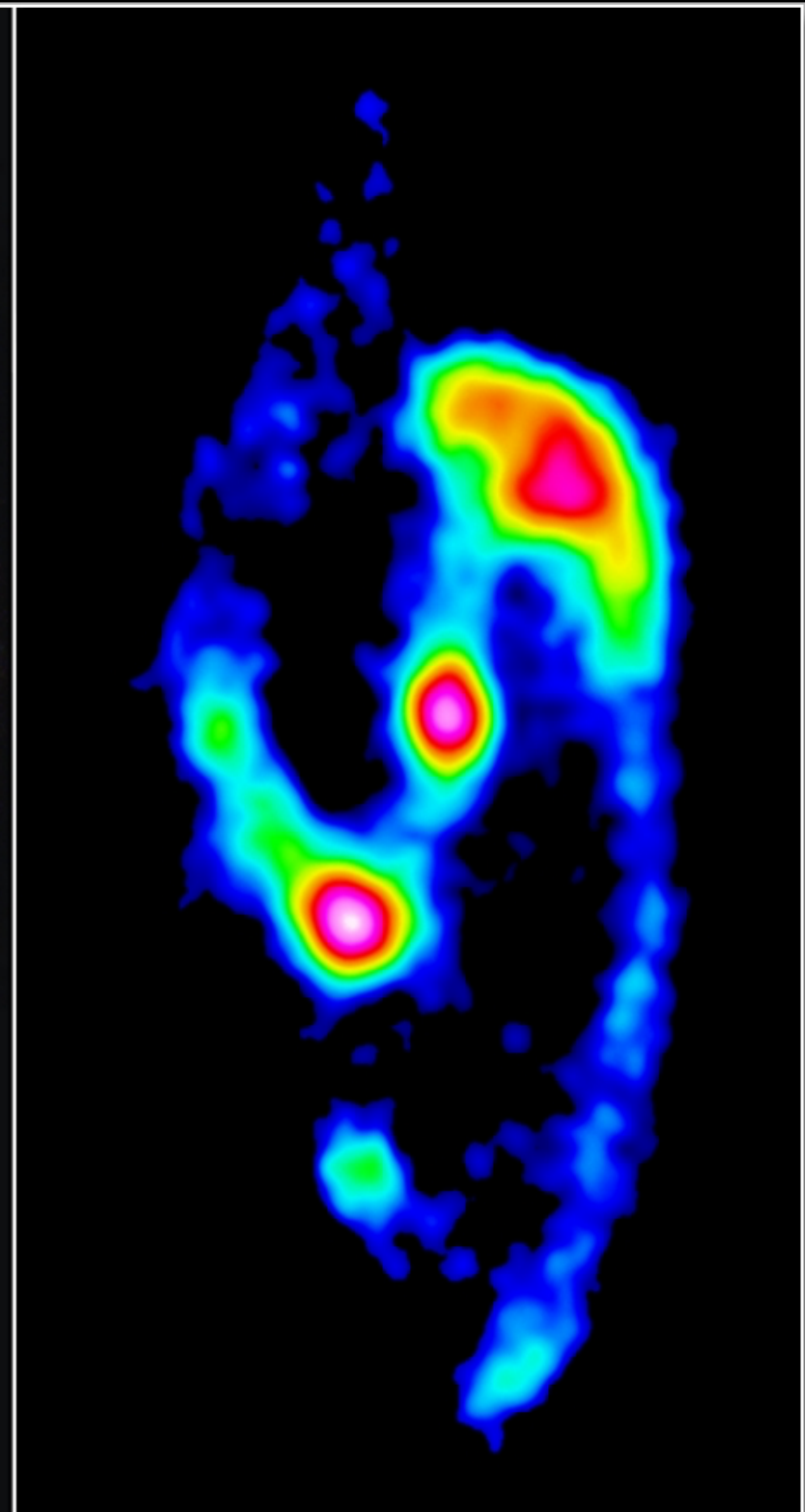


Credit: Greaves et al.

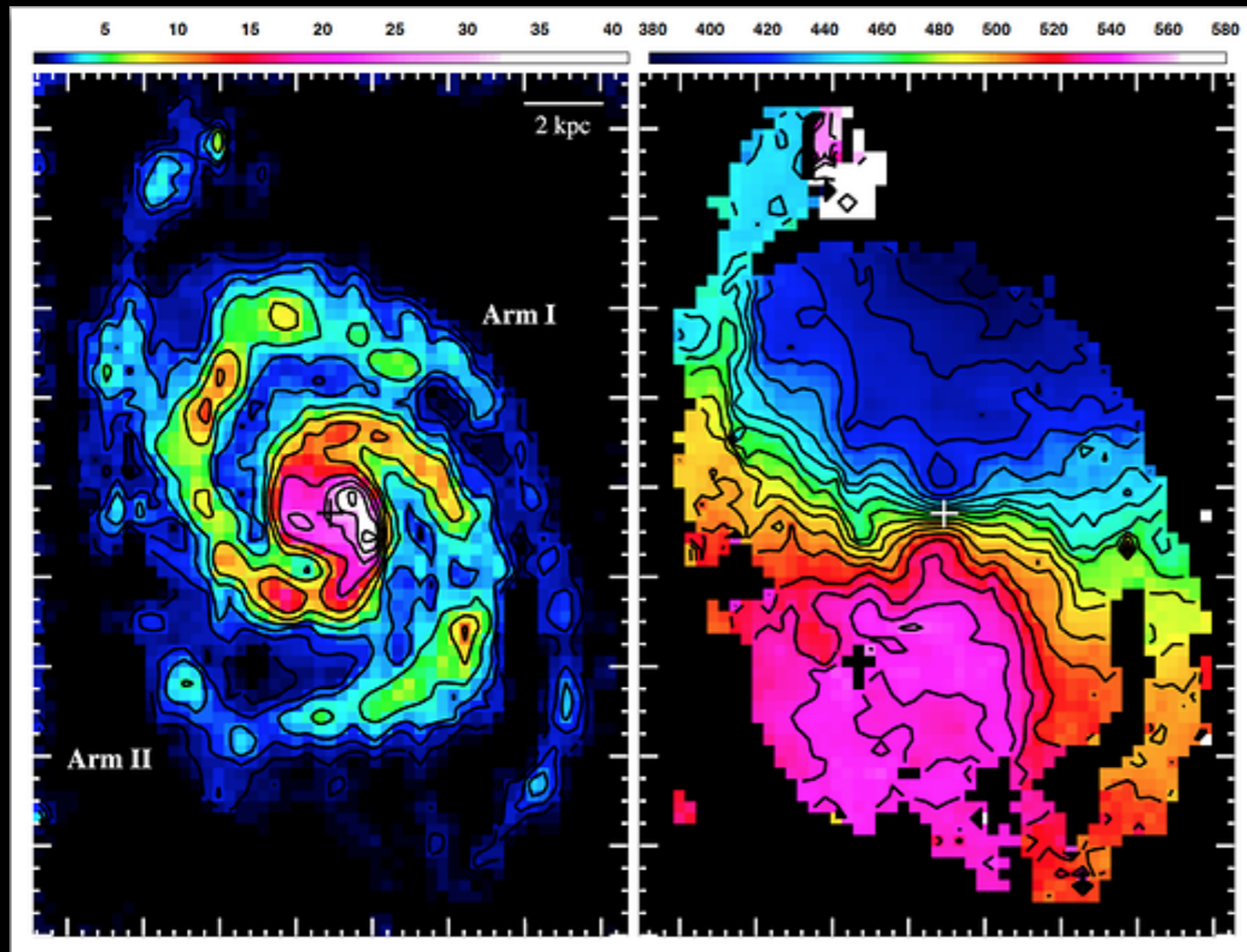
**M66 at 850 μ m
(red) and visible
light (white
background).**

Regions of cold dust that appear as dark streaks in the white image glow brightly in the red image.

Right-hand panel:
The SCUBA-2
image at 850 μ m
seen on its own.



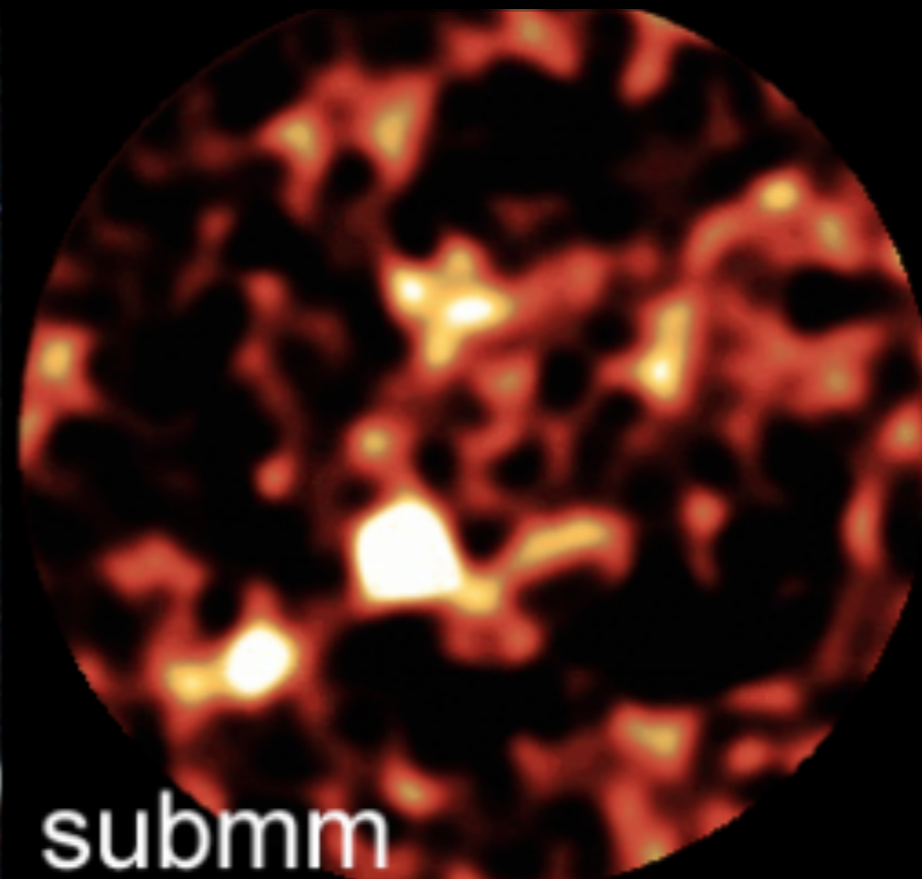
Molecular Line Strength and Galaxy Kinematics



M51 – CO 3-2 map by
Vlahakis et al 2013
HARP (16-receptors)

SCUBA Finds First Galaxies

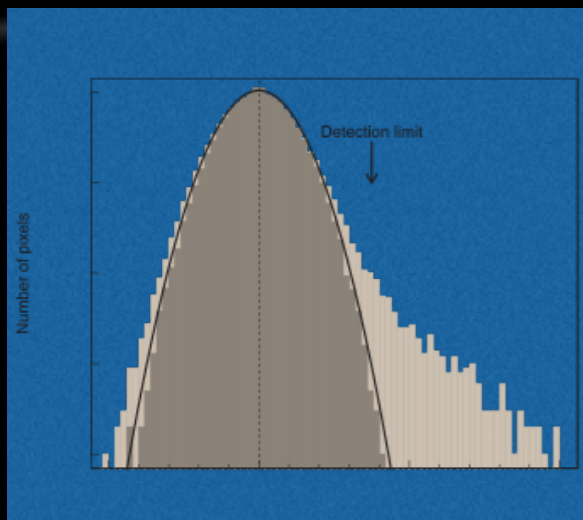
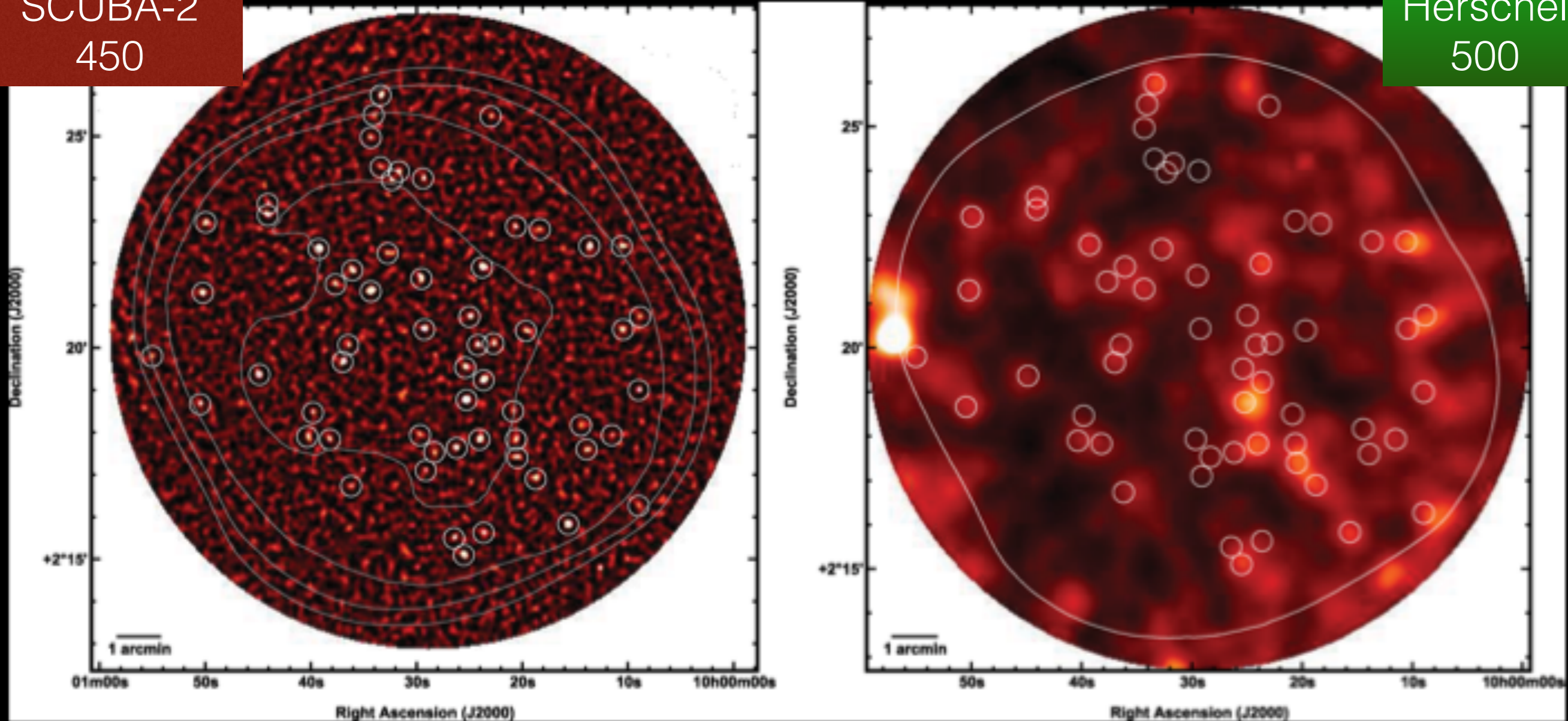
- Groundbreaking JCMT result was when we looked at the Hubble Deep Field with world's first submillimeter camera (it had 91 pixels!) at $850\ \mu\text{m}$ (0.8cm)
- Paper has over 1000 citations because of that blob
- This is a galaxy - in fact there are many in this picture - some of earliest ever formed in our universe



SCUBA-2: Cosmology Legacy Survey Blank Field

SCUBA-2
450

Herschel
500



140 arcmin² HST-Candles Blank Field, observed to 1.3 mJy at 450 μ m.
60 SMGs identified with $> 3.75\sigma$ -> directly resolve 16 ± 7 percent of CIB.
Statistical stacking of 24 μ m emitters recovers an additional ~ 40 percent.
Average redshift of emitters is estimated to be $\langle z \rangle = 1.3$.

SCUBA-2 and Herschel

Complementary facilities:

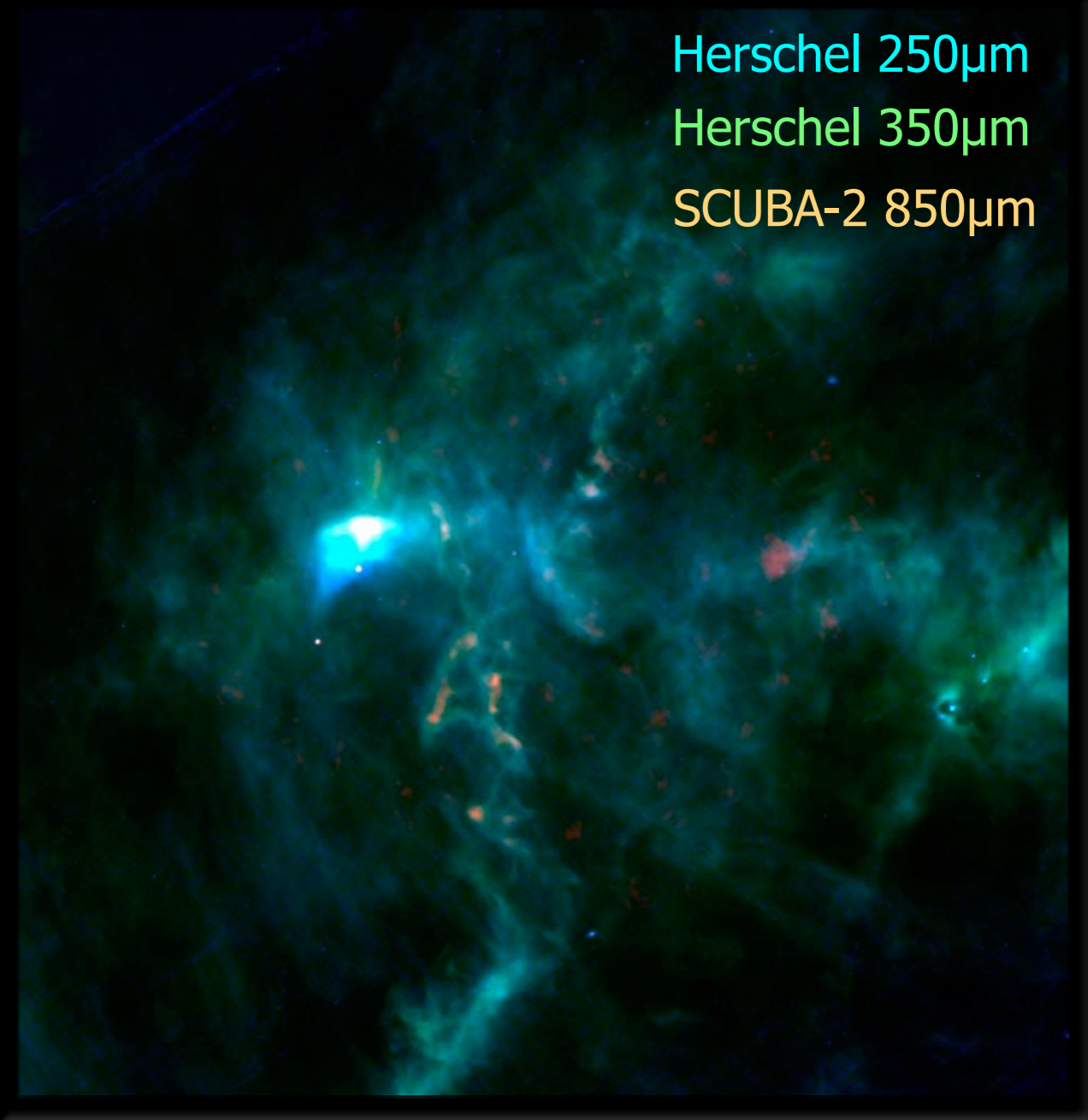
JCMT offers higher angular resolution

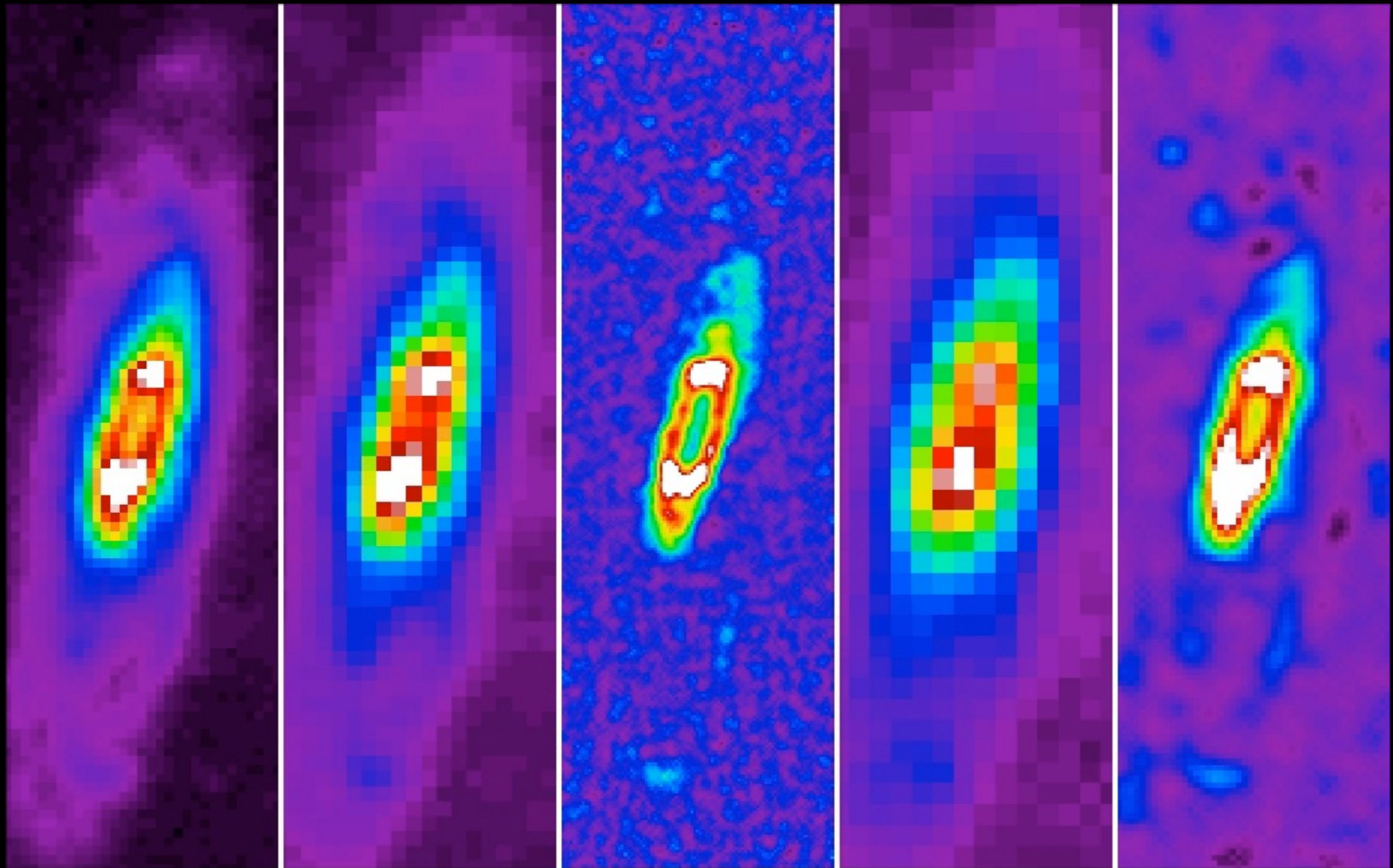
SCUBA-2 offers longer-wavelength data over comparable area

Extragalactic: sample different redshift ranges

Galactic: sample different core temperatures

Galactic: break degeneracy between dust temperature and emissivity





250 μm

350 μm

450 μm

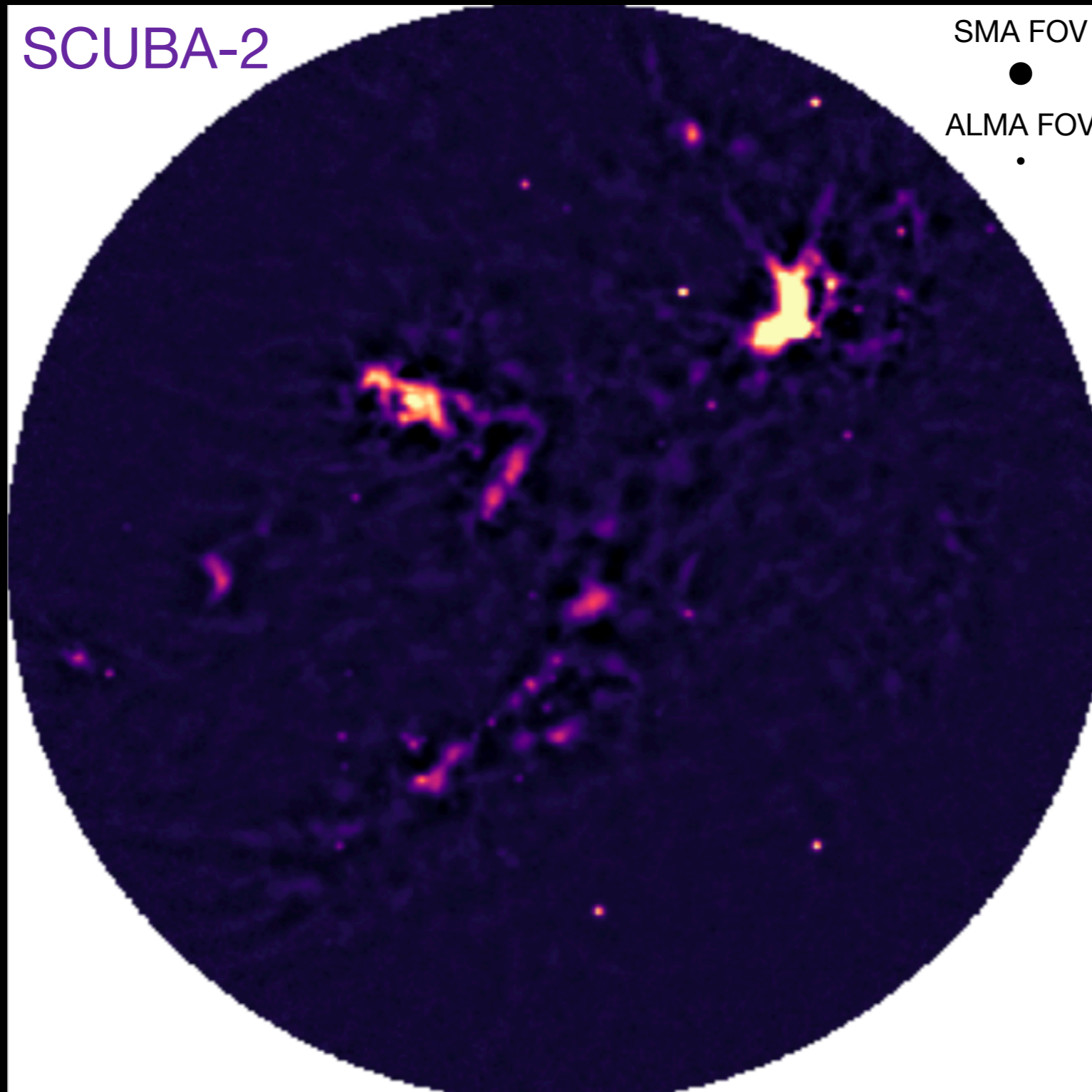
500 μm

850 μm

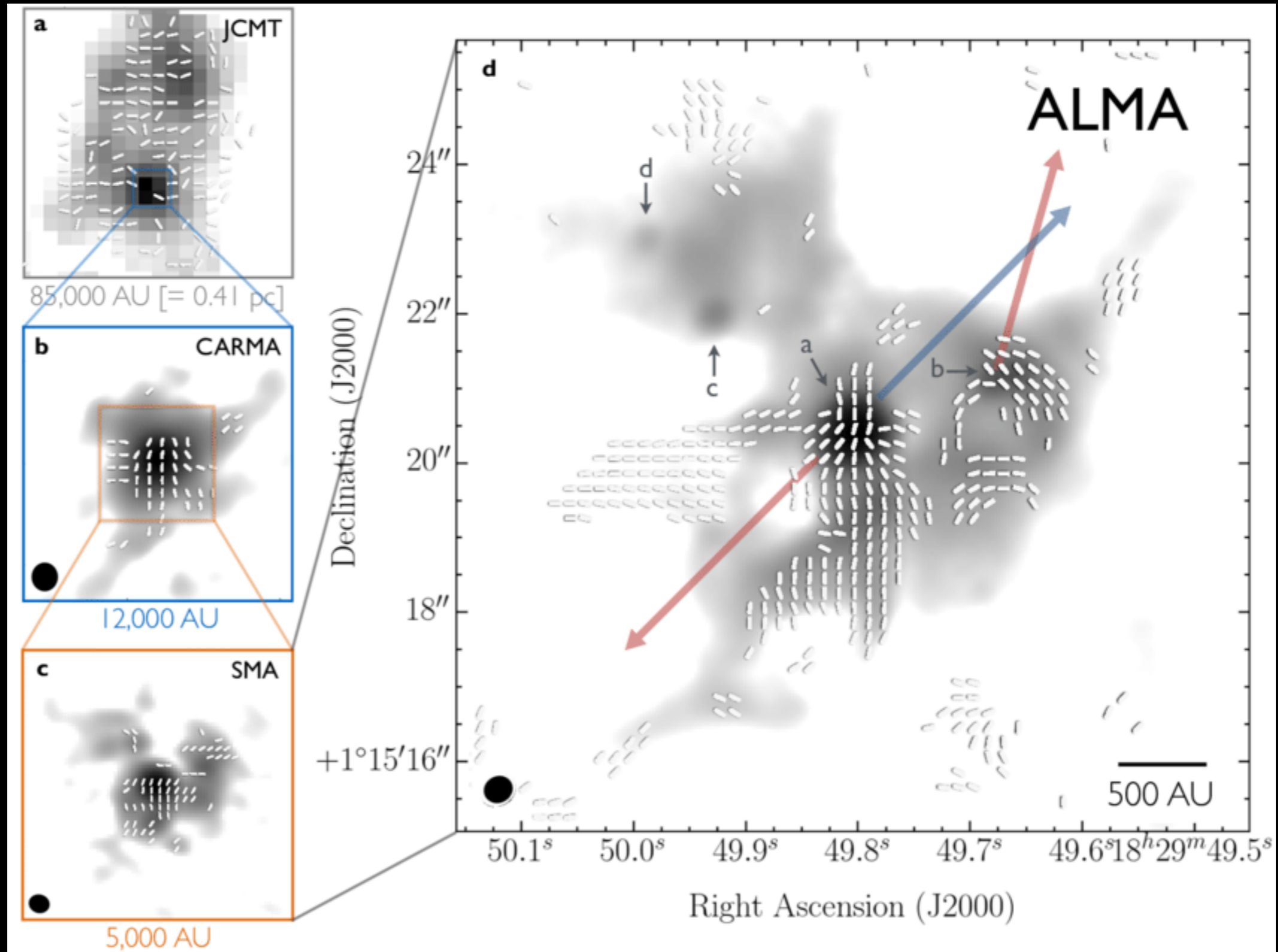
NGC 7331: Spiral galaxy that lies about 50 million light years away in Pegasus. SCUBA-2 data show details of central dust ring

Credit: Joint Astronomy Centre, Herschel KINGFISH consortium

JCMT and SMA/ALMA

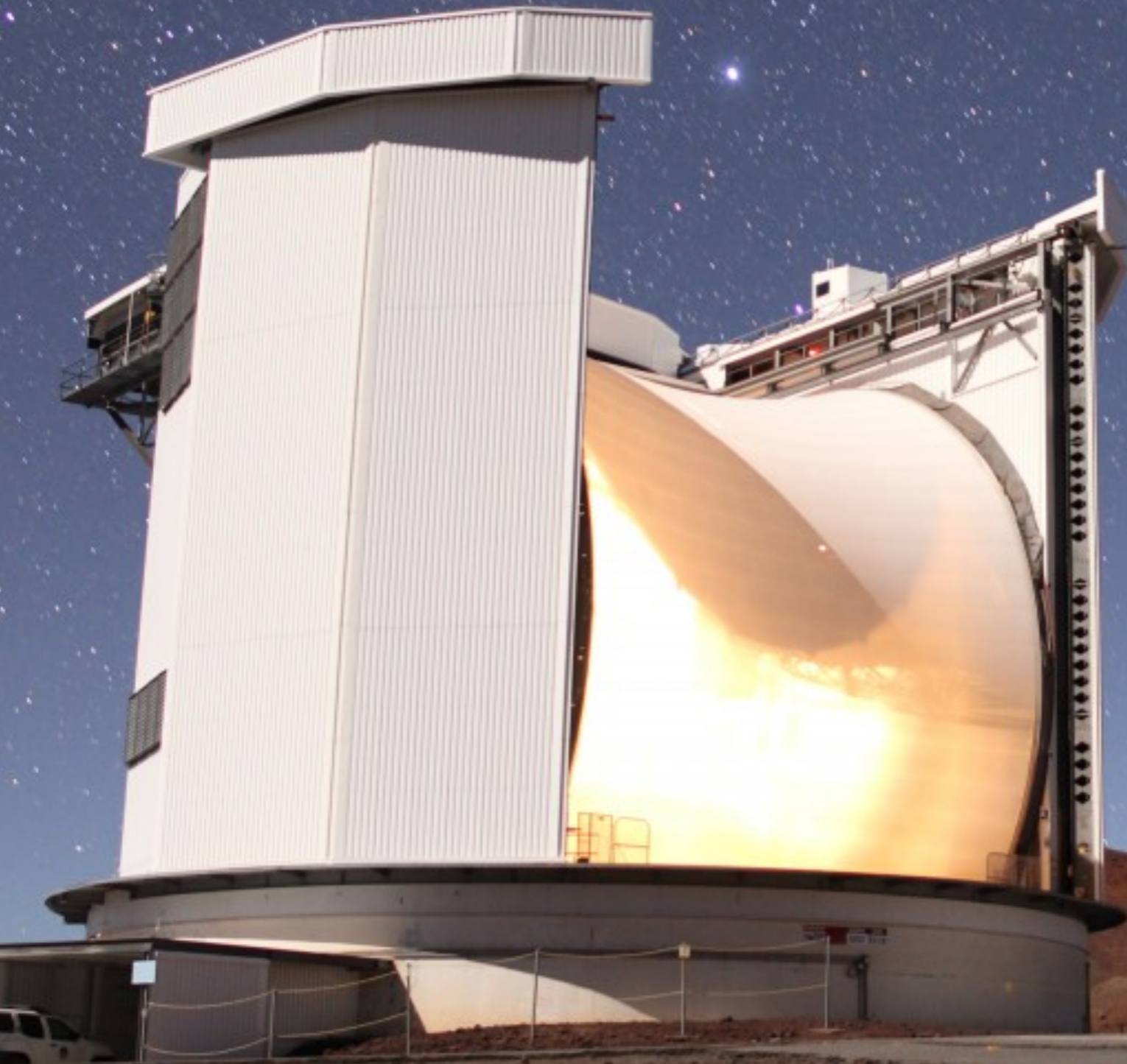


JCMT and SMA/ALMA



Overview

- ★ **PI & Urgent queues**
- **Recent Results**
- ★ **Large Programs**
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- ★ **The Event Horizon Telescope**
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PI Queue

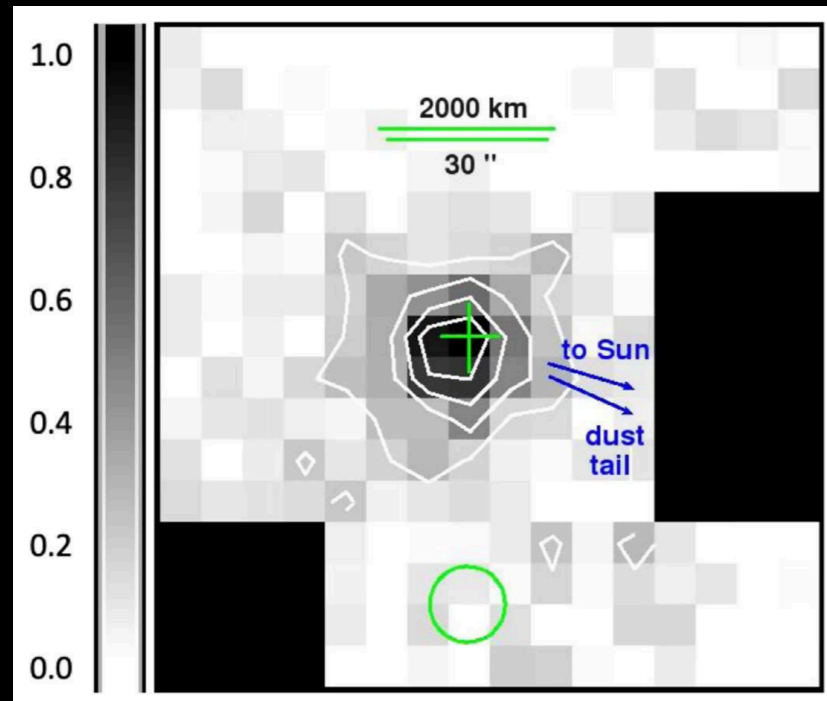
- ★ Call for Proposals issued **every 6 months** for “normal sized” projects (< 200 h, but typically ~ 3 — 50 hours) to be run during following semester
 - ★ Current semester: **20B** (1st August 2020 — 31st Jan 2021)
- ★ Proposals competitively assessed by Time Allocation Committee (TAC)
- ★ Successful projects run via “PI queue”: **Best project based on TAC priority and current weather is observed**
- ★ Also: Urgent queue always open for submissions for **current semester**

<https://proposals.eaobservatory.org>

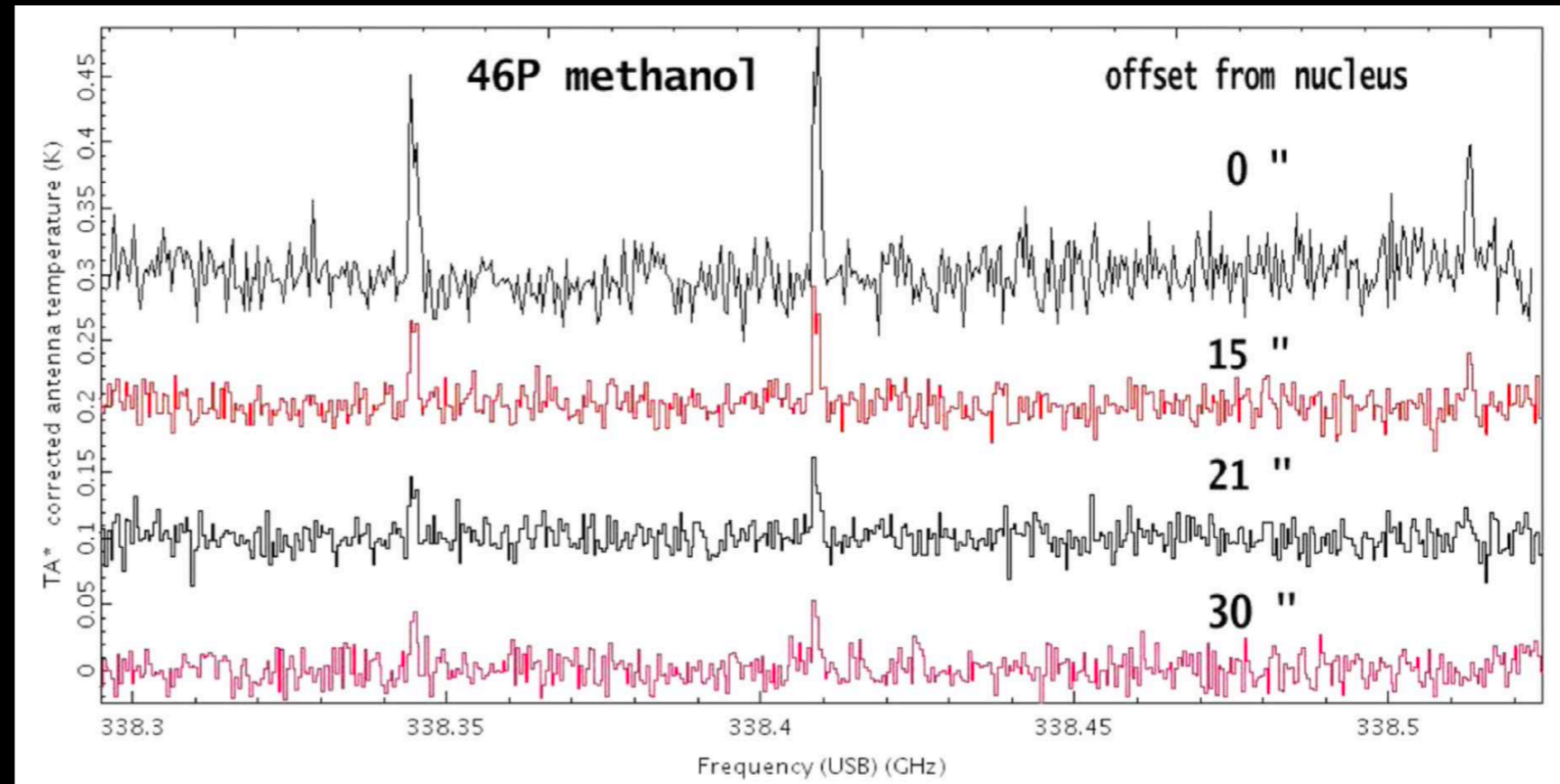
Spectral and Continuum Imaging of Hyperactive Comet 46P/Wirtanen

Coulson, Liu et al. The Astronomical Journal, 160:182. 2020

Goal: Take an **inventory of the molecules in the coma** and observe distributions to **monitor evolution throughout 1 week**



Integrated intensity map of HCN ($J = 4 - 3$)
This HARP image serves as a proxy for the activity level of the comet.



Results

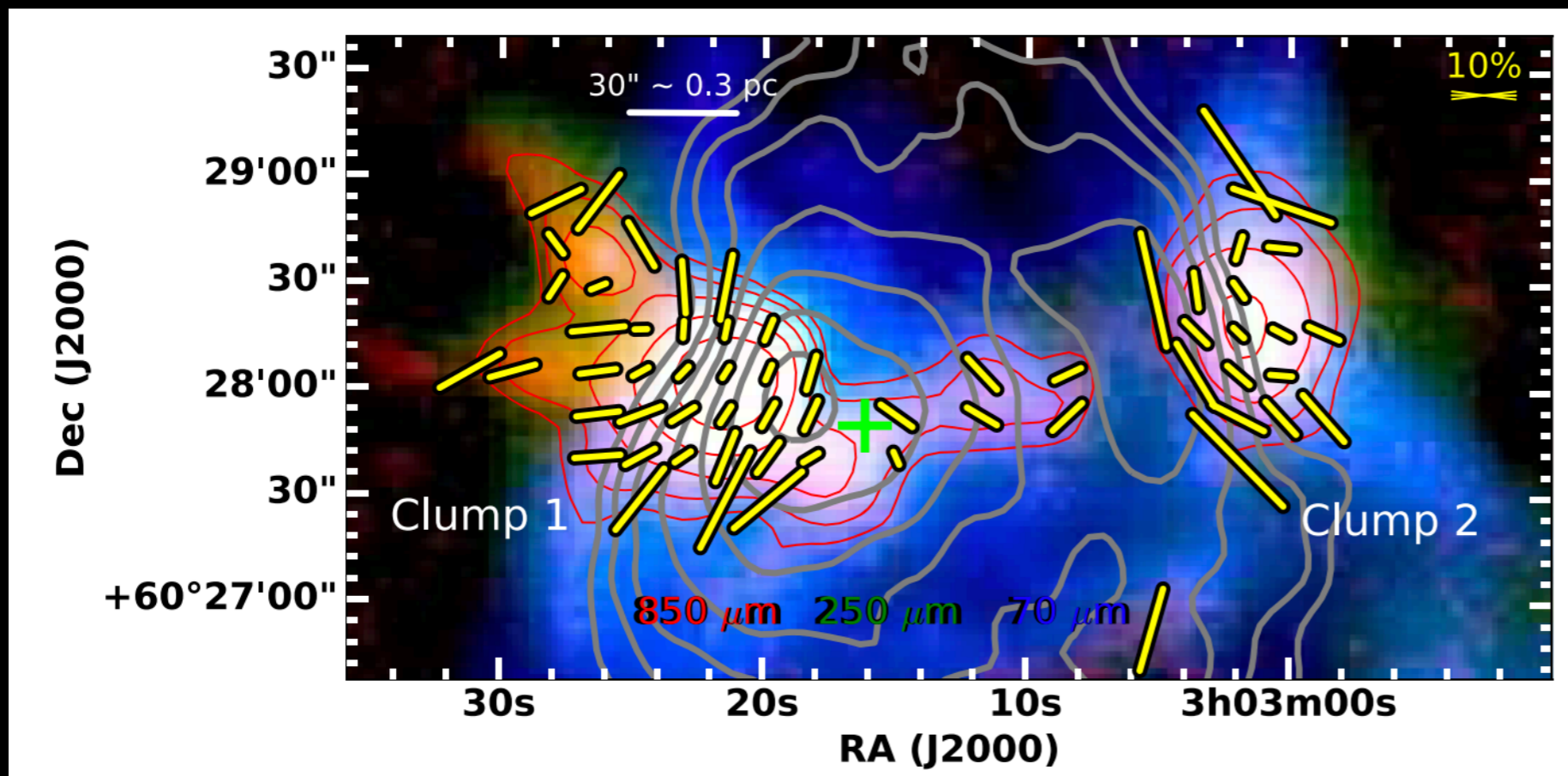
★ Confirmed the existence of a **population of particles exuding methanol** in the coma

★ Saw evidence of **1 mm-sized dust particles survive for $\sim 10^5$ s** and found HCN depletion over \sim few hundred km

Magnetic Fields at the Waist of Bipolar HII Regions

Chakali, et al. The Astrophysical Journal, 897:1. 2020

Goal: Study the **interplay of HII feedback and magnetic fields** in areas of dense ISM material



Vector map showing B-field orientations overlaid on the color composite of JCMT/SCUBAPOL2 850 μm Stokes I, Herschel SPIRE/250 μm, and Herschel PACS/70 μm. Red contours correspond to the JCMT/SCUBAPOL2 850 μm Stokes I map. Gray contours correspond to the VLA/21 cm continuum emission and represent the distribution of the ionized medium of the H II region

Results

★ B fields are compressed and bent by the expanding ionization fronts from the H II region. Enhances B-field and injects turbulence.

★ The combined contribution from thermal energy, turbulence, and B fields can not counteract the gravity in clump 1 but can in clump 2

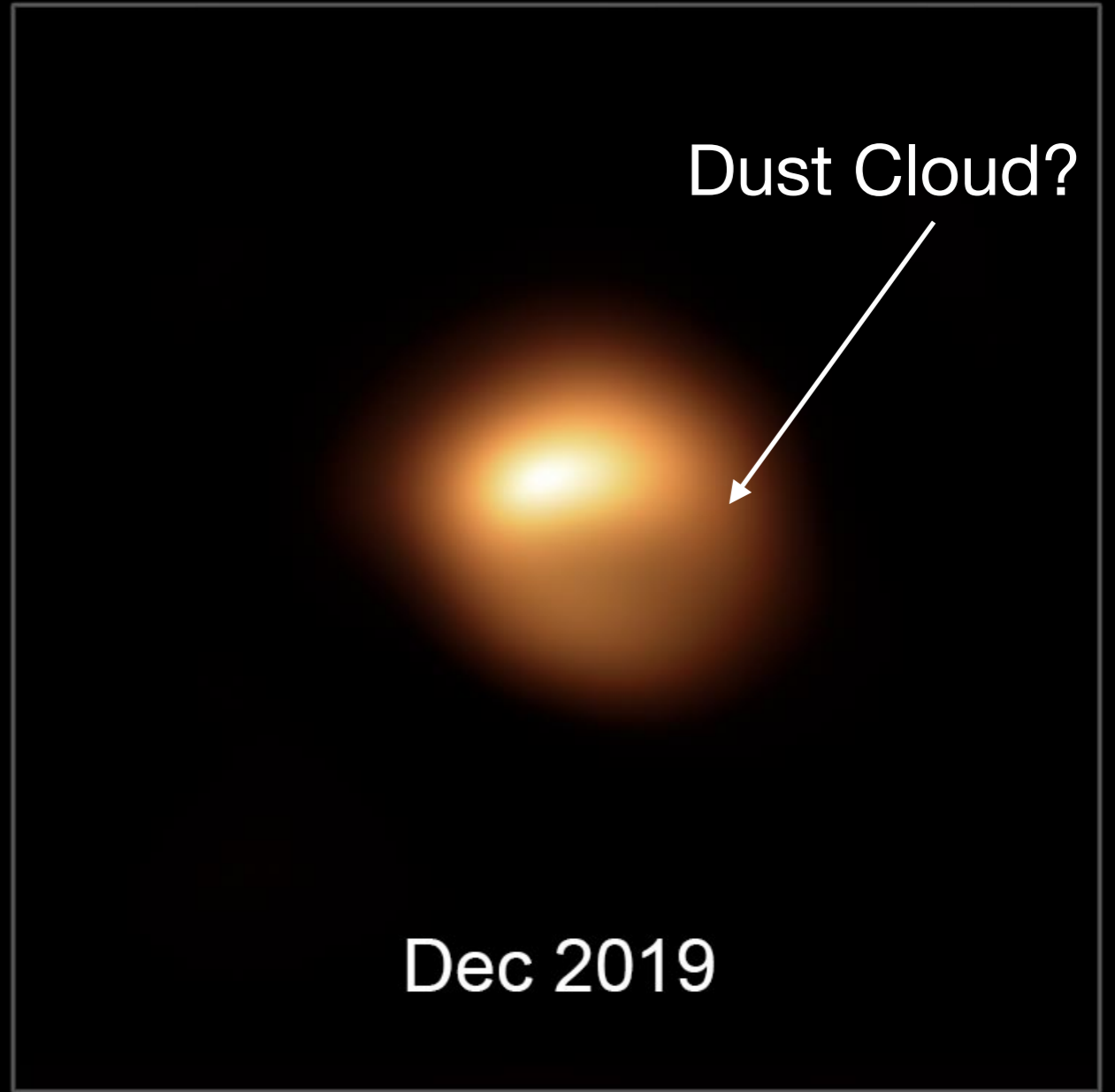
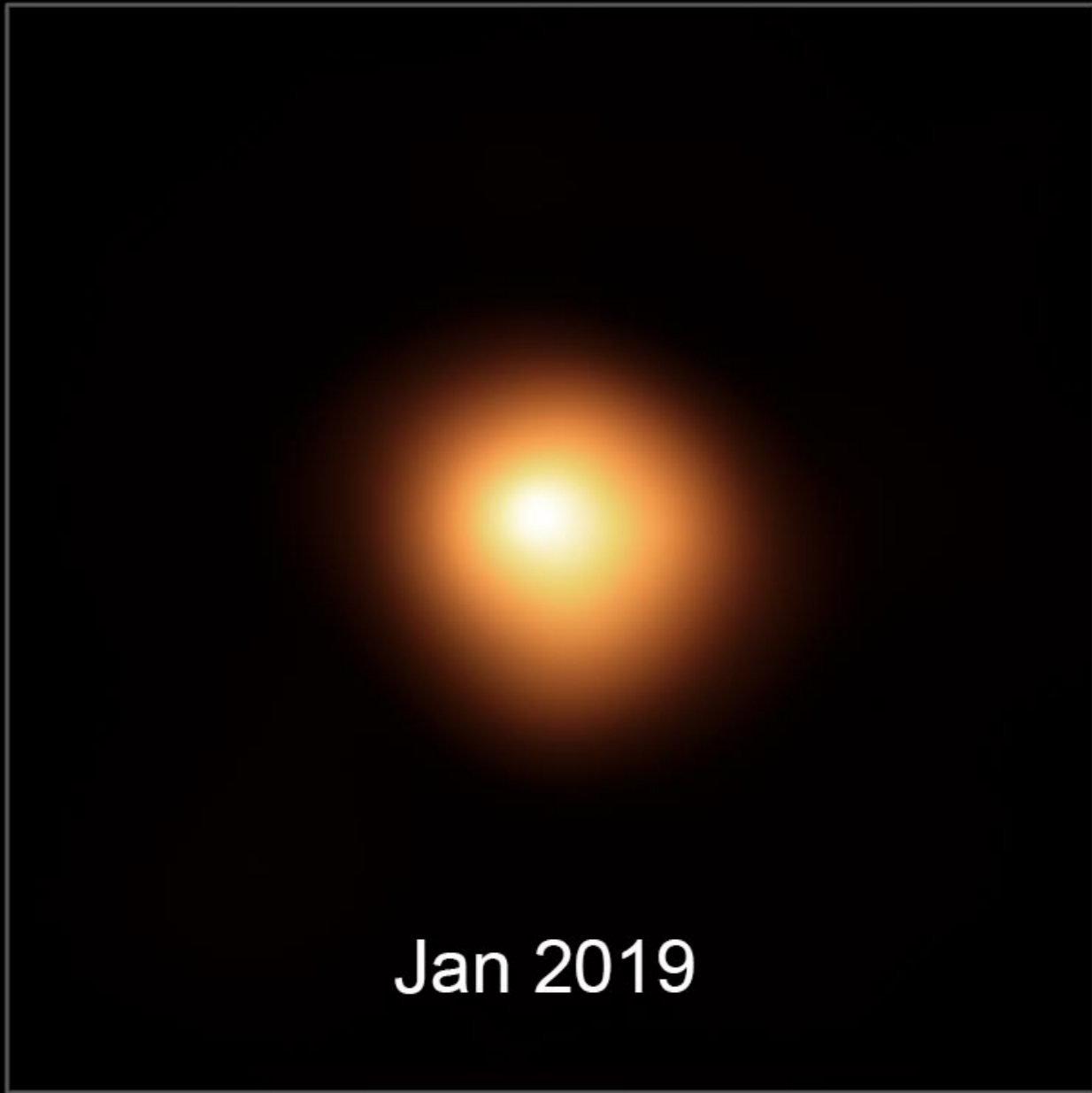
The Abnormal Dimming of Betelgeuse

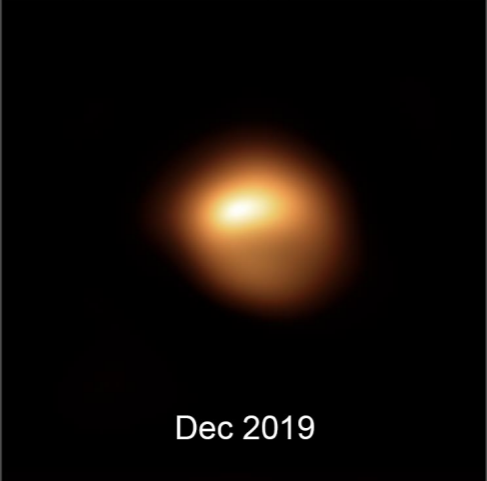
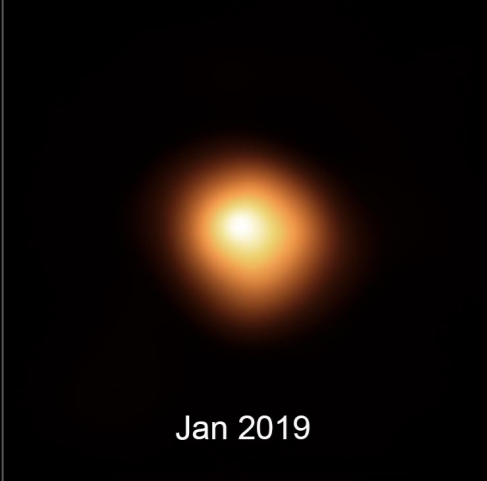
Dharmawardena, Mairs et al. The Astrophysical Journal Letters, 897:1. 2020



AAVSO V band

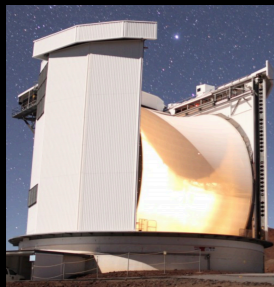
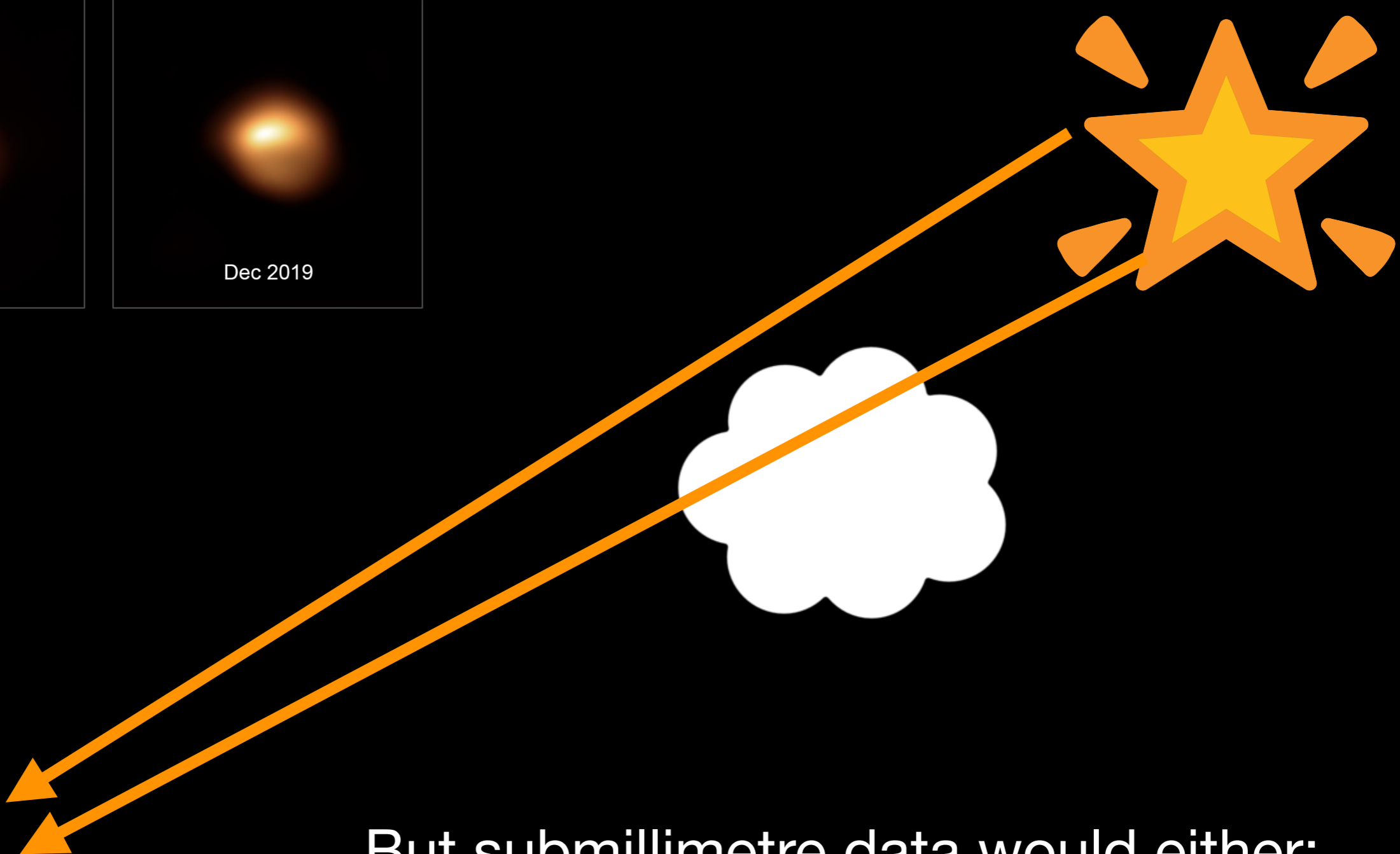
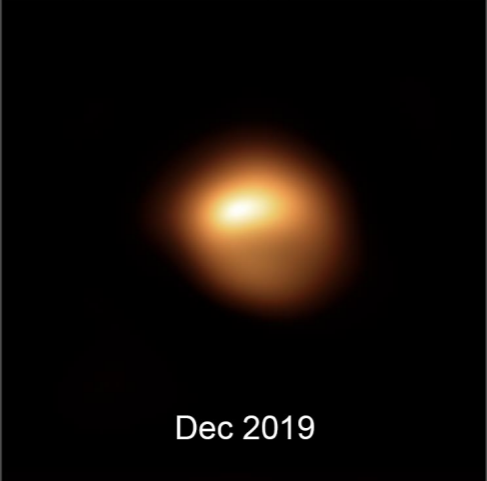
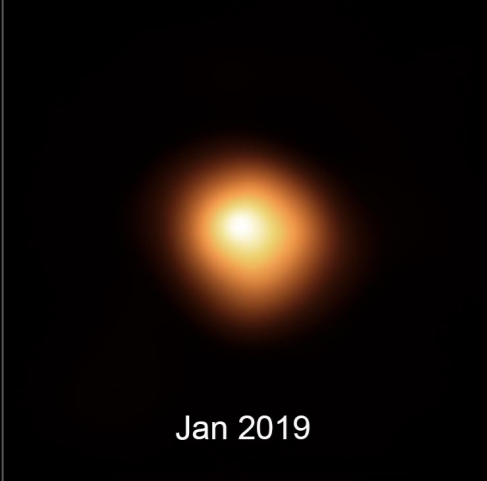
Oct - Dec 2019





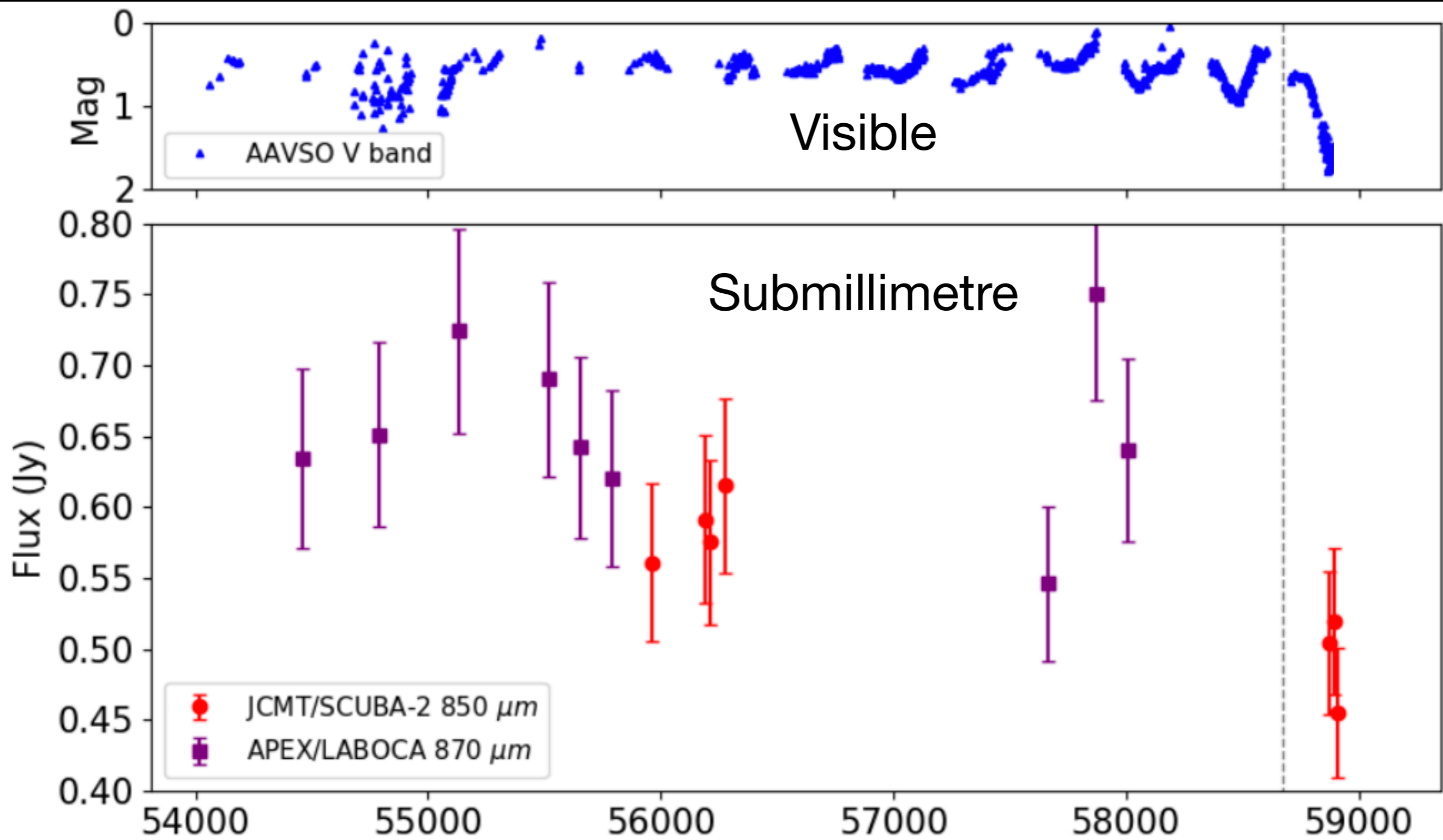
Optical light would be blocked by a newly-generated cloud of dust

*Not to scale



But submillimetre data would either:
1. See right through the thin cloud
2. Obtain a **brighter** signal due to the dust

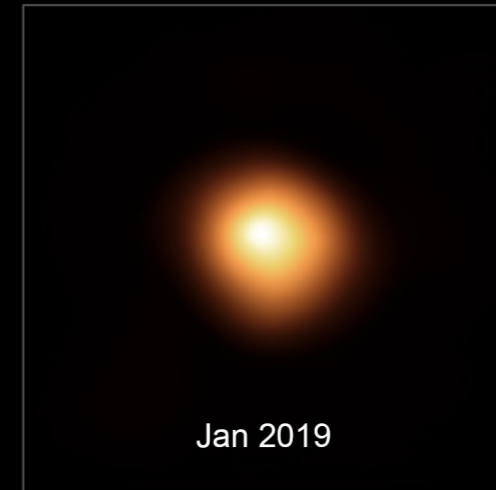
*Not to scale



Star Spots!



Dr. Thavisha Dharmawardena



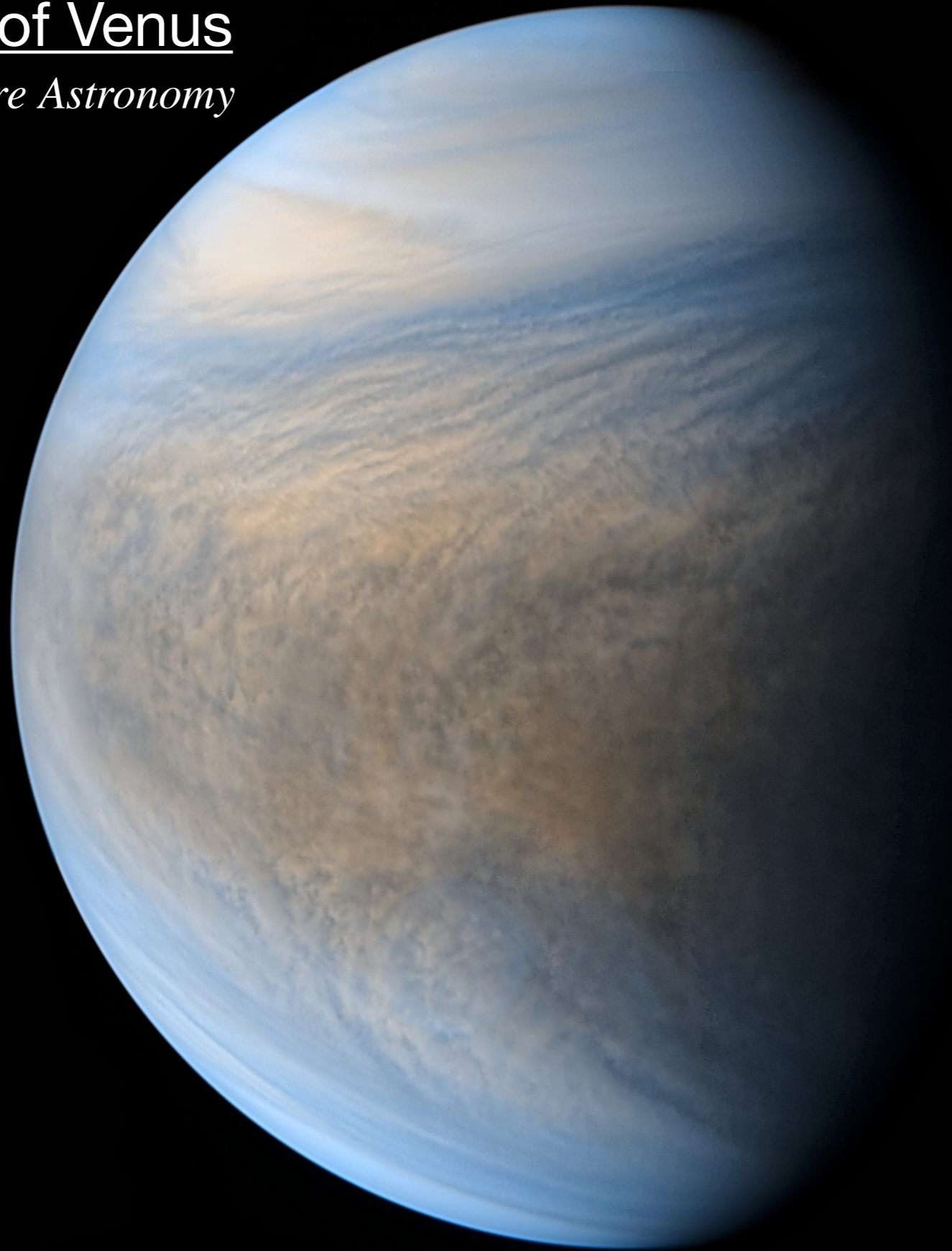
Jan 2019



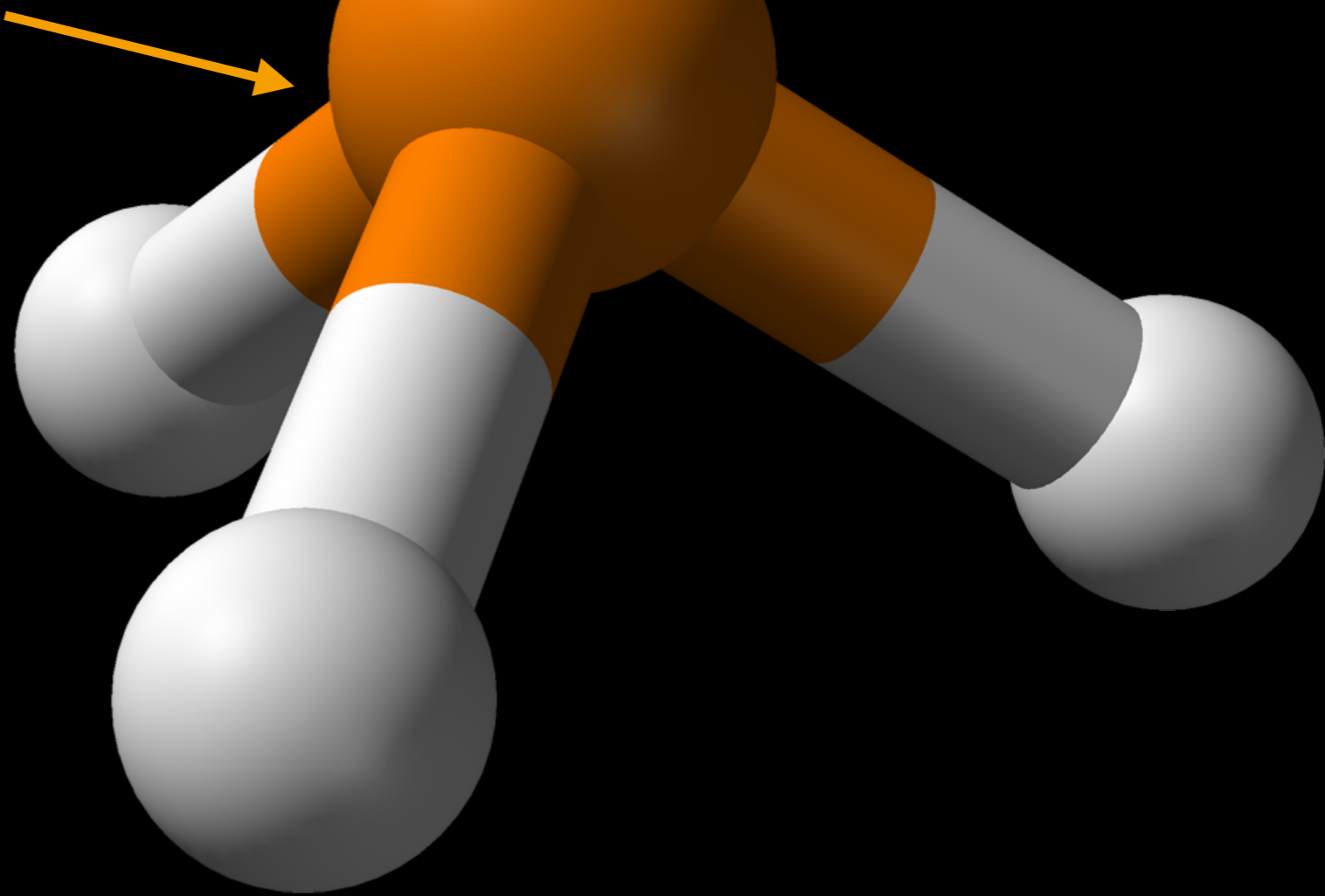
Dec 2019



Phosphine Gas in the
Cloud Decks of Venus
Greaves, et al. Nature Astronomy



“Phosphine” (PH₃)



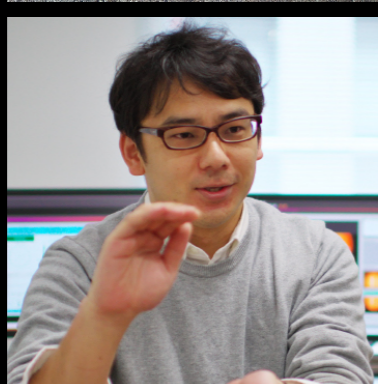
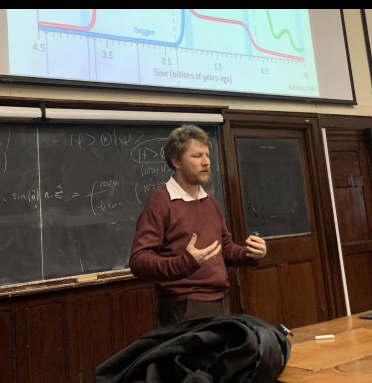
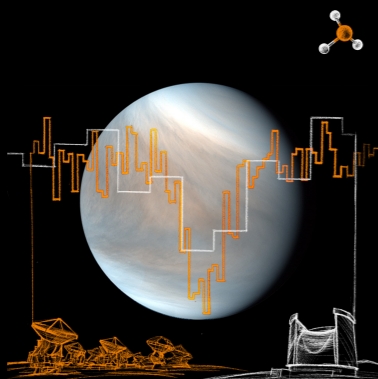
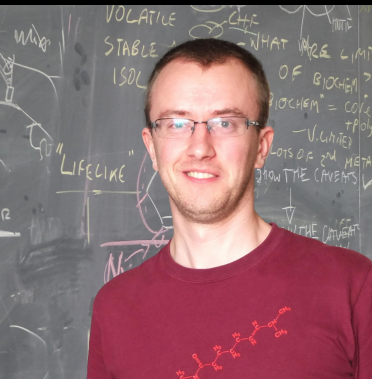
Biomarker:
Molecules that may
indicate the presence
of life.

The Surface of Venus
(Venera 13)

450° C = 840° F

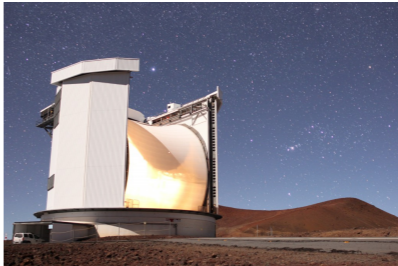
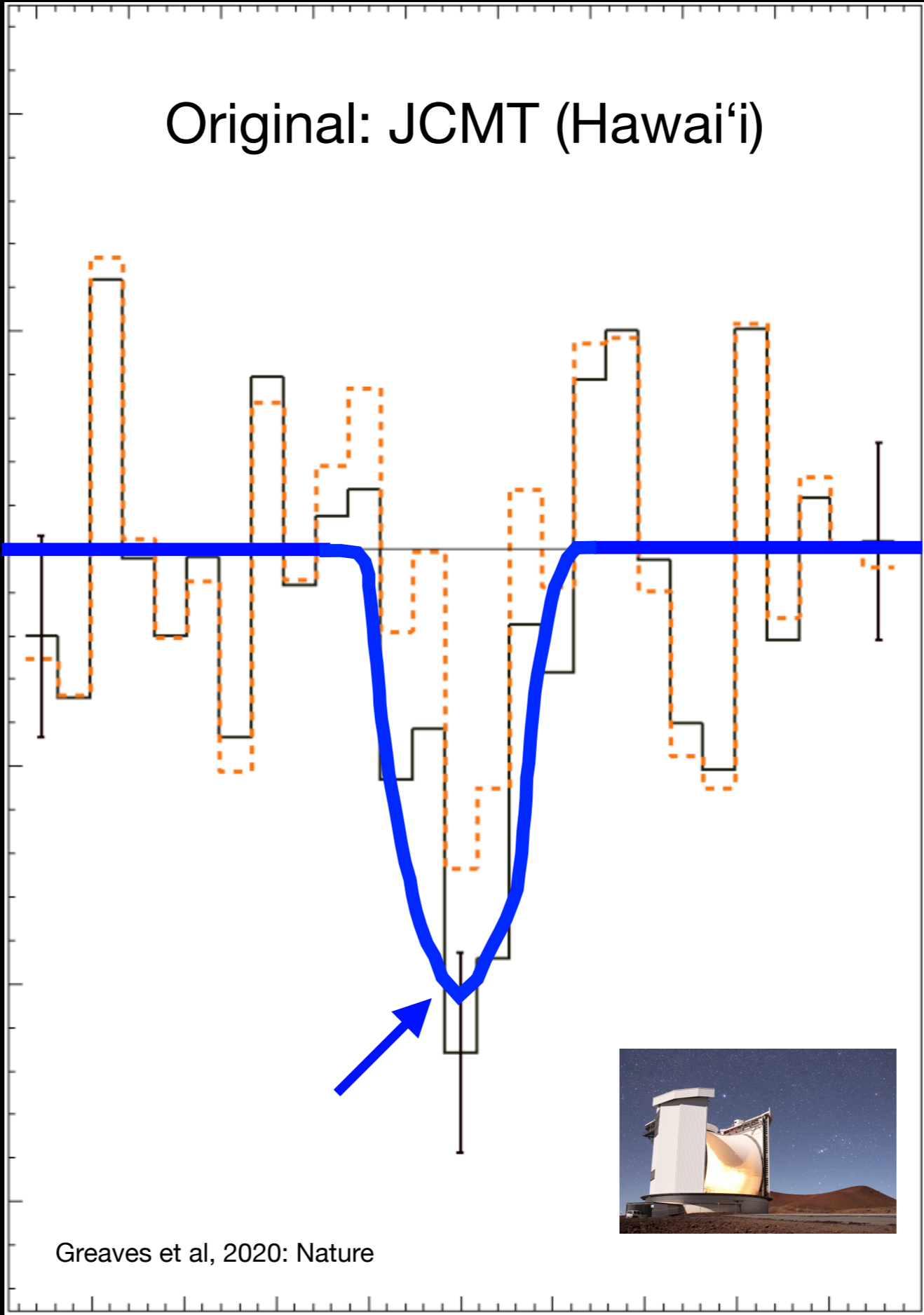


Dr. Jane Greaves



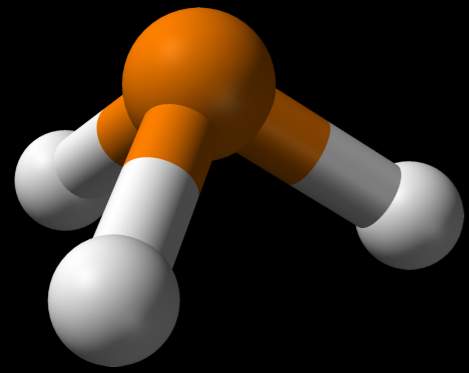
Original: JCMT (Hawai'i)

← Amount of Light →



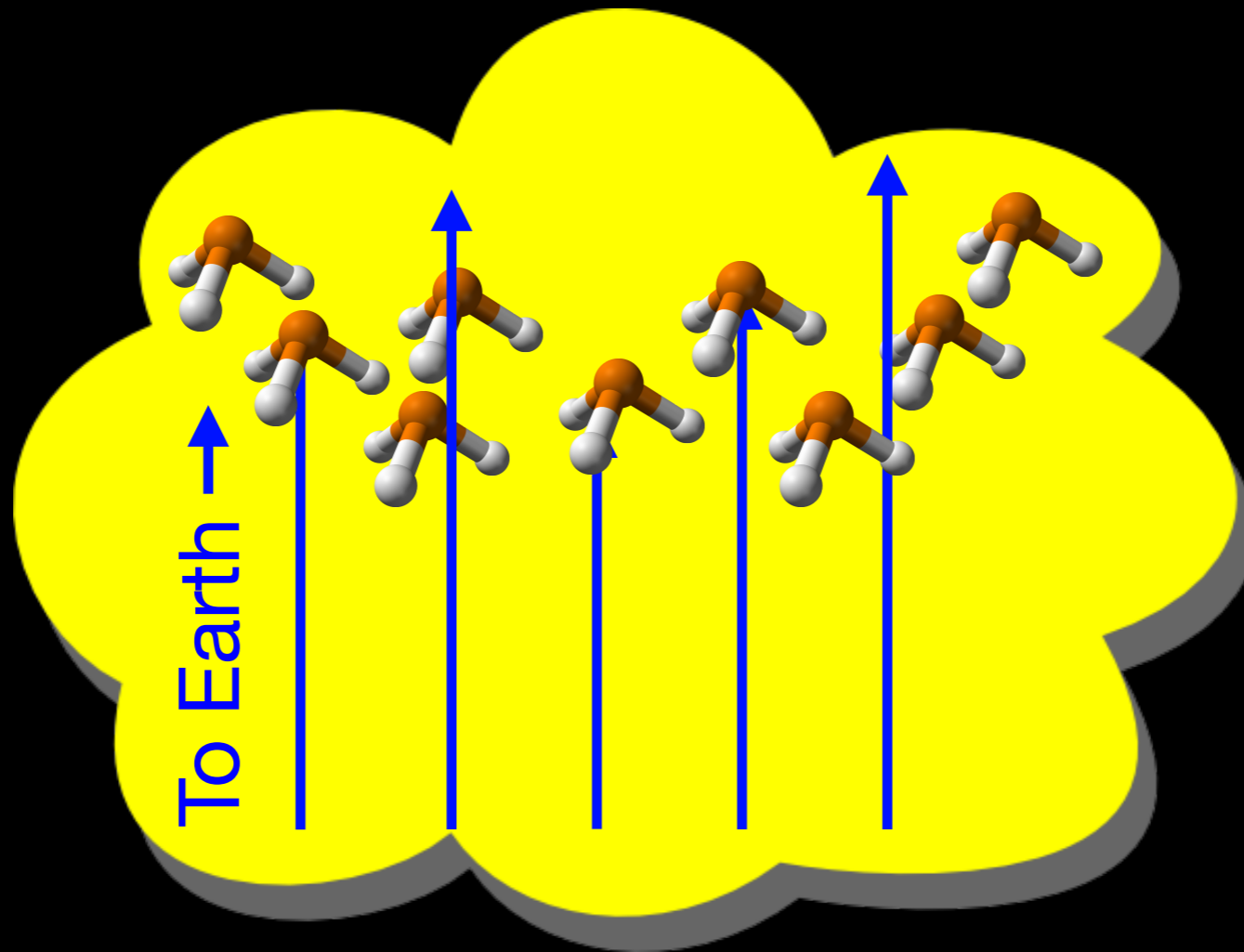
Greaves et al, 2020: Nature

← Wavelength of Light →

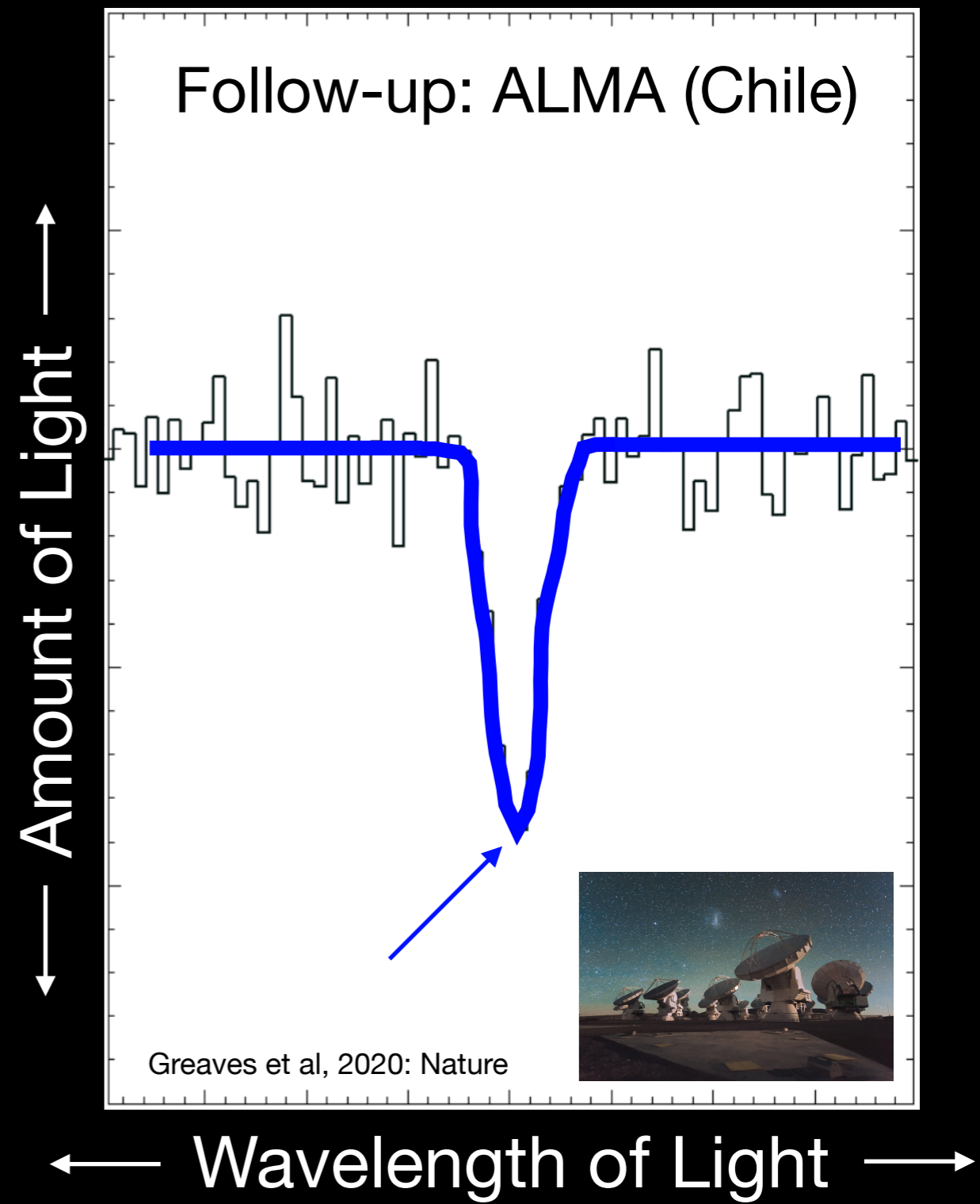
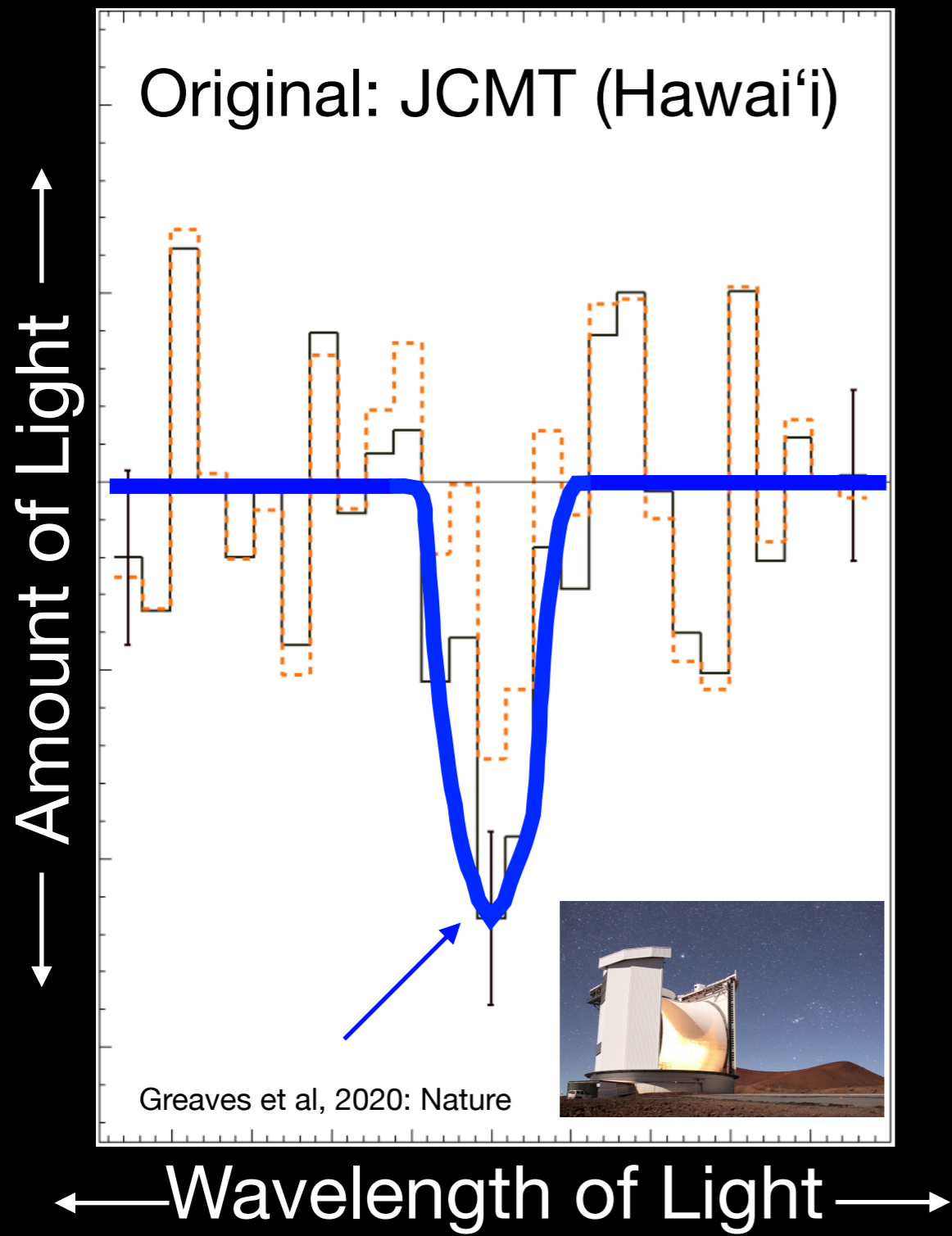


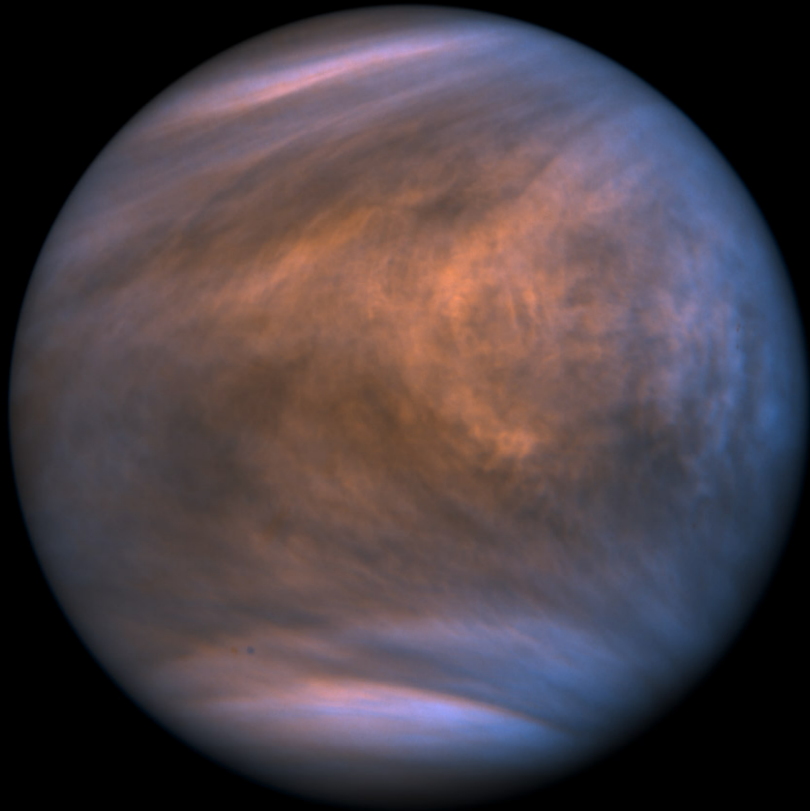
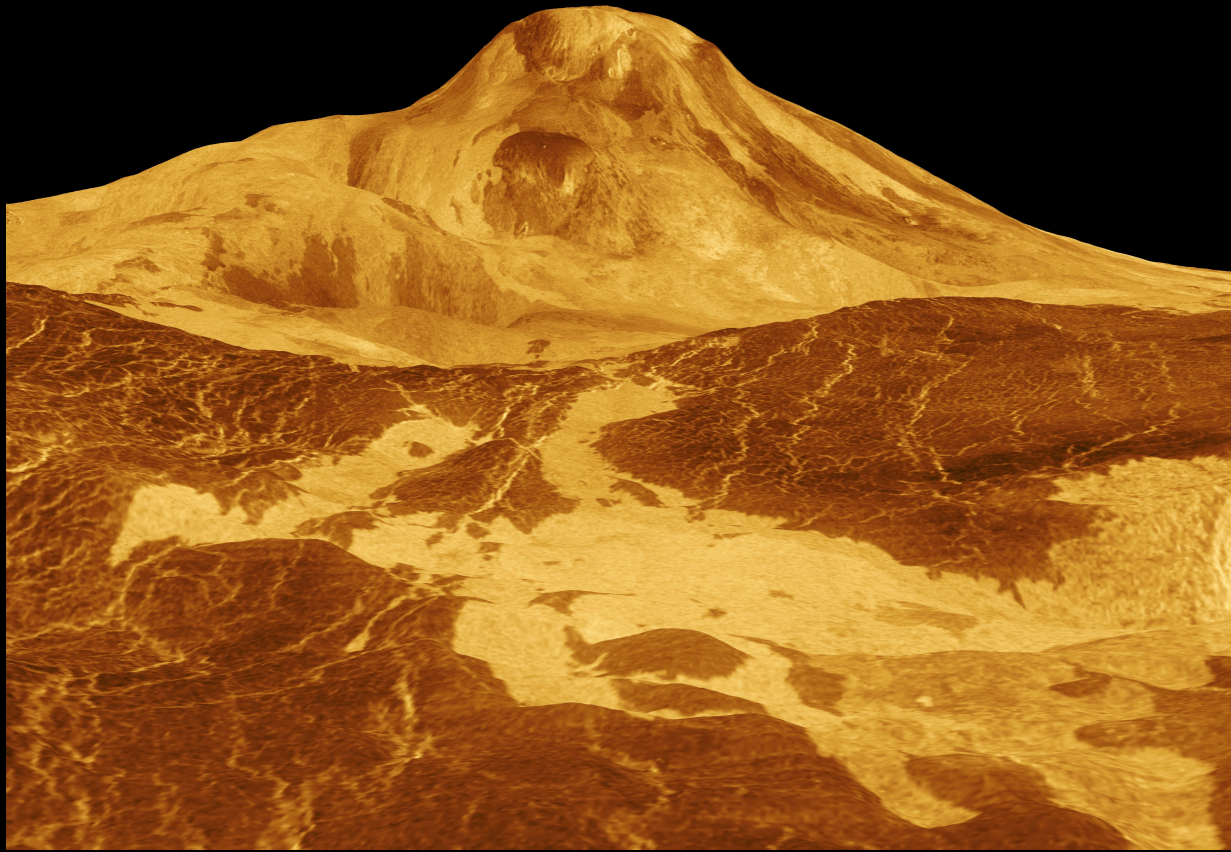
“Phosphine” (PH₃)

30° C



Venus

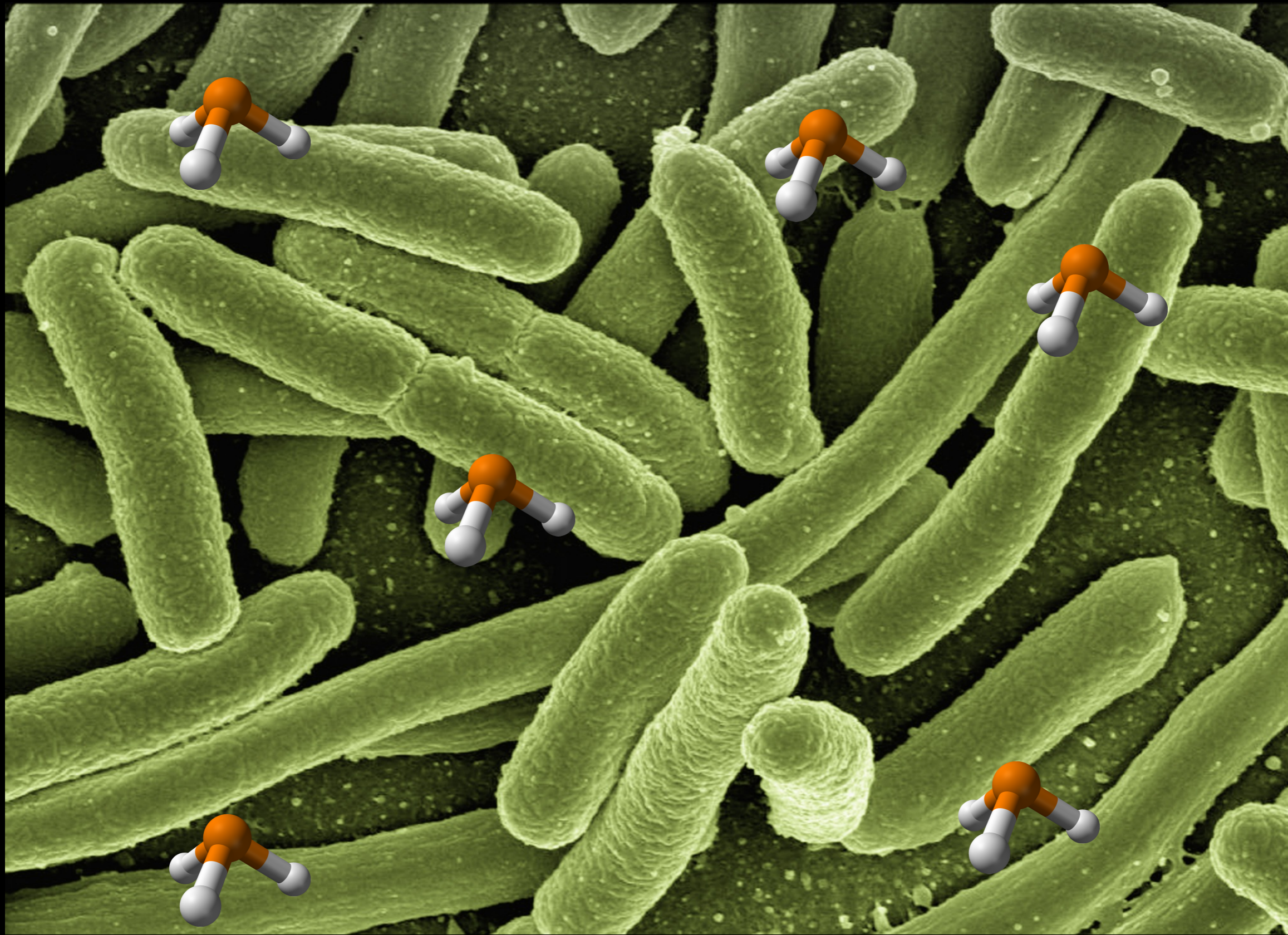




Volcanoes
+ Lightning
+ Minerals
+ Photochemistry
+ Meteorites
+ ...

=

**0.01% of the observed
amount of phosphine**



Phosphorous (P) + Hydrogen (H) → Phosphine (PH₃)

Microbes (tiny living organisms)
similar to those on Earth

+ Nothing

=

10x the observed
amount of phosphine

Authors

JCMT

Media

Press



WEAK
EVIDENCE
OF ALIEN
LIFE

NOT CAUTIOUS
ENOUGH

THIS ASTEROID
IS PROBABLY AN
ALIEN PROBE!



APPROPRIATELY
CAUTIOUS

THIS ASTEROID IS
WEIRD AND WE
SHOULD TAKE A
CLOSER LOOK.
IT'S NOT ALIENS.



TOO
CAUTIOUS

THIS ASTEROID
APPEARS TO BE FAR
AWAY, BUT IT COULD
ALSO BE NEARBY AND
JUST VERY SMALL.



PROMISING
EVIDENCE

THEY FOUND LIFE
ON VENUS!



THESE MOLECULES
MIGHT BE PRODUCED
BY LIFE, OR BY WEIRD
HIGH-HEAT CHEMISTRY.



THERE IS GROWING
EVIDENCE THAT THE
ATMOSPHERE OF
VENUS CONTAINS
MOLECULES.



DEFINITIVE
EVIDENCE

I'M GOING TO
GO GIVE THOSE
ALIENS A HUG!



OH WOW, ALIENS!
SHOULD WE TRY
TO COMMUNICATE?



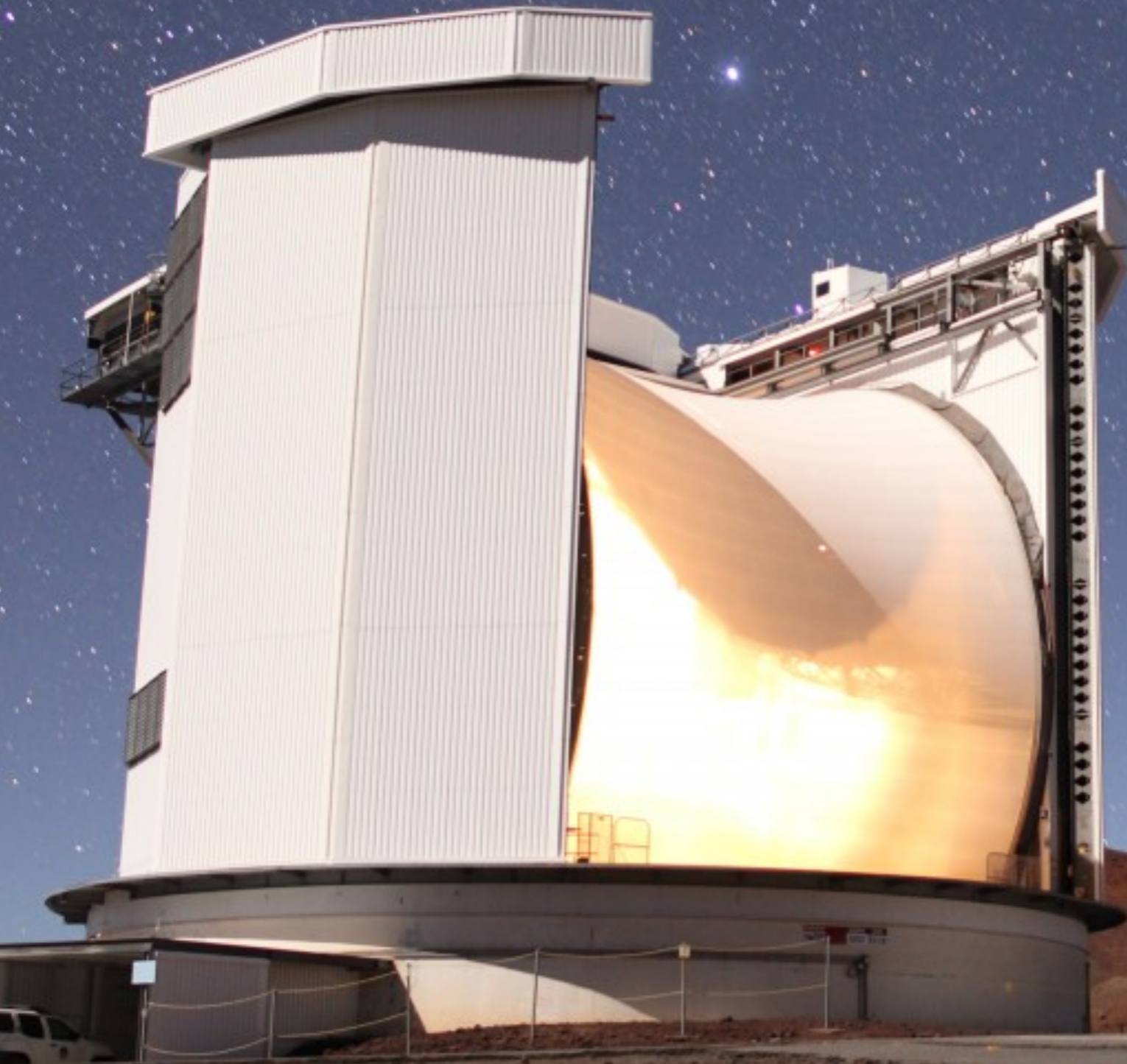
THE ENERGY BEAMS
VAPORIZING THE UNITED
NATIONS COULD BE A
POSSIBLE BIOSIGNATURE.



XKCD

Overview

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- Recent Results
- ★ **Large Programs**
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- ★ **The Event Horizon Telescope**
- ★ **JCMT Data Archive**



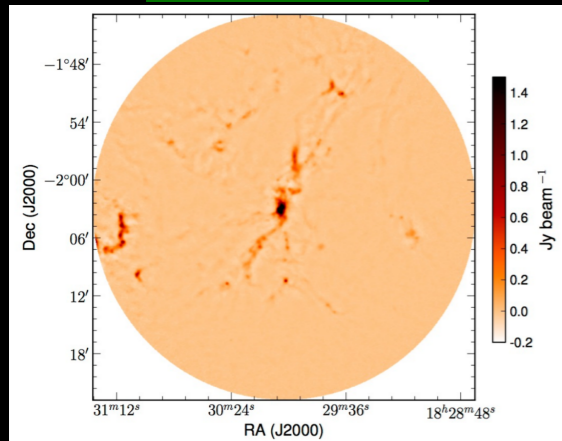
Large Program Queue

- ★ The JCMT spends 50% of its available science time on JCMT Large Programs.
- ★ Typically require significant (>200 hours) amounts of time over multiple semesters to address important scientific questions.
- ★ Proposals competitively assessed by Time Allocation Committee (TAC)
- ★ Enrolment open to: EAO regions (CN, JP, KR, TW), partner institutions (CA, UK), and observer status regions (Vietnam, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia). Open enrolment for semester 20A has ended.
- ★ Successful projects run via “LAP queue”: Best project based on TAC priority and current weather is observed

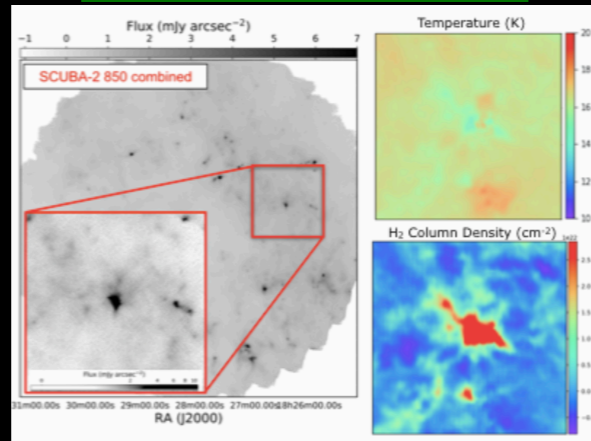
<https://www.eaobservatory.org/jcmt/science/large-programs/>

Large Programs: Star Formation and Evolution in the Milky Way

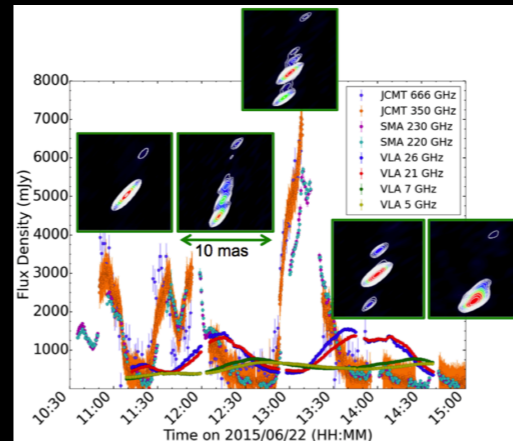
Transient



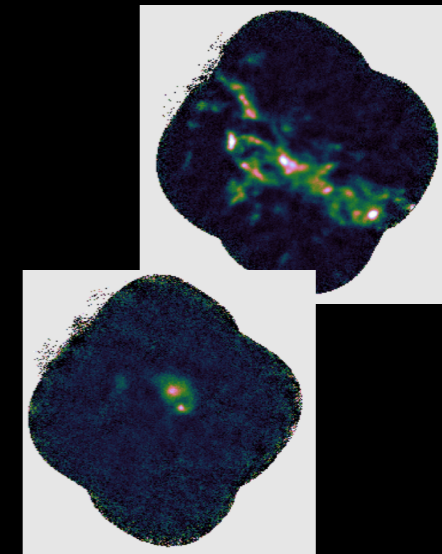
ALOHA-IRDCs



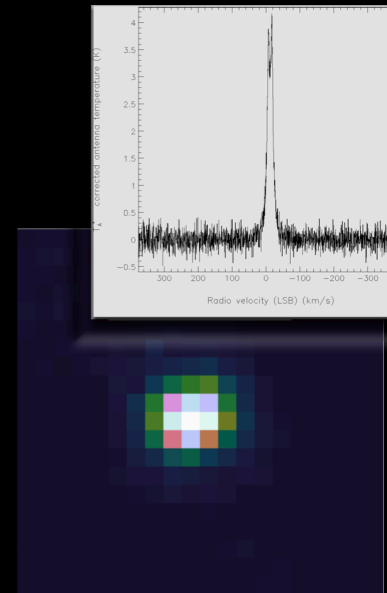
PITCH-BLACK



SCOPE

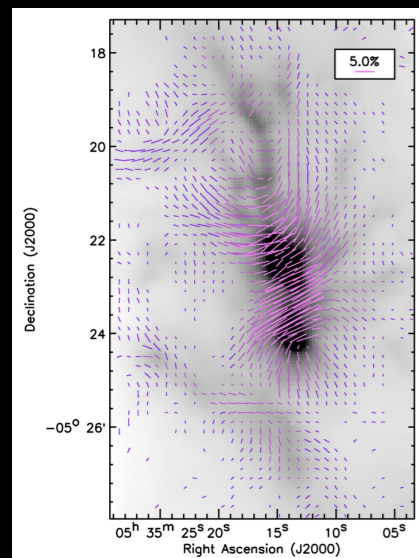


NESS

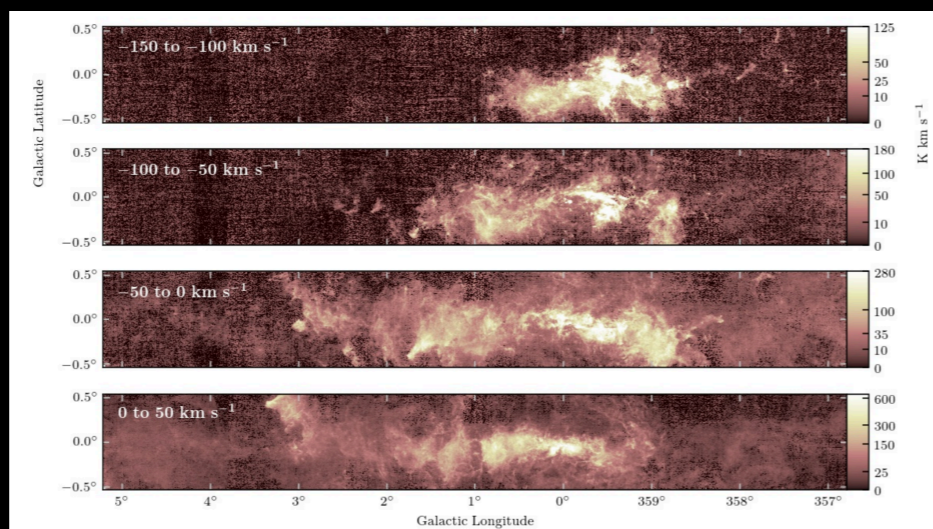


<https://www.eaobservatory.org/jcmt/science/large-programs/>

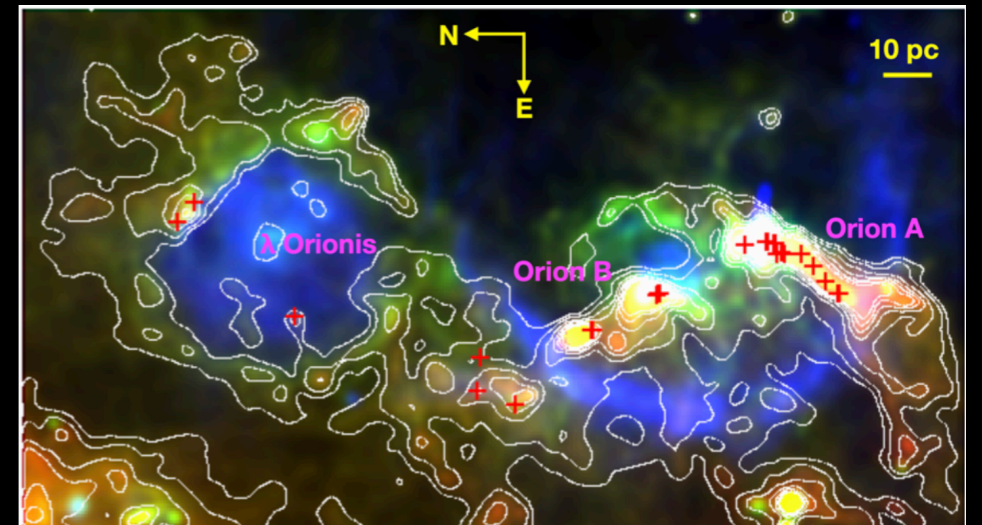
Bistro



CHIMPS2

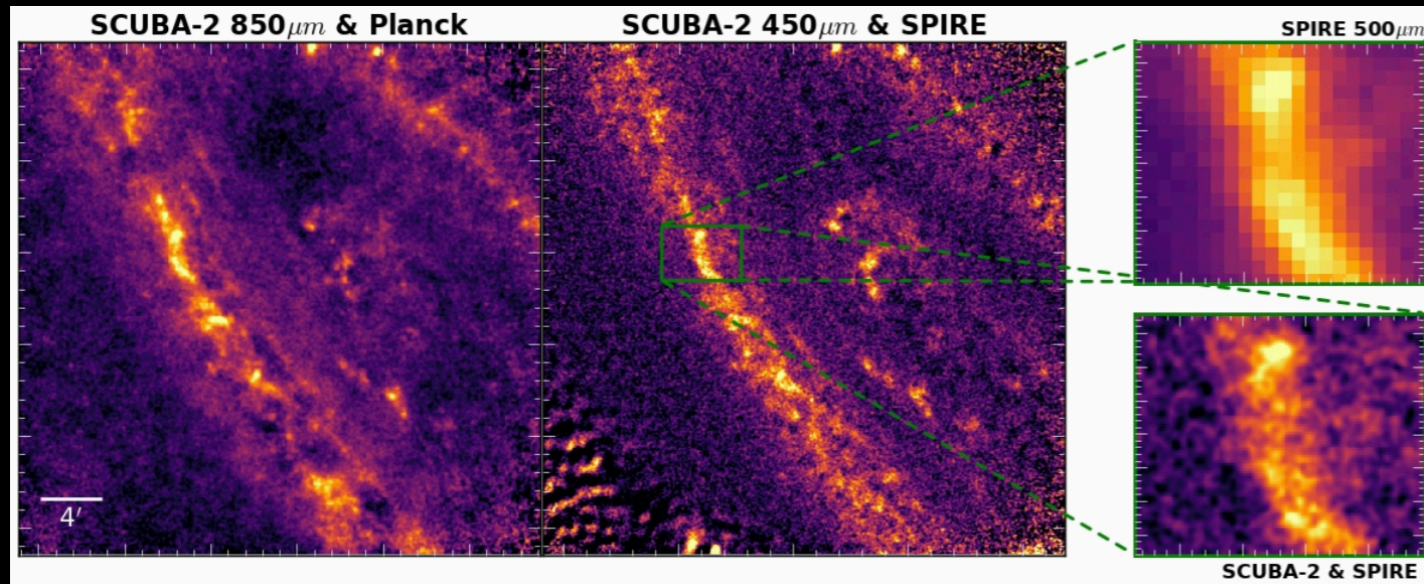


SPACE

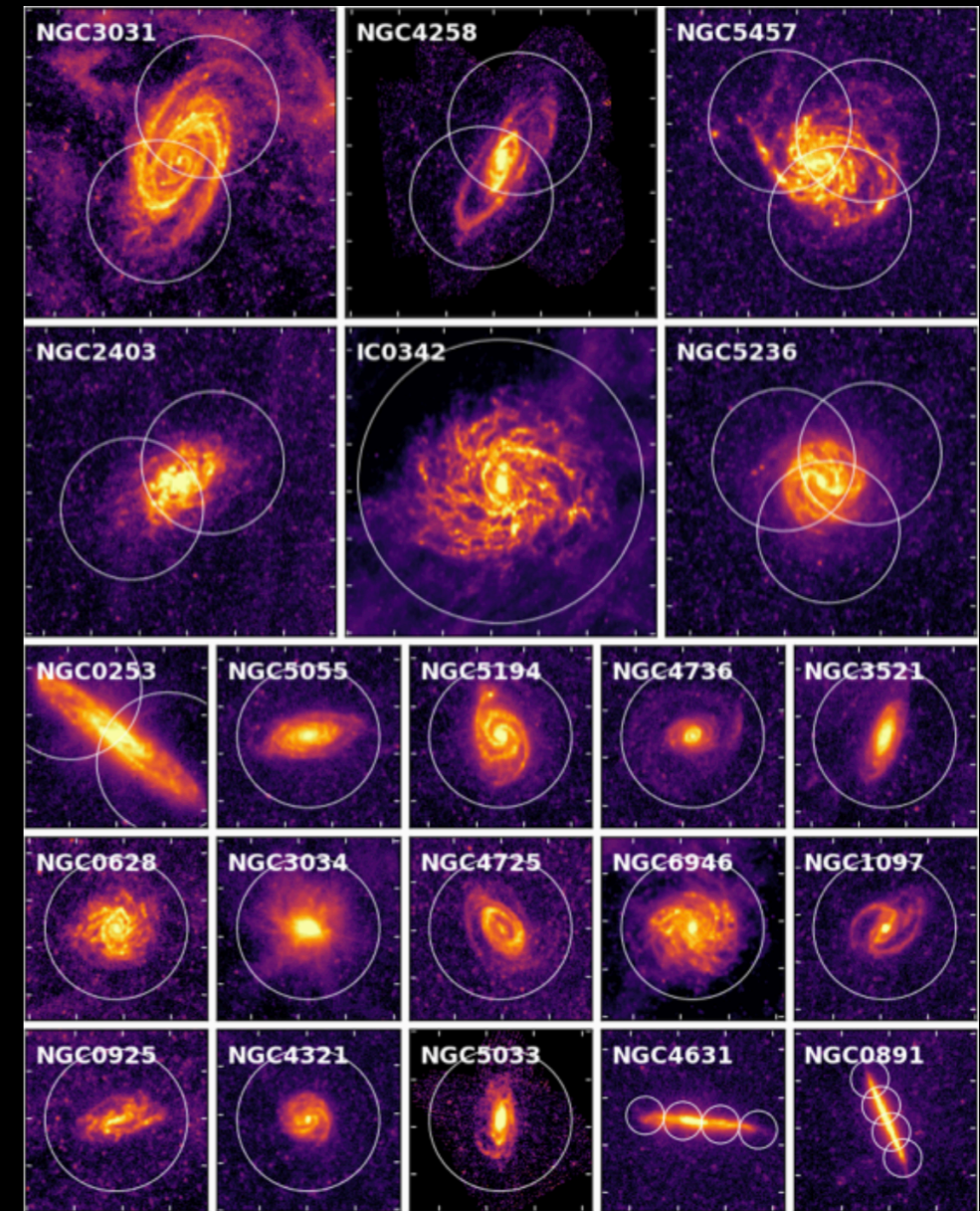


Large Programs: Nearby Galaxy Surveys

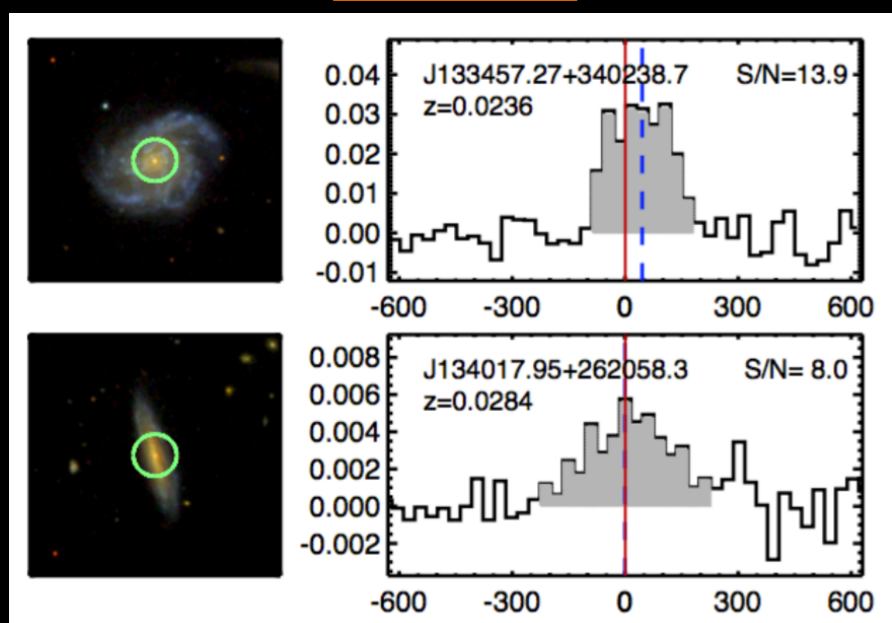
HASHTAG



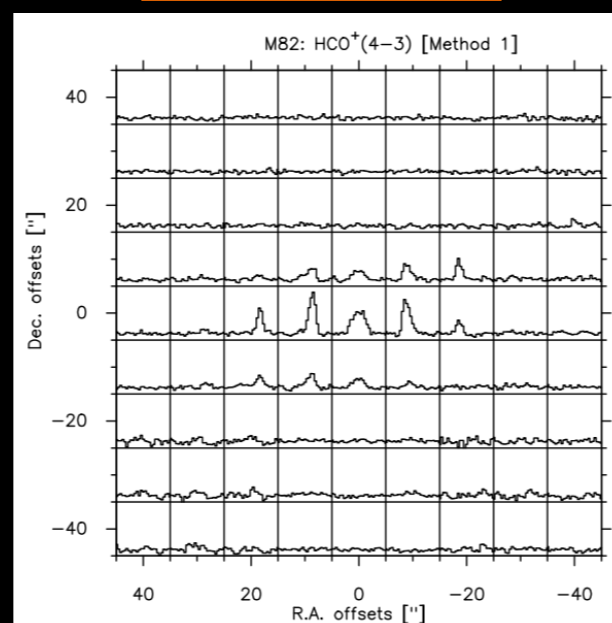
DOWSING



JINGLE

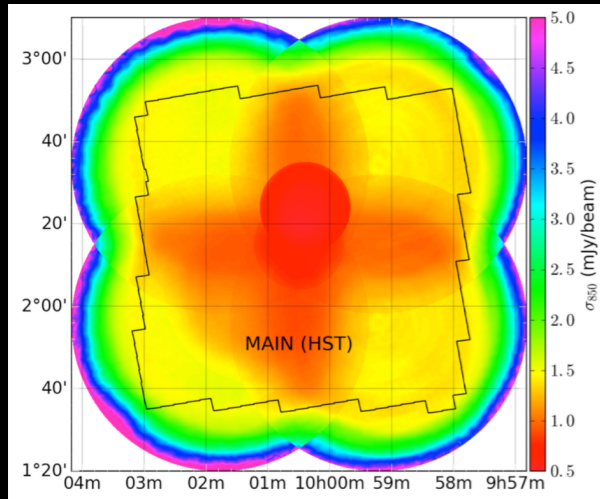


MALATANG

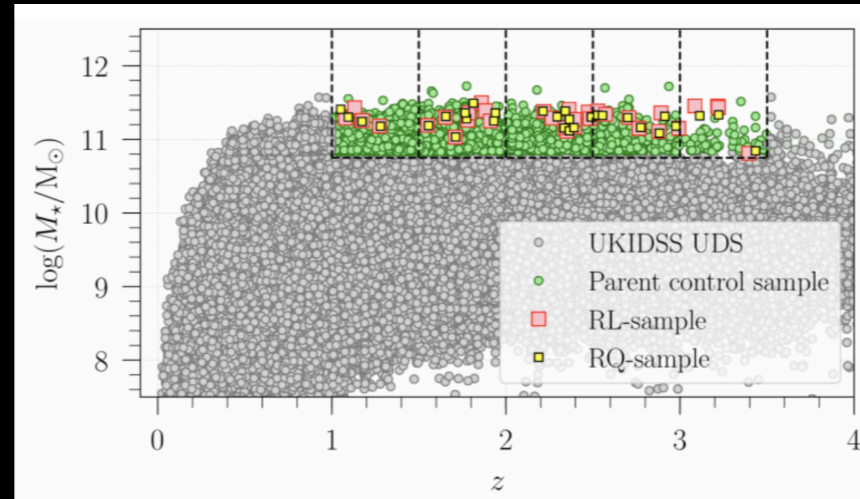


Large Programs: Submillimetre Galaxy Studies

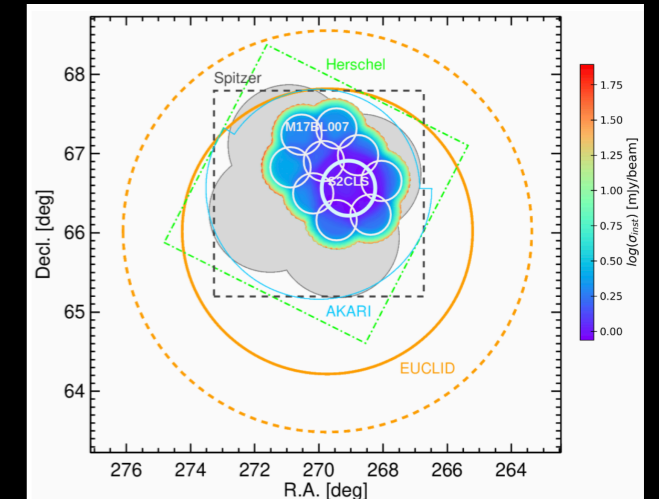
S2COSMOS



RAGERS

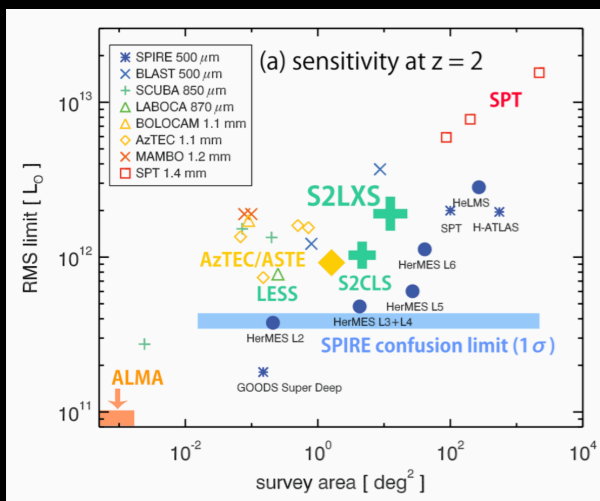


NEP

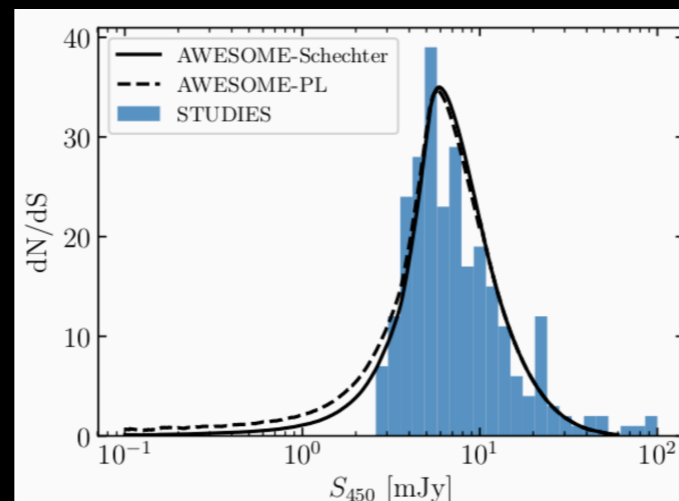


<https://www.eaobservatory.org/jcmt/science/large-programs/>

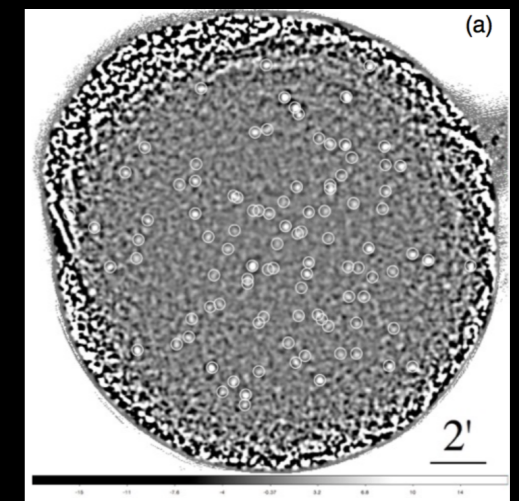
S2LXS



AWESOME

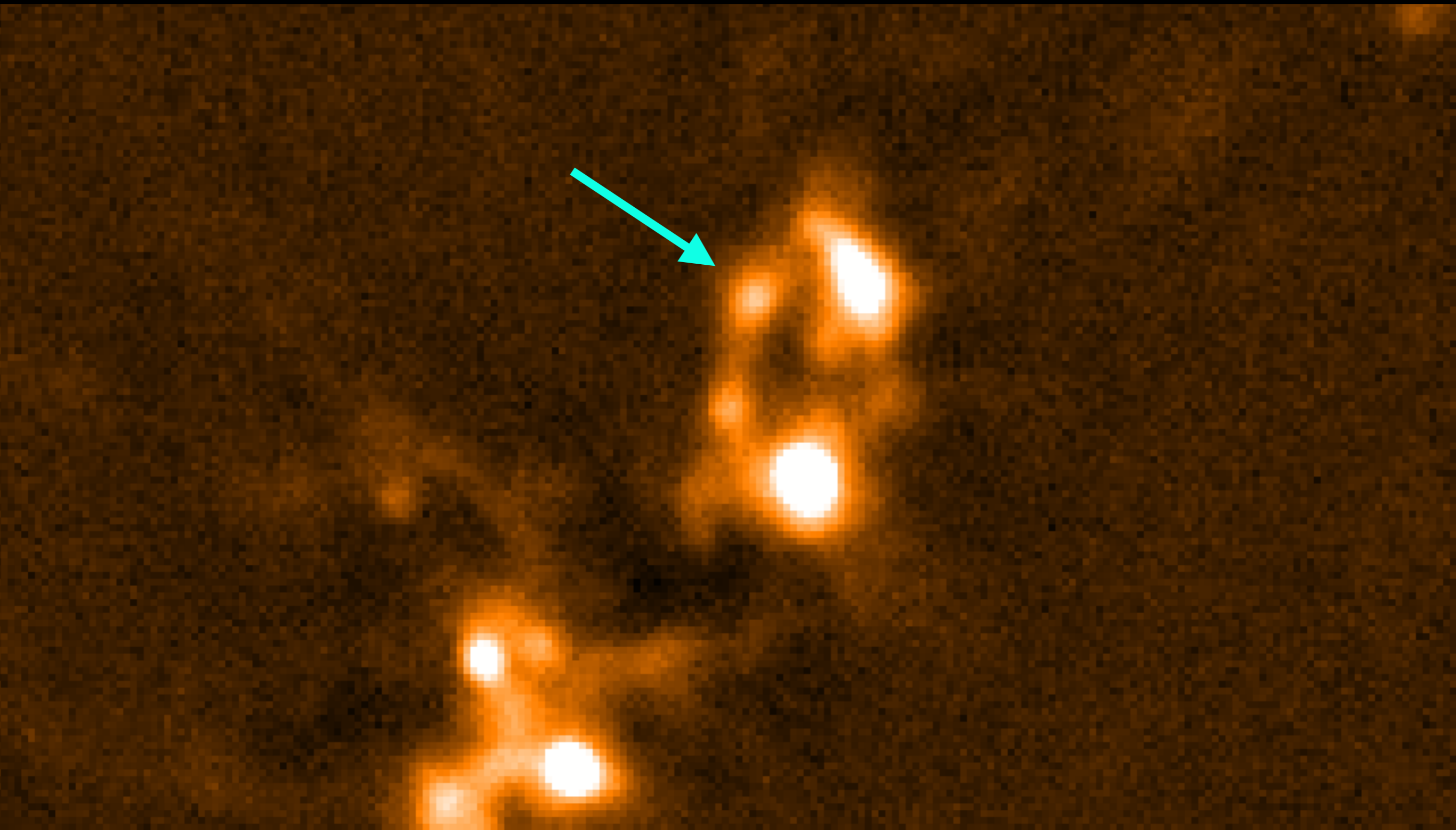


STUDIES





The JCMC Transient Survey: *How do young stars grow?*



Jan

Feb

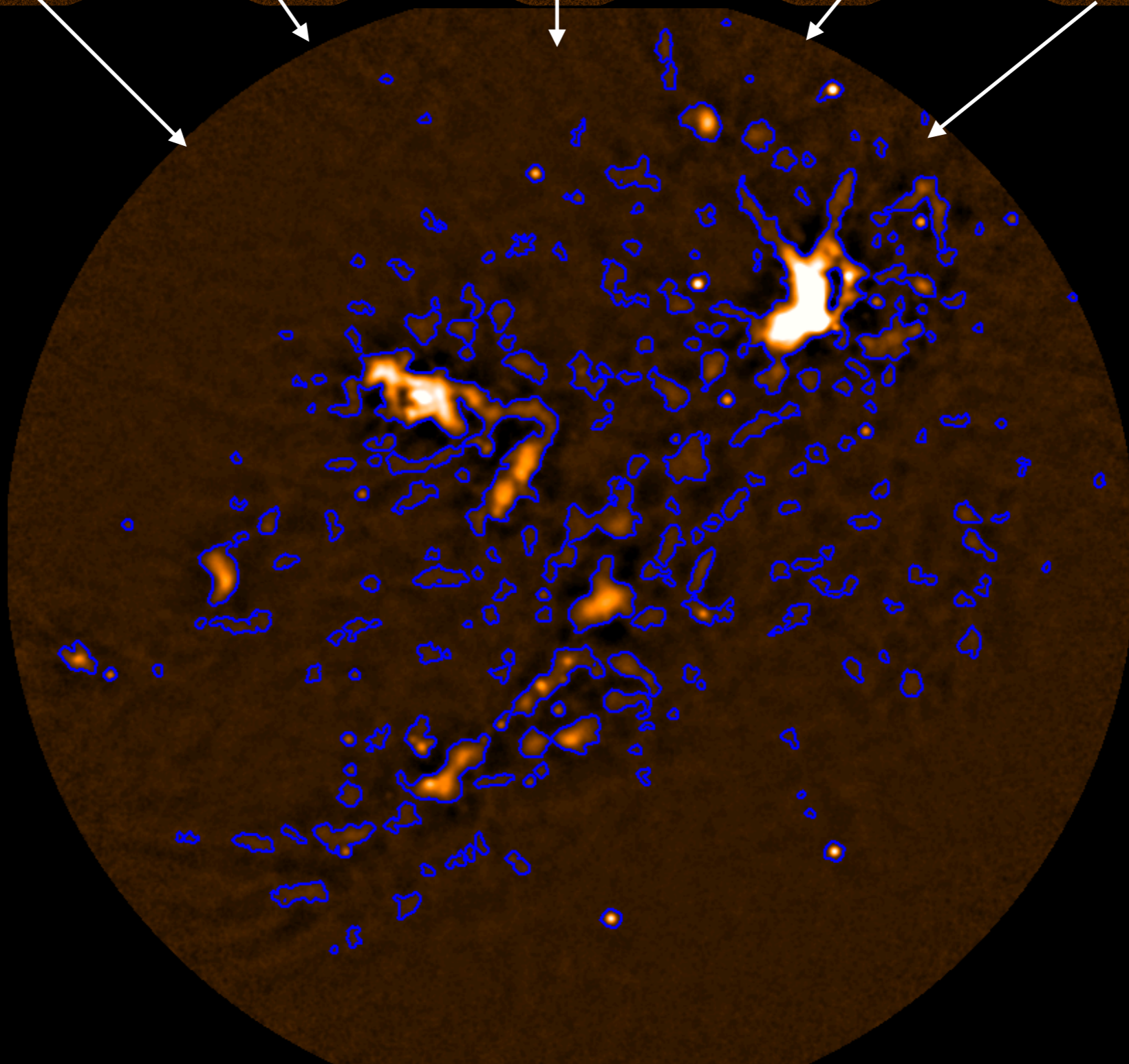
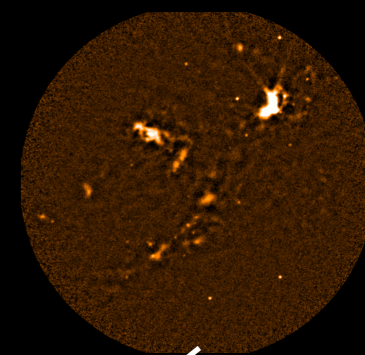
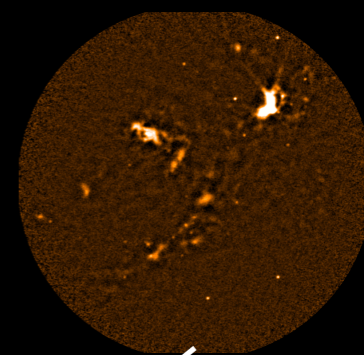
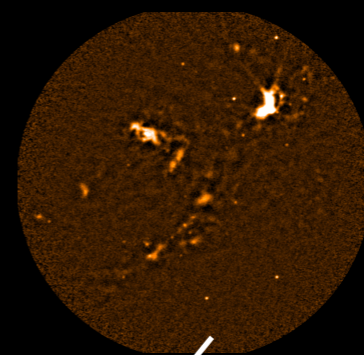
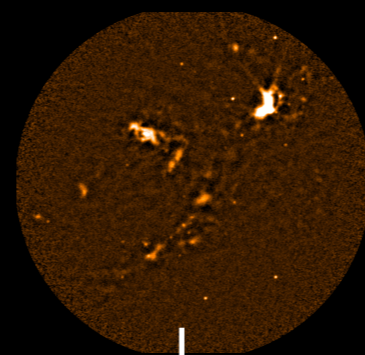
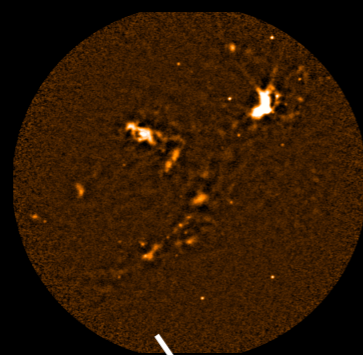
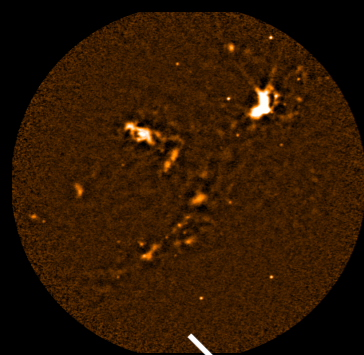
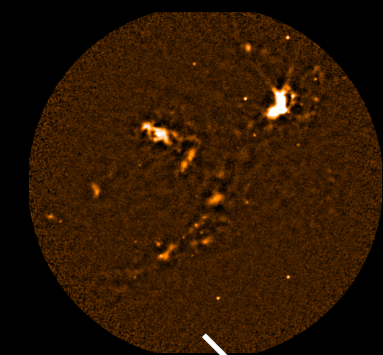
Mar

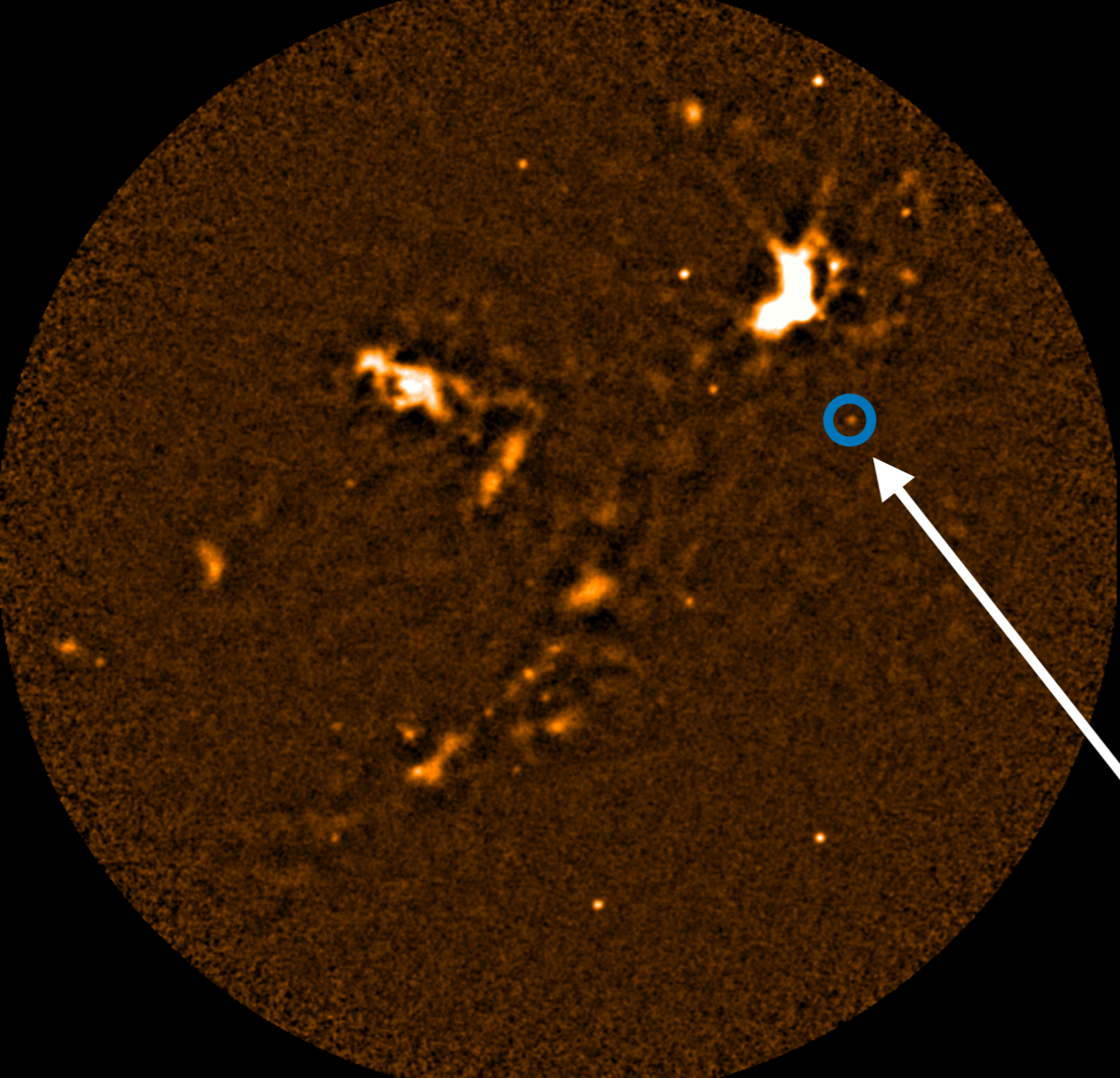
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Jun

Jul

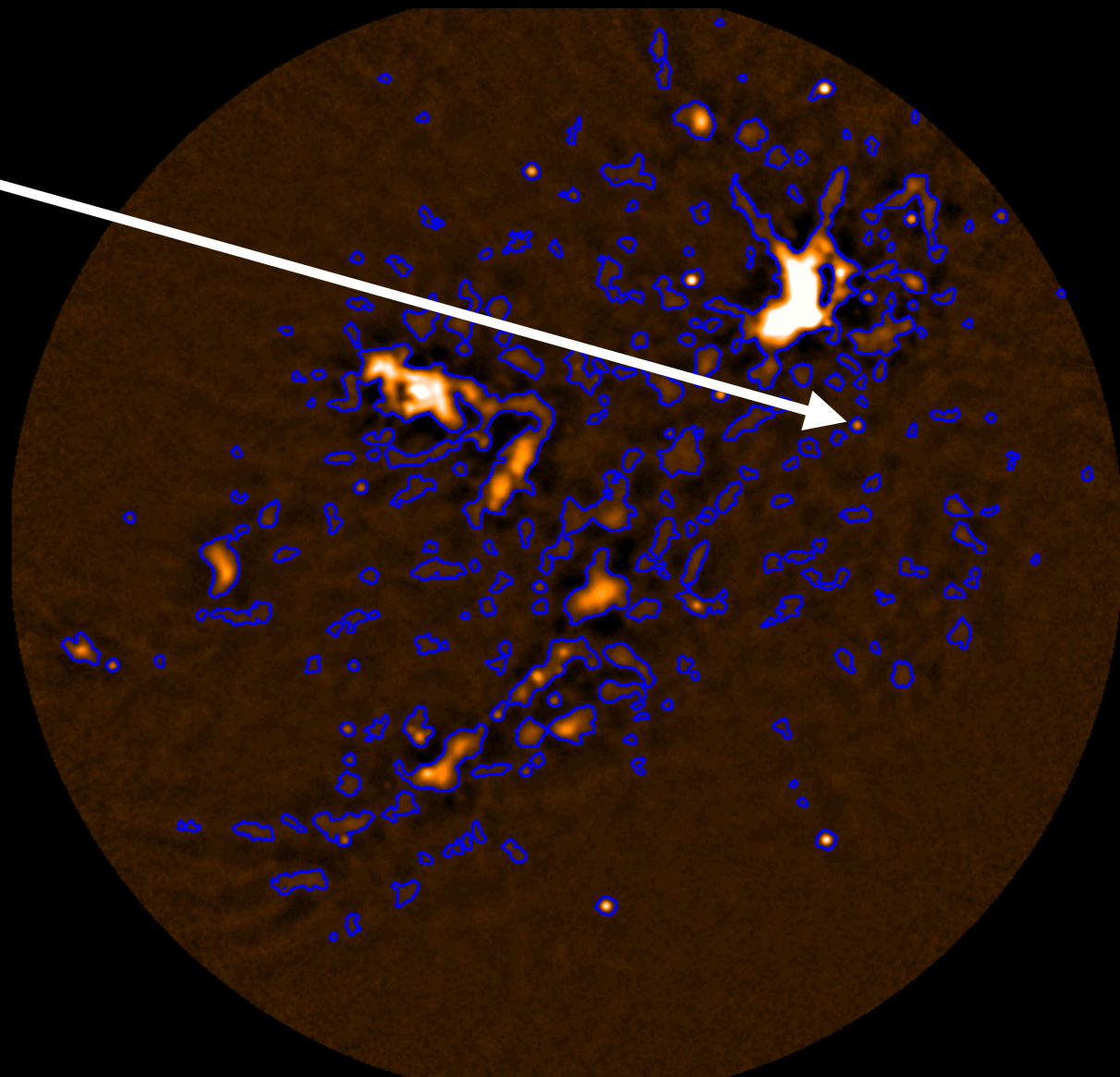


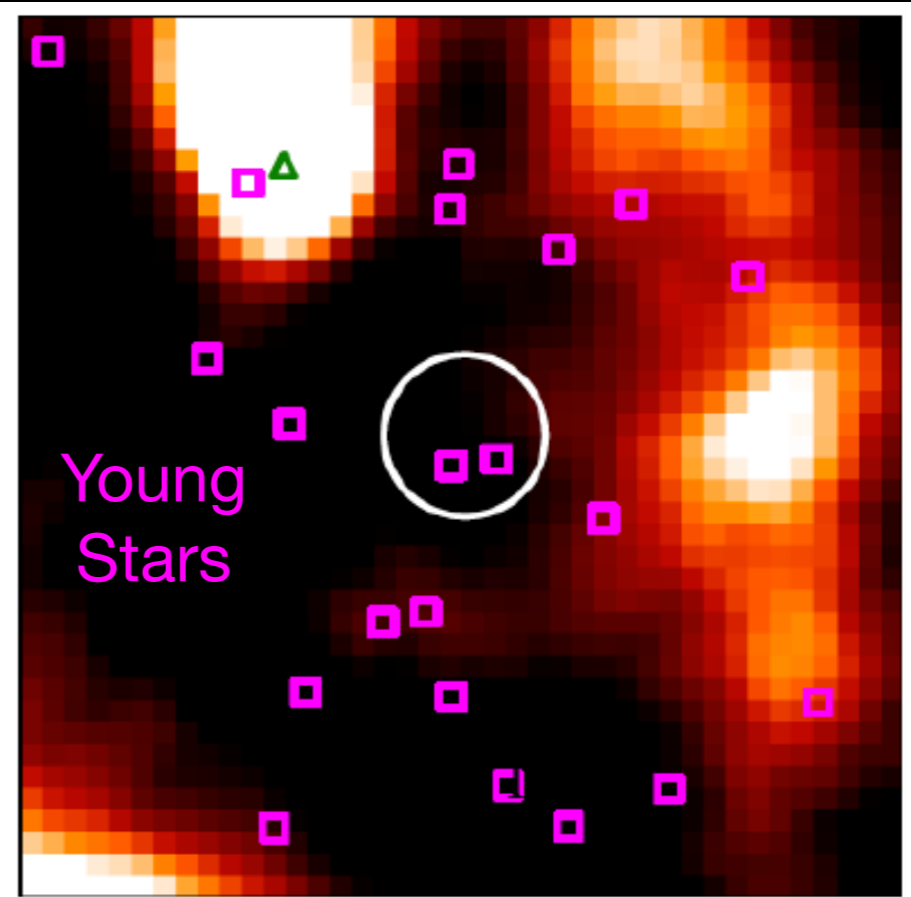
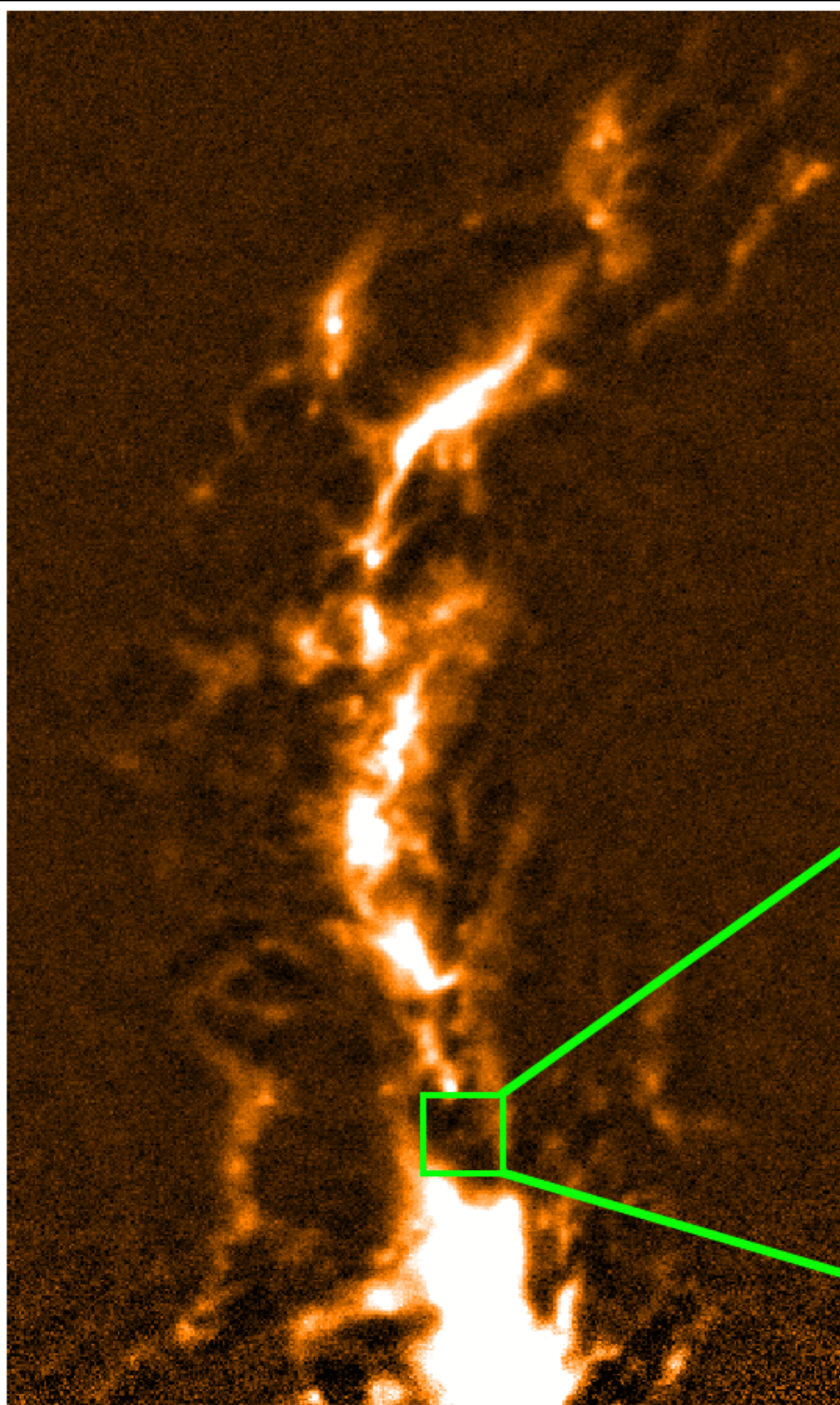


New Observation

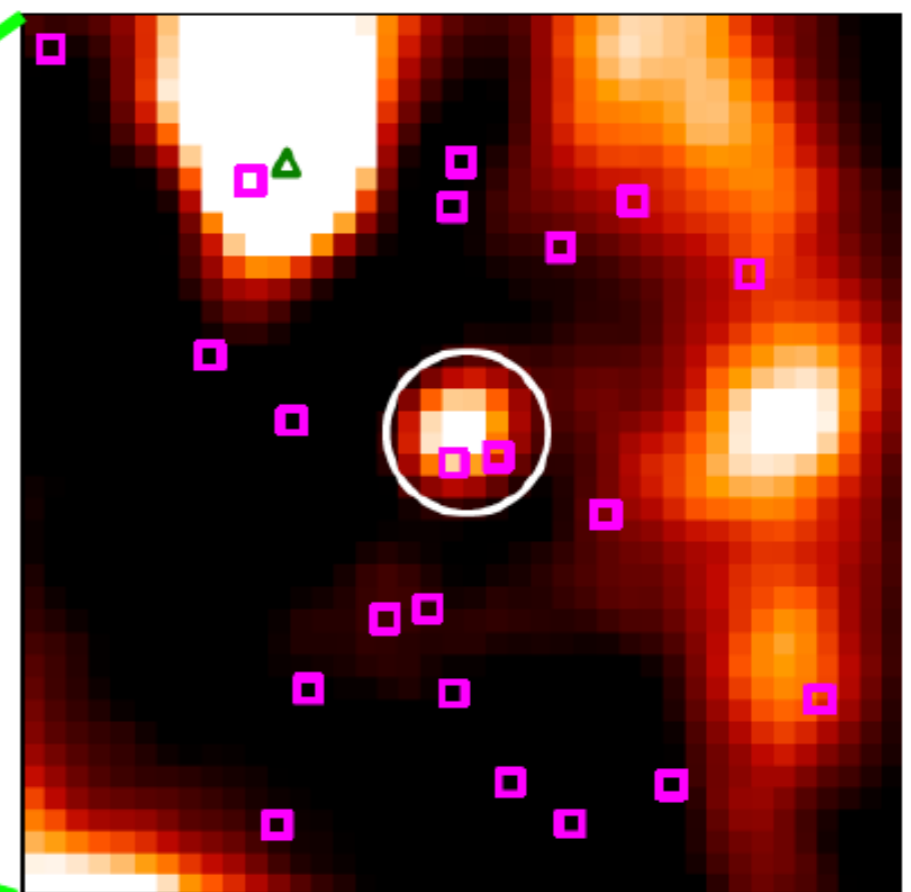
Previous Observations

?

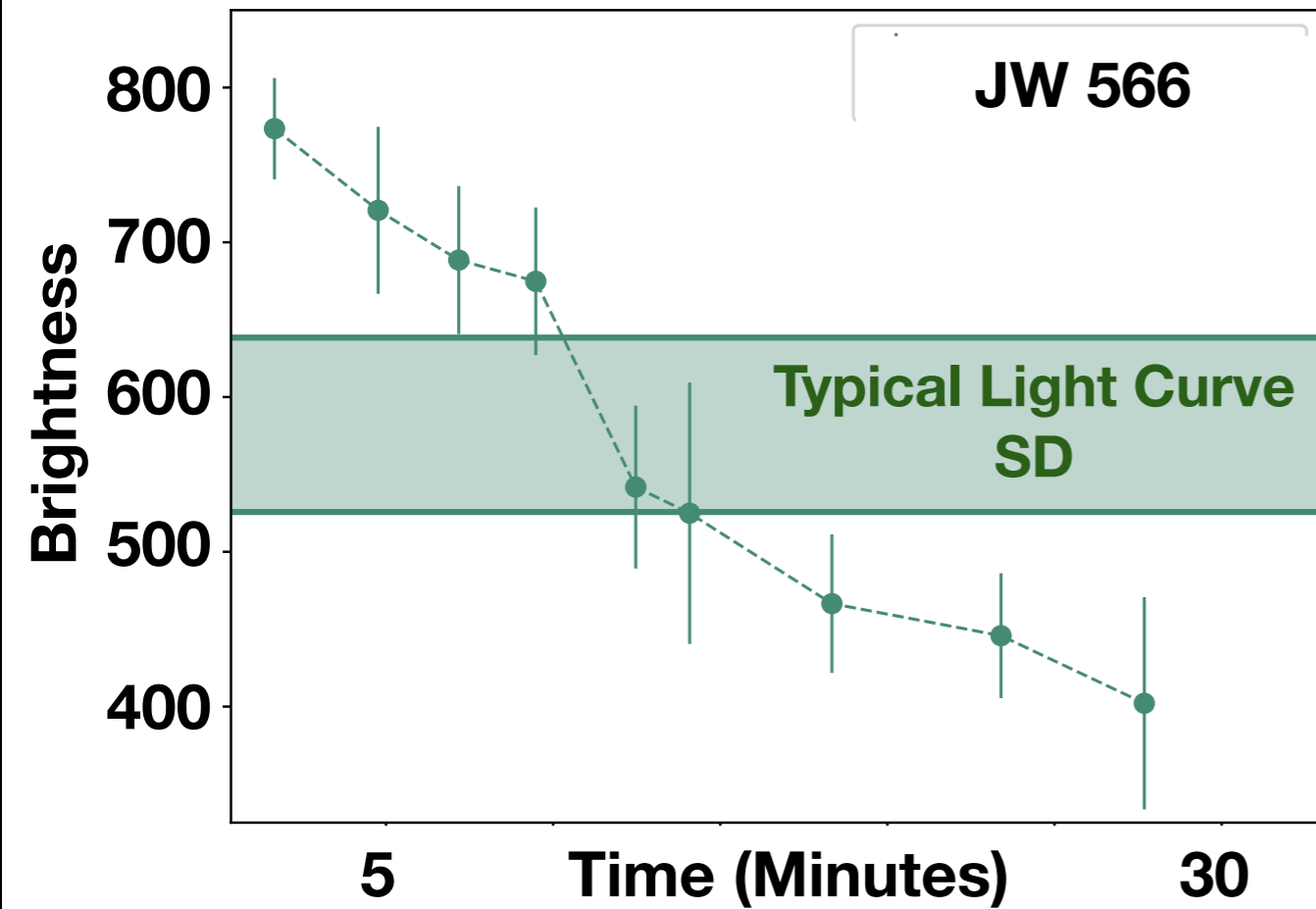




2016-11-20



2016-11-26



The decline of the flare was tracked over 30 minutes!

(Mairs et al 2018, ApJ 871:72)

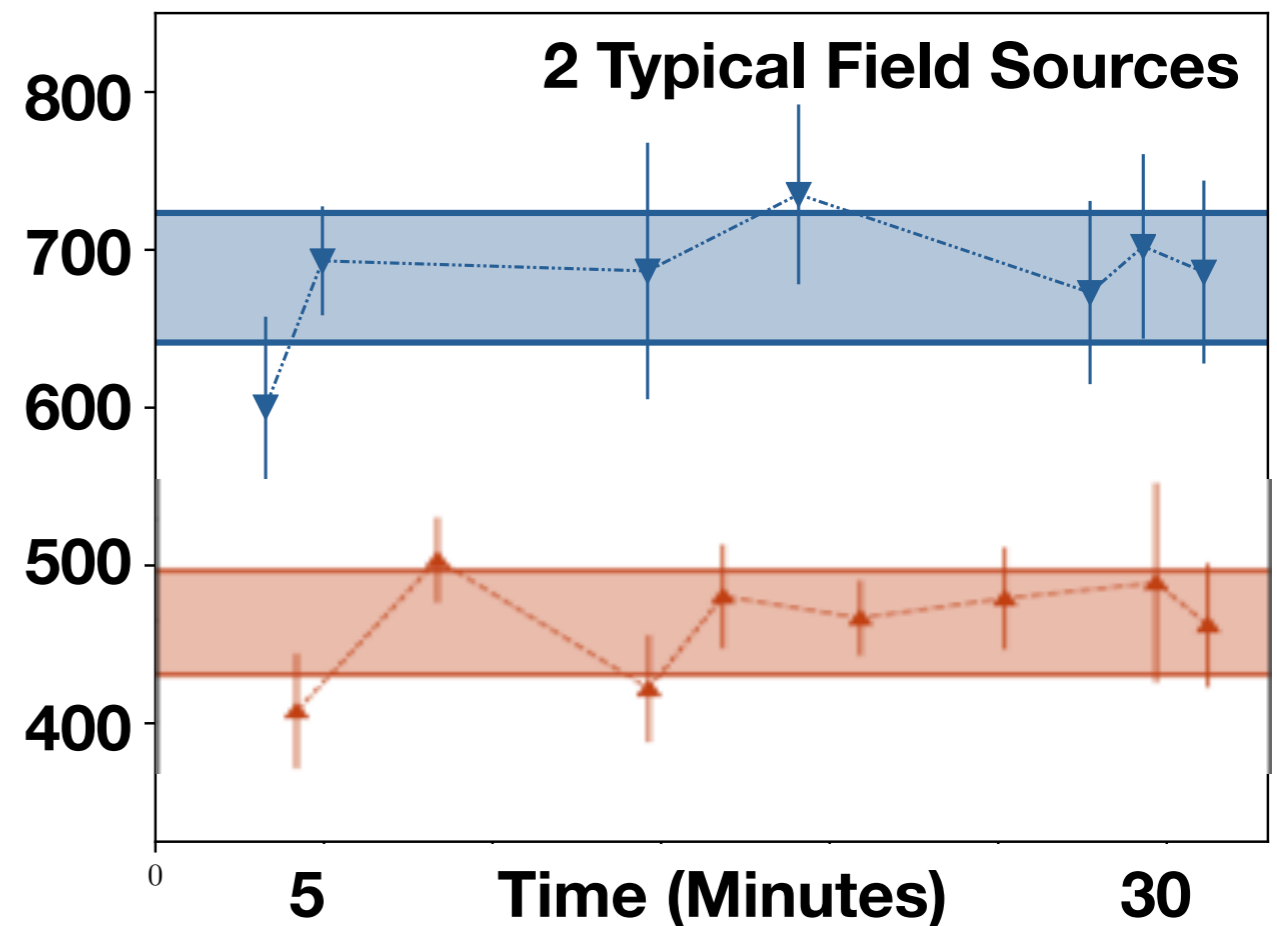
Scientists Find Stellar Flare 10 Billion Times More Powerful Than Those on the Sun

By: Julie Freydlin | February 21, 2019

365

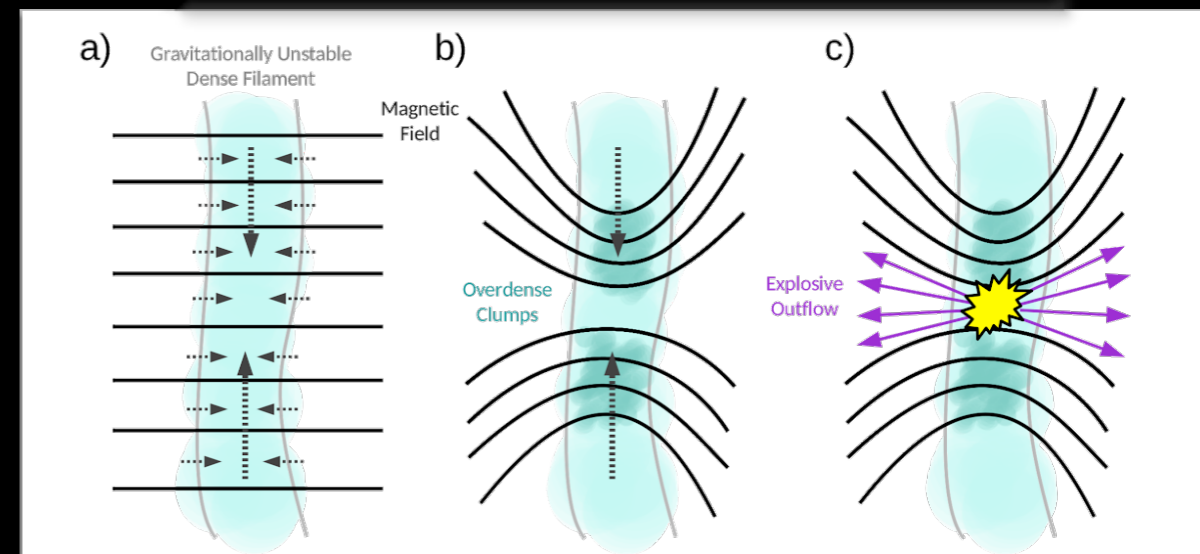
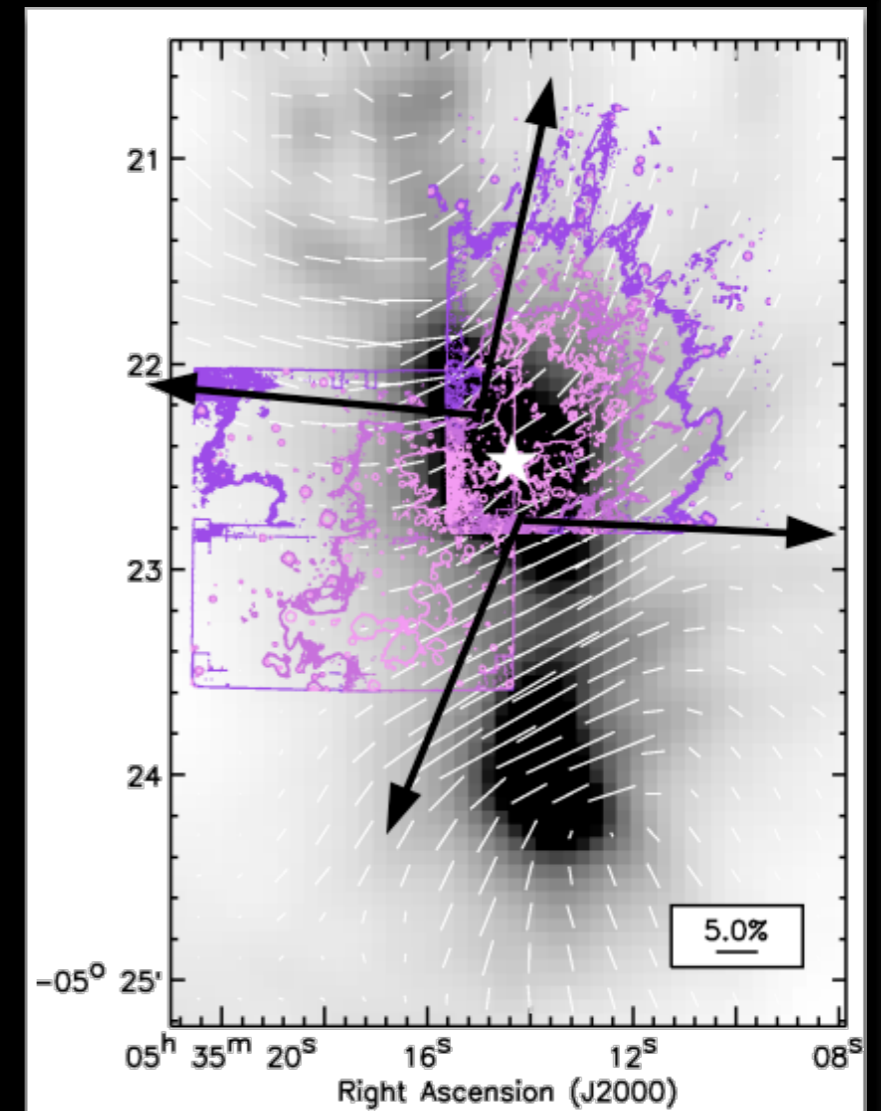
Scientists have caught a powerful flare of submillimeter-wavelength radiation from a young star in the Orion Nebula.

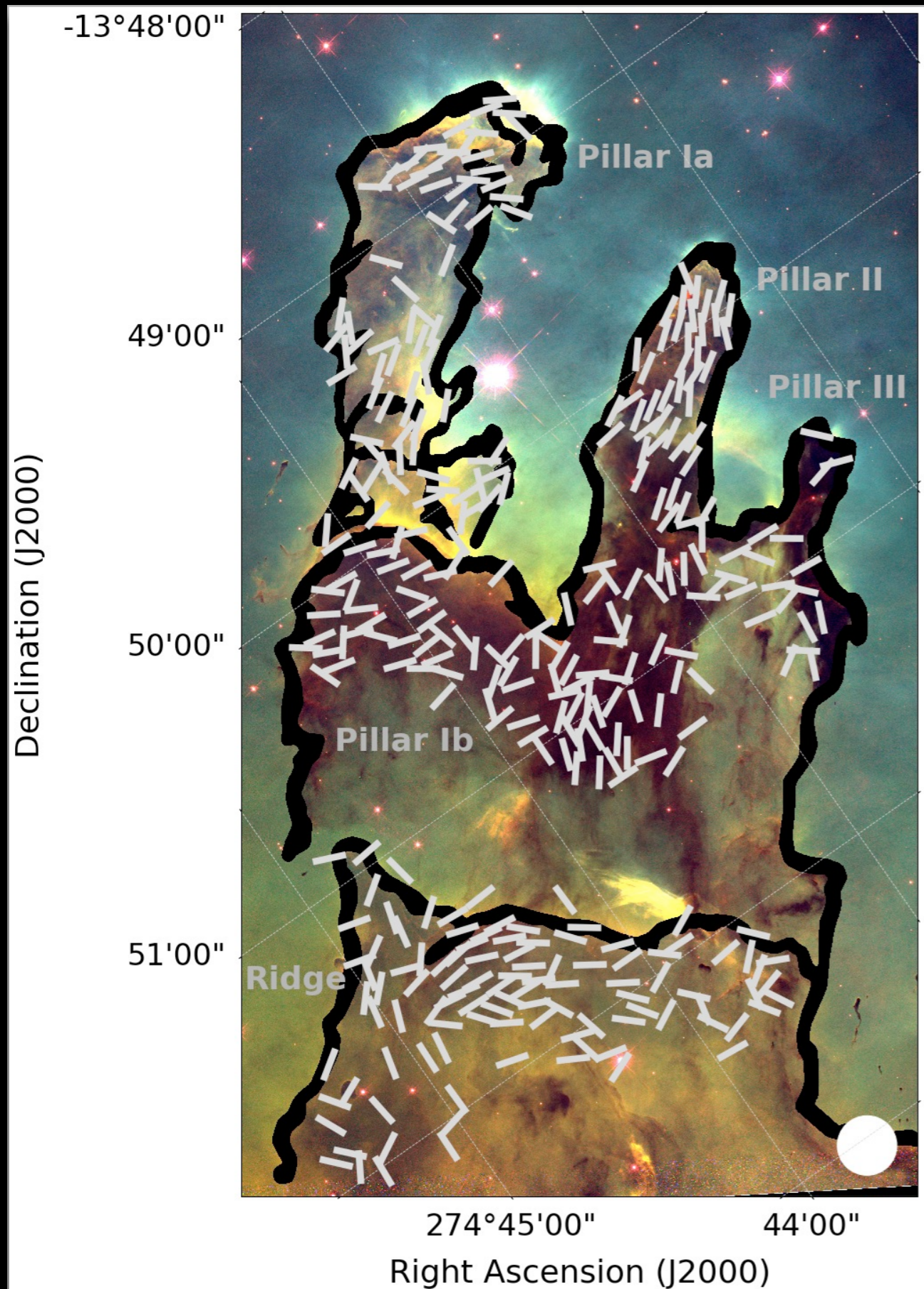
A research team using the James Clerk Maxwell Telescope (JCMT) has discovered the first stellar flare at submillimeter wavelengths — one that is 10 billion times more powerful than flares from our Sun. This finding, published January 20th in *The Astrophysical Journal*, can help scientists better understand the processes by which



BISTRO - Science Highlights

- ✦ Chandrasekhar-Fermi Method (Pattle et al. 2017)
- ✦ The results suggest:
 - ✦ Magnetic field strength & gravitational force between outflows in approximate balance
 - ✦ ‘Hourglass’ magnetic field shape may have been produced by gravitational interaction. Magnetic field may have been compressed until equilibrium was reached
 - ✦ On large scales, orientation of BN/KL outflow has, been determined by magnetic field



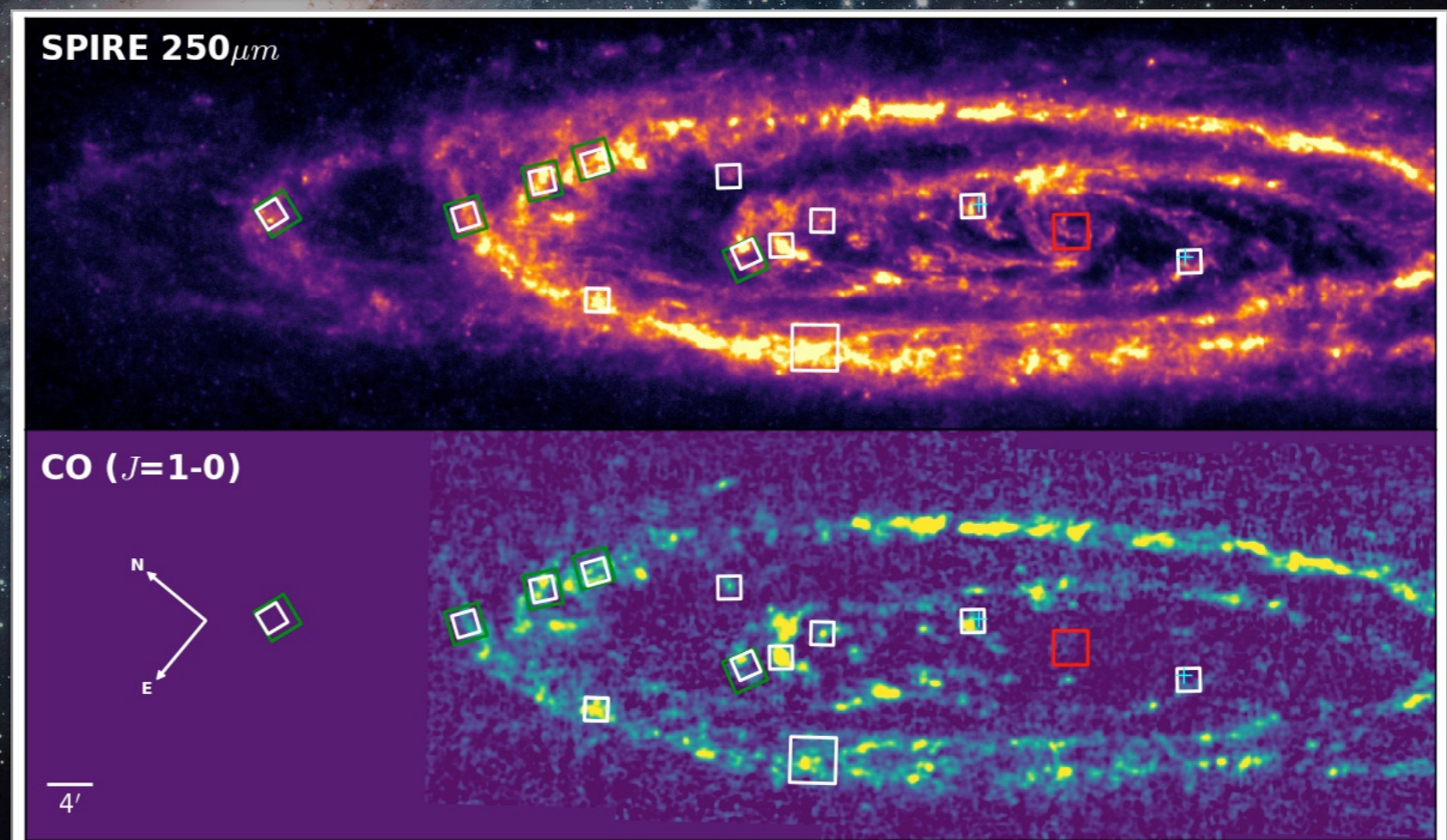


BISTRO: Pillars of Creation

- ✦ Magnetic field runs along the length of the pillars, at significantly different angle from field in surrounding ionized plasma
- ✦ Intermediate magnetic field strength for region of space which is forming stars

HASHTAG

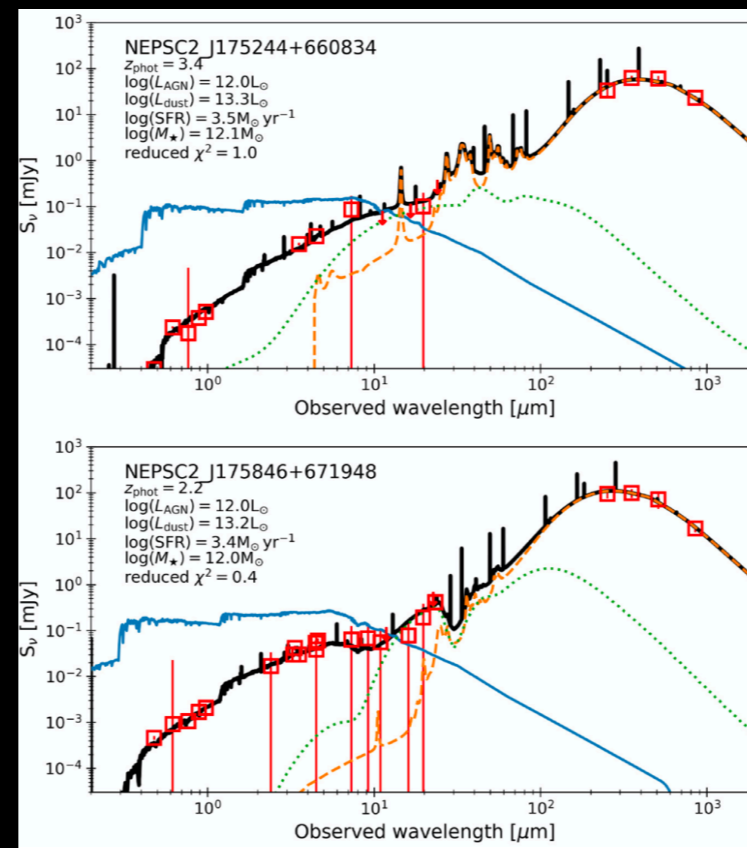
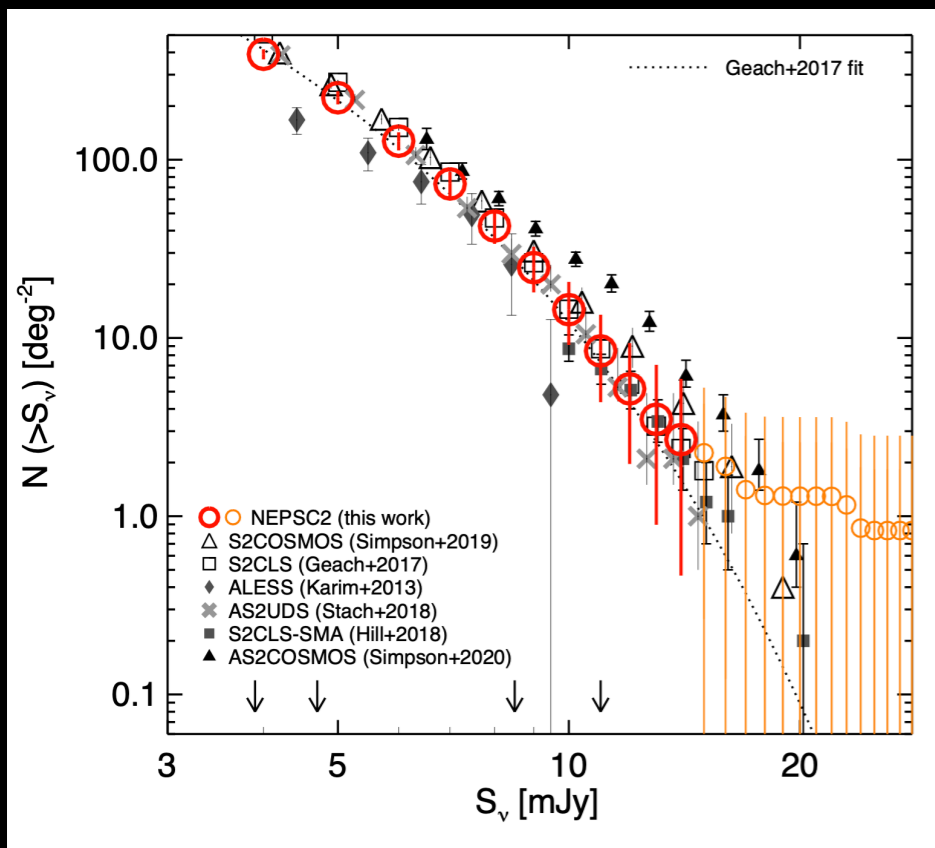
- ✦ Mapping **whole of Andromeda Galaxy (M31)** with SCUBA-2
- ✦ Also, selected regions with HARP
- ✦ Will tell us about:
 - ✦ Physics of dust
 - ✦ Interstellar Medium (ISM)
 - ✦ Star formation



The North Ecliptic Pole SCUBA-2 survey: 850- μm map and catalogue over 2 deg²

Shim, et al. MNRAS, 498:4, 5065–5079. 2020

Goal: Produce **deep (1-2.3 mJy) new map** of North Ecliptic Pole Region
and analyse **sources catalogued**



Left: Cumulative number counts of 850 μm sources in the 2 deg² around the NEP. Arrows mark the 50% and 80% completeness limits for regions with $\sigma = 1$ mJy and $\sigma = 2.3$ mJy.

Right: SEDs of two of the brightest sources from optical to submm wavelengths. Arrows represent 3σ upper limits and overplotted lines represent the best-fitting models

Results

★ Data have **extended the submm coverage by a factor of ~ 4** compared to previous surveys

★ **Source counts at 850 μm** are compared with other surveys.

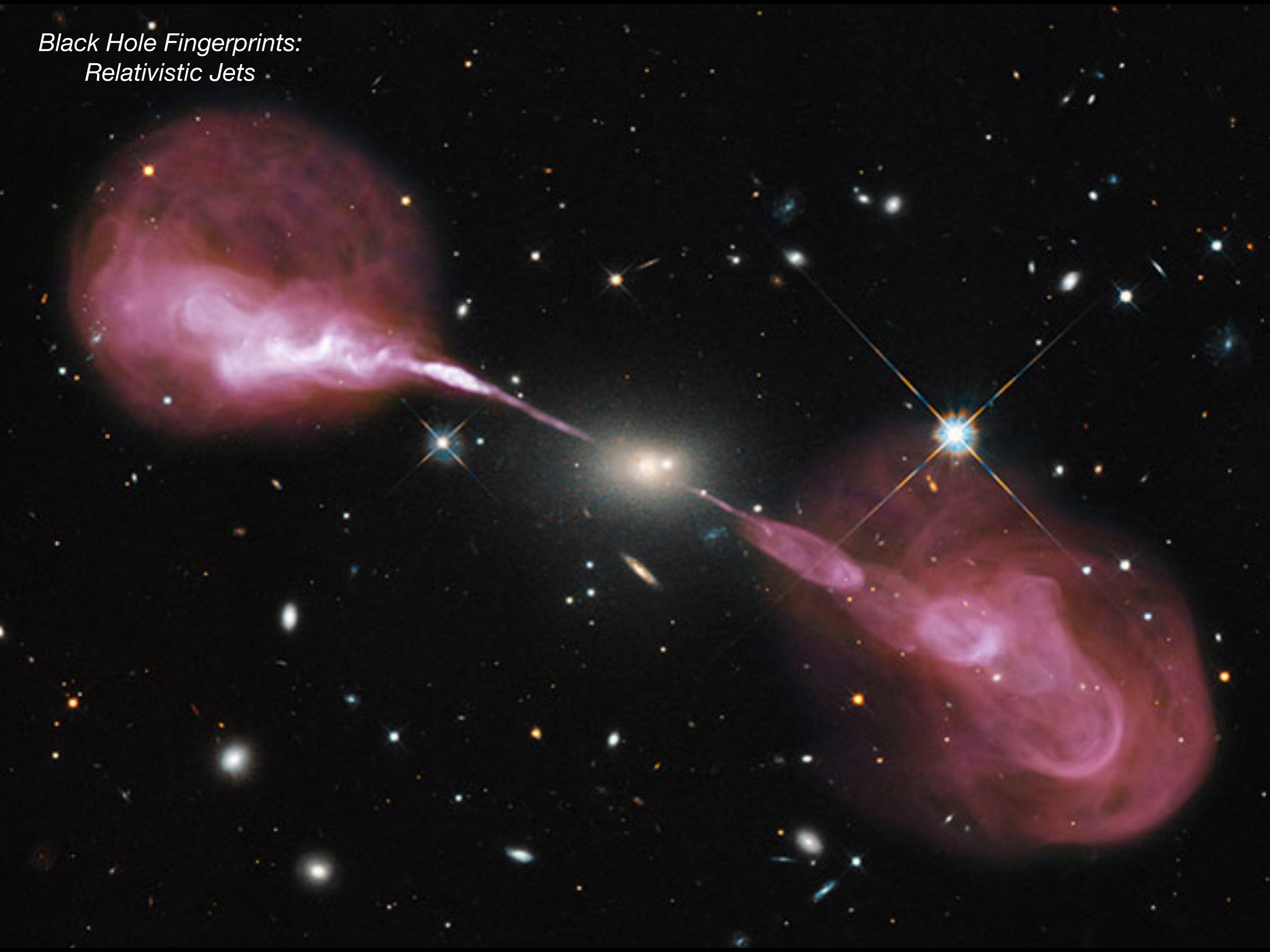
★ Valuable **long-wave information for mid-IR AKARI sources**

Overview

- ★ PI & Urgent queues
 - Recent Results
- ★ Large Programs
 - Recent Results
- ★ **The Event Horizon Telescope**
- ★ JCMT Data Archive



*Black Hole Fingerprints:
Relativistic Jets*

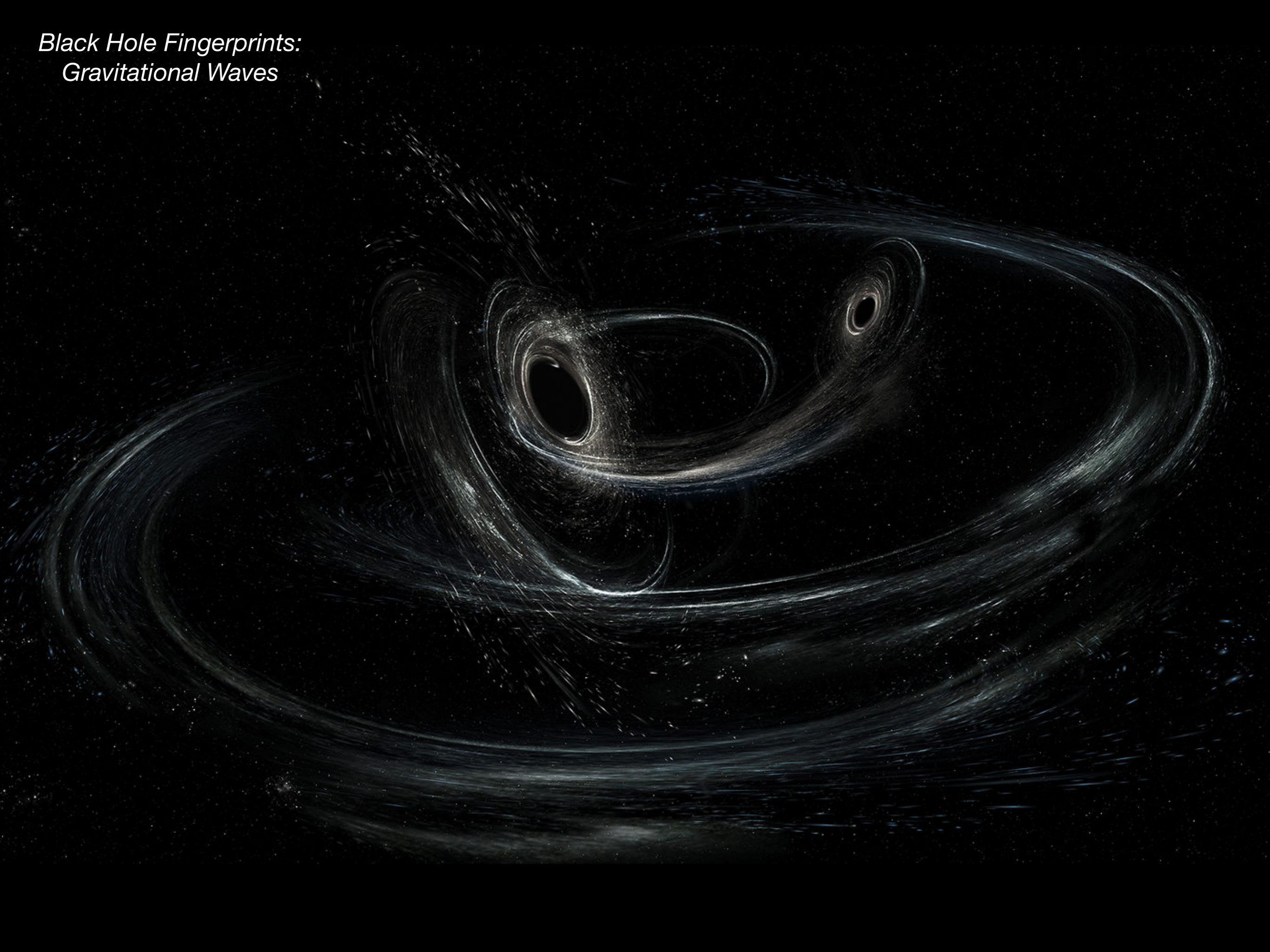


*Black Hole Fingerprints:
Stars Orbiting “nothing”*

X



*Black Hole Fingerprints:
Gravitational Waves*

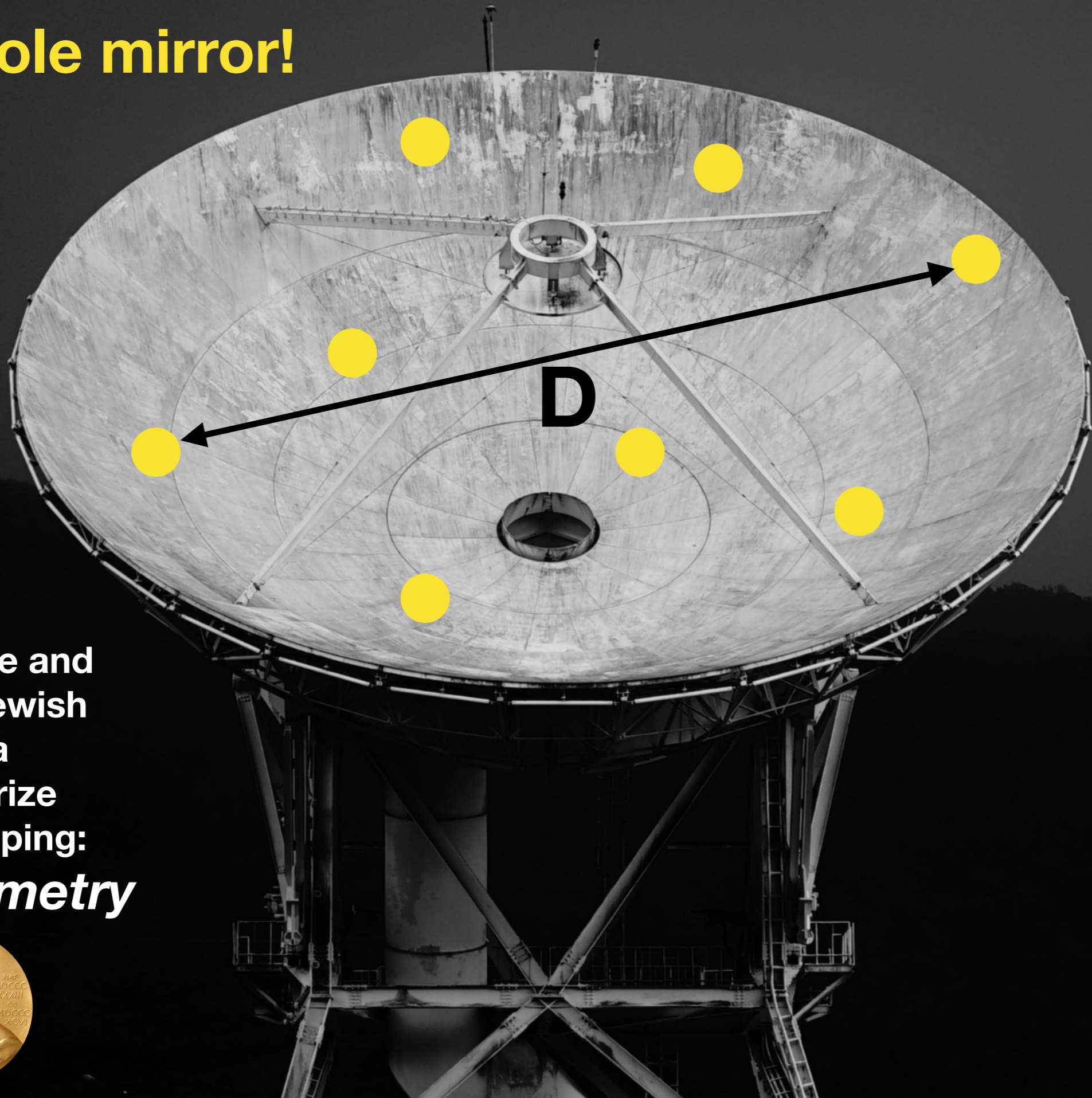


To observe a black hole directly....



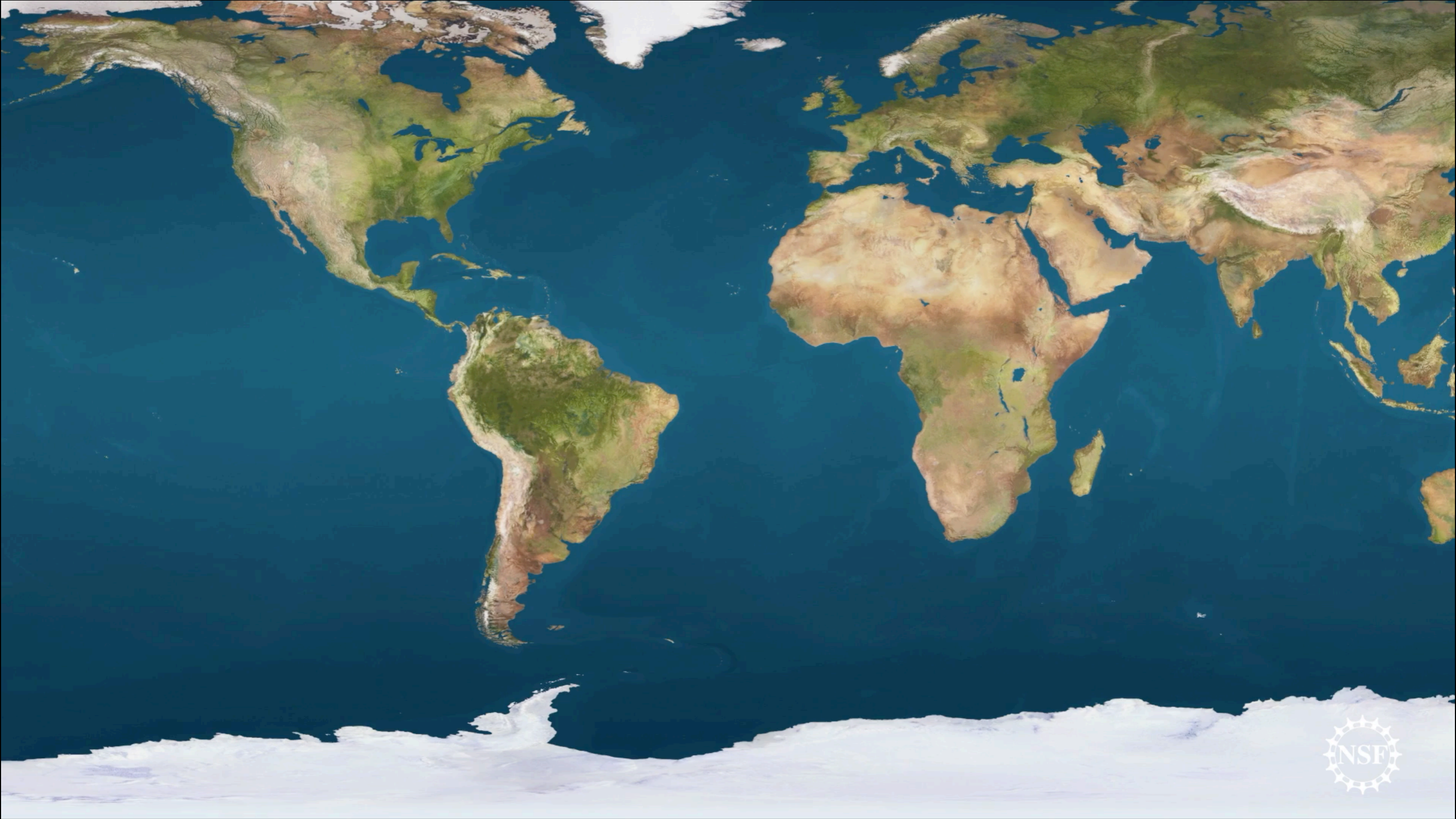
...Telescope Diameter = $\sim 13,000$ km

**But we don't need
the whole mirror!**



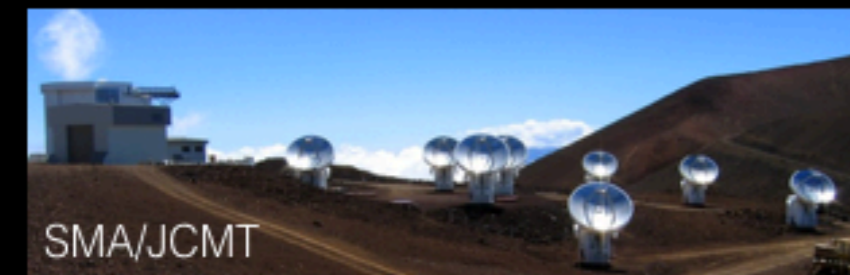
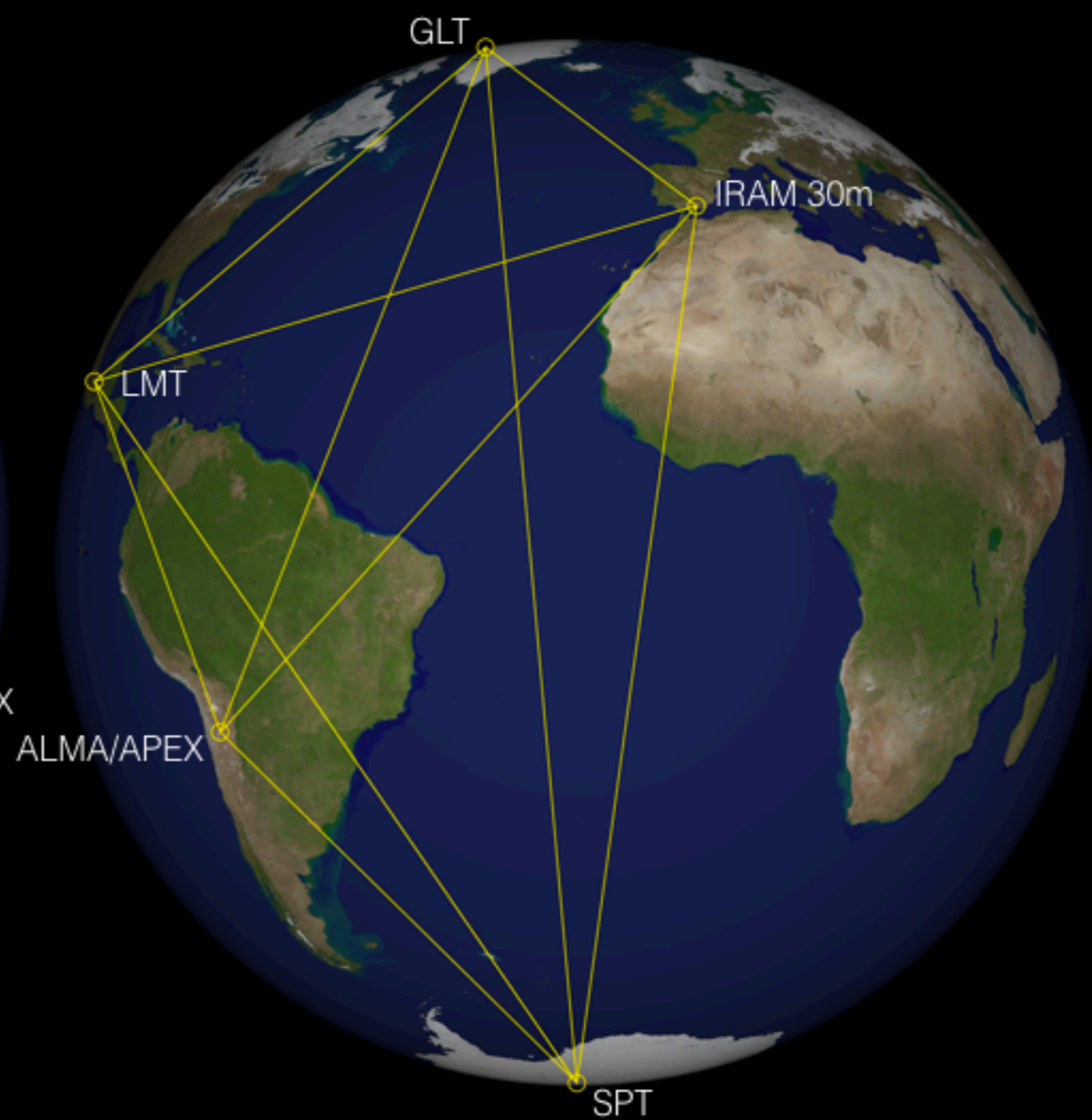
**Martin Ryle and
Antony Hewish
won a
Nobel Prize
for developing:
*Interferometry***







Event Horizon Telescope



SMA/JCMT



SMT



LMT



IRAM 30m



ALMA



SPT



GLT



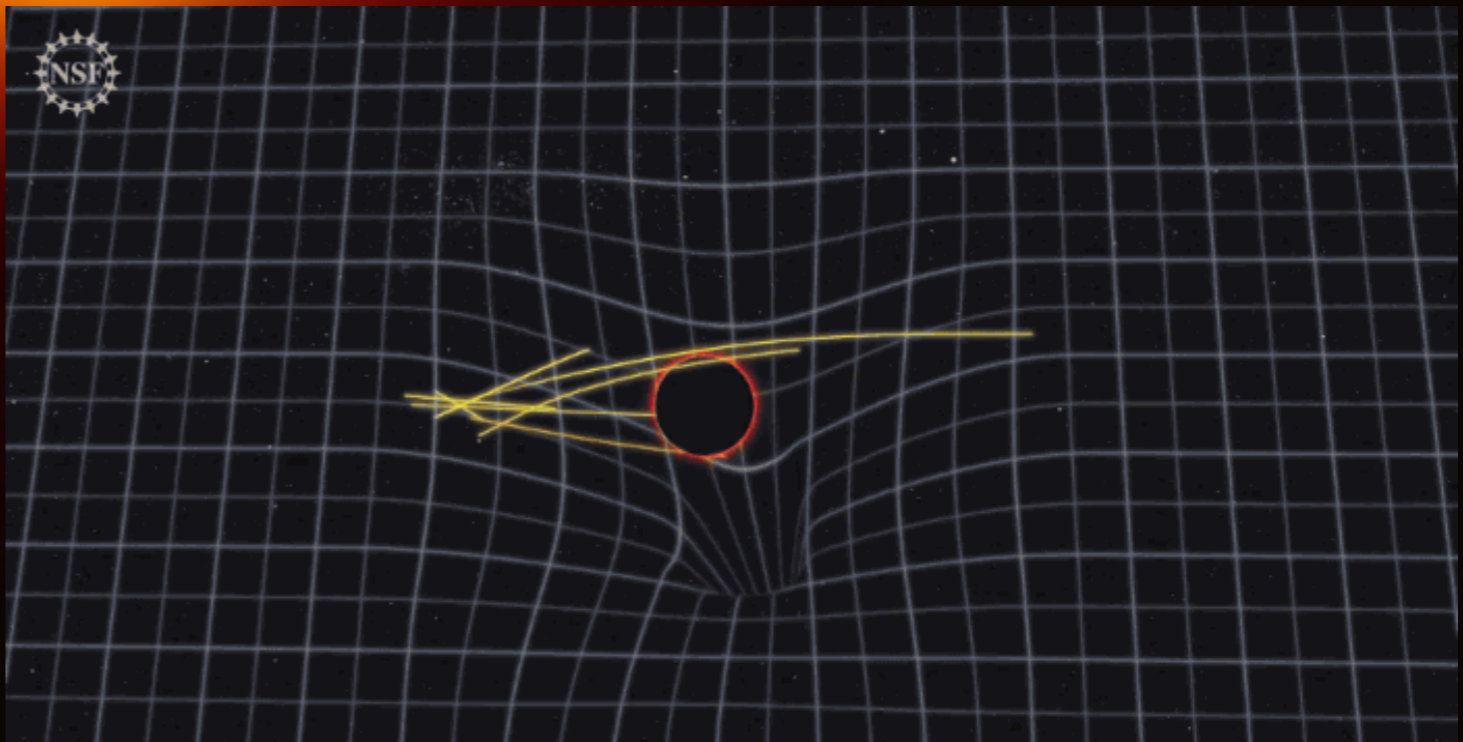
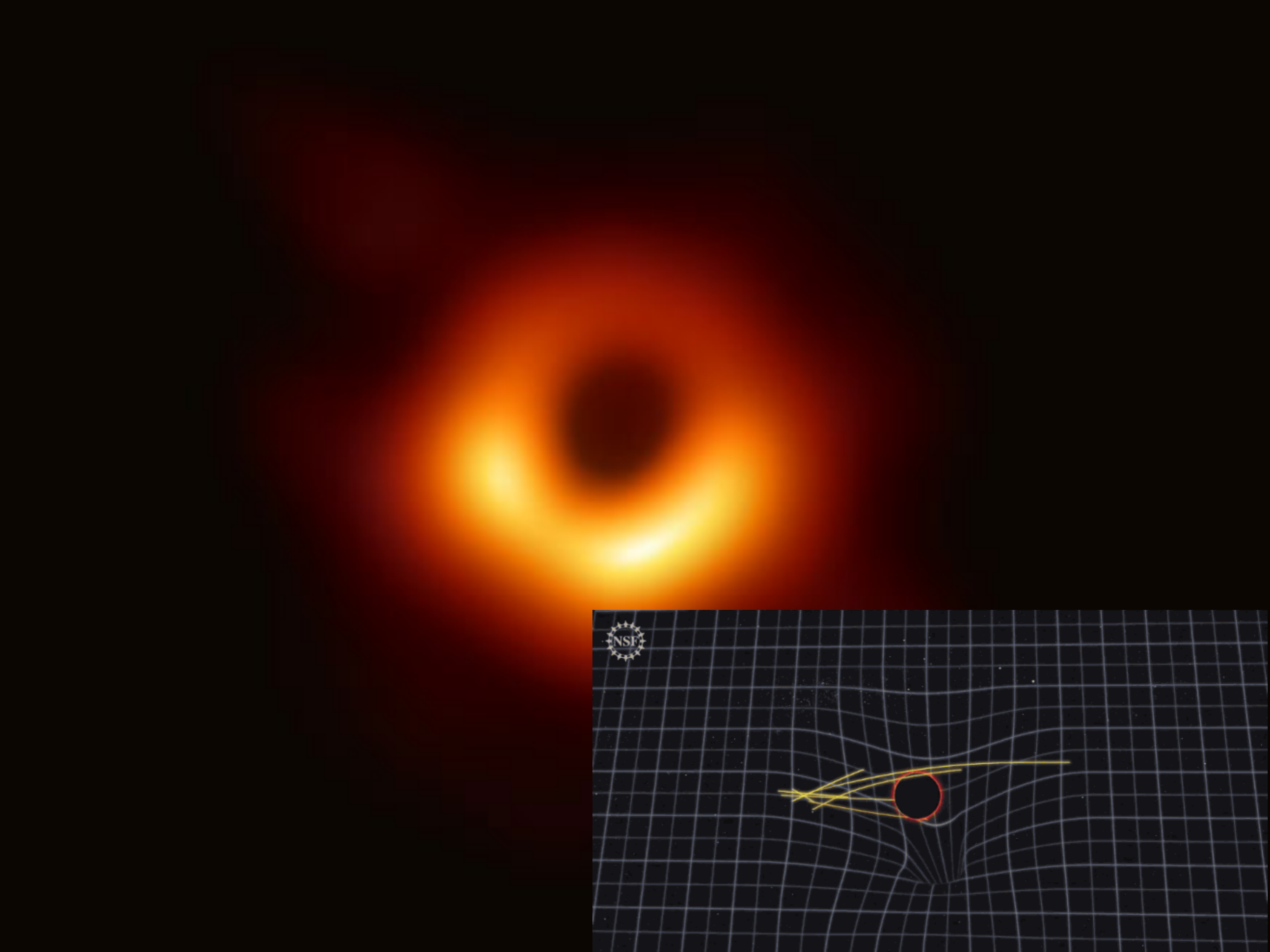
A massive project with many people involved!

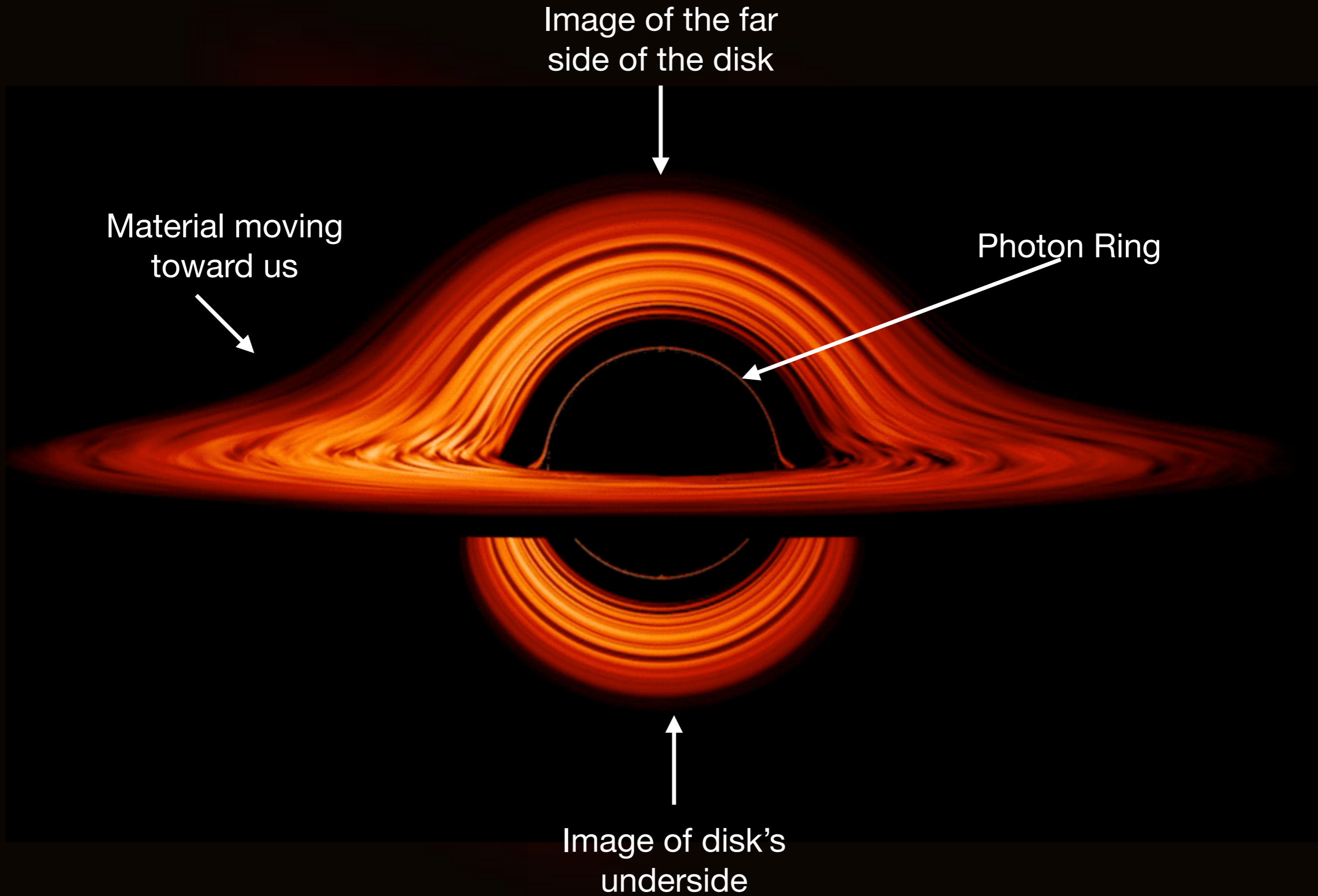
The Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration,

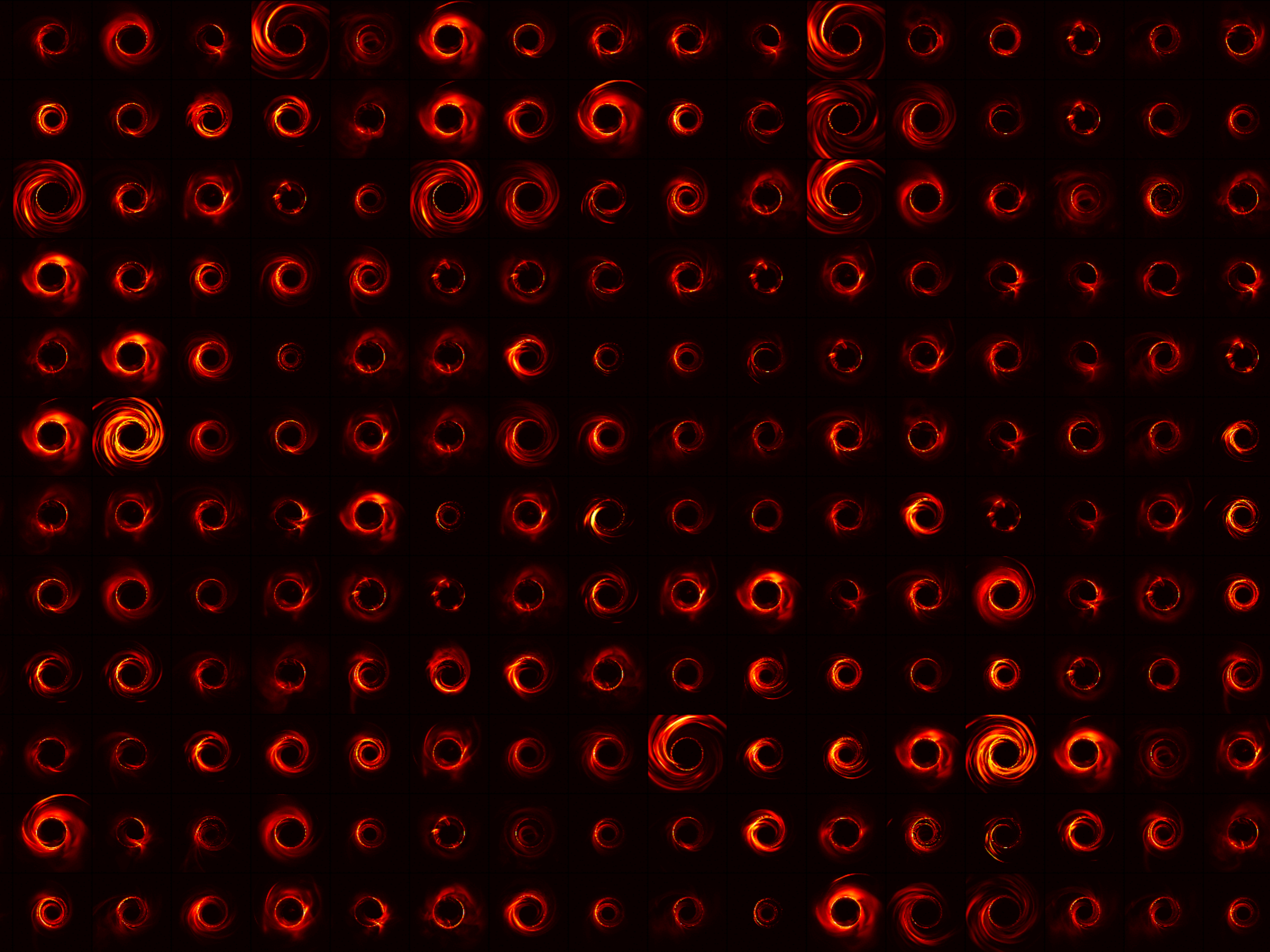
Kazunori Akiyama^{1,2,3,4}, Antxon Alberdi⁵, Walter Alef⁶, Keiichi Asada⁷, Rebecca Azulay^{8,9,6}, Anne-Kathrin Baczko⁶, David Ball¹⁰, Mislav Baloković^{4,11}, John Barrett², Dan Bintley¹², Lindy Blackburn^{4,11}, Wilfred Boland¹³, Katherine L. Bouman^{4,11,14}, Geoffrey C. Bower¹⁵, Michael Bremer¹⁶, Christiaan D. Brinkerink¹⁷, Roger Brissenden^{4,11}, Silke Britzen⁶, Avery E. Broderick^{18,19,20}, Dominique Brogiere¹⁶, Thomas Bronzwaer¹⁷, Do-Young Byun^{21,22}, John E. Carlstrom^{23,24,25,26}, Andrew Chael^{4,11}, Chi-kwan Chan^{10,27}, Shami Chatterjee²⁸, Koushik Chatterjee²⁹, Ming-Tang Chen¹⁵, Yongjun Chen (陈永军)^{30,31}, Ilje Cho^{21,22}, Pierre Christian^{10,11}, John E. Conway³², James M. Cordes²⁸, Geoffrey B. Crew⁷, Yuzhu Cui^{33,34}, Jordy Davelaar¹⁷, Mariafelicia De Laurentis^{35,36,37}, Roger Deane^{38,39}, Jessica Dempsey¹², Gregory Desvignes⁶, Jason Dexter⁴⁰, Sheperd S. Doeleman^{4,11}, Ralph P. Eatough⁶, Heino Falcke¹⁷, Vincent L. 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Coulson¹², Thomas M. Crawford^{24,25}, Joseph Crowley¹⁰⁸, John David⁸⁴, Mark Derome², Matthew Dexter¹⁰⁹, Sven Dornbusch⁶, Kevin A. Duvetoir^{2,144}, Sergio A. Dzib⁶, Andreas Eckart^{6,110}, Chris Eckert², Neal R. Erickson⁷⁶, Wendeline B. Everett¹¹¹, Aaron Faber¹¹², Joseph R. Farah^{4,11,113}, Vernon Fath⁷⁶, Thomas W. Folkers¹⁰, David C. Forbes¹⁰, Robert Freund¹⁰, Arturo I. Gómez-Ruiz^{105,106}, David M. Gale¹⁰⁵, Feng Gao^{30,40}, Gertie Geertsema¹¹⁴, David A. Graham⁶, Christopher H. Greer¹⁰, Ronald Grosslein⁷⁶, Frédéric Gueth¹⁶, Daryl Haggard^{115,116,117}, Nils W. Halverson¹¹⁸, Chih-Chiang Han⁷, Kuo-Chang Han¹⁰⁷, Jinchi Hao¹⁰⁷, Yutaka Hasegawa⁷, Jason W. Henning^{23,119}, Antonio Hernández-Gómez^{67,120}, Rubén Herrero-Illana¹²¹, Stefan Heyminck⁶, Akihiko Hirota^{3,7}, James Hoge¹², Yau-De Huang⁷, C. M. Violette Impellizzeri^{7,1}, Homin Jiang⁷, Atish Kamble^{4,11}, Ryan Keisler²⁵, Kimihiro Kimura⁷, Yusuke Kono³, Derek Kubo¹²², John Kuroda¹², Richard Lacasse¹⁰², Robert A. 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	Vincent Fish (MIT)
	Charles Gammie (U. Illinois)
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<u>Active Galactic Nuclei</u> :	Svetlana Jorstad, Thomas Krichbaum, Neil Nagar
<u>Pulsars</u> :	Jim Cordes, Michael Kramer, Scott Ransom
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<u>Outreach</u> :	Mislav Baloković, Eduardo Ros, Fumie Tazaki







XKCD

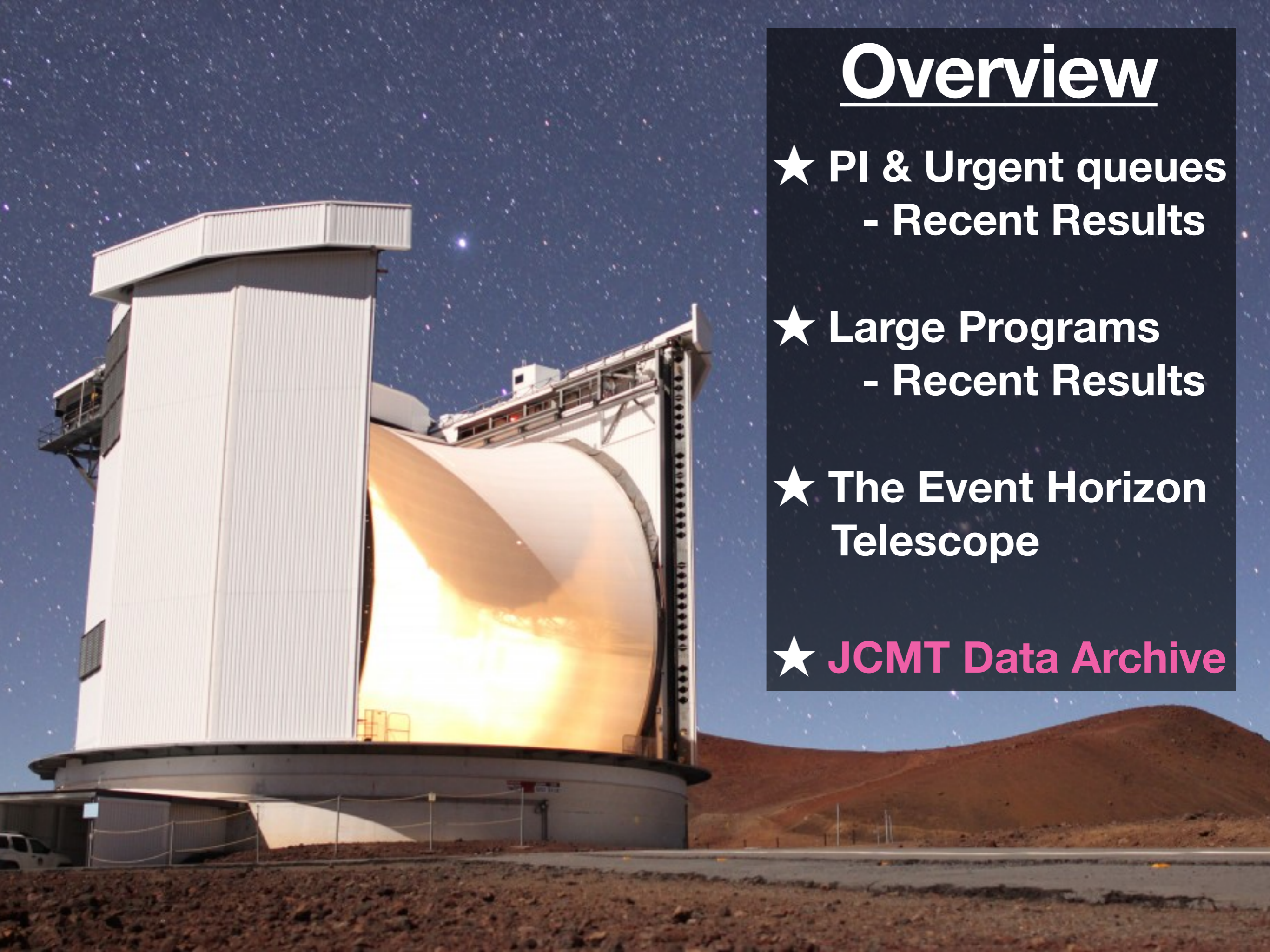
SIZE COMPARISON: THE M87 BLACK HOLE AND OUR SOLAR SYSTEM

EHT BLACK HOLE IMAGE
SOURCE: NSF



Overview

- ★ PI & Urgent queues
- Recent Results
- ★ Large Programs
- Recent Results
- ★ The Event Horizon Telescope
- ★ JCMT Data Archive

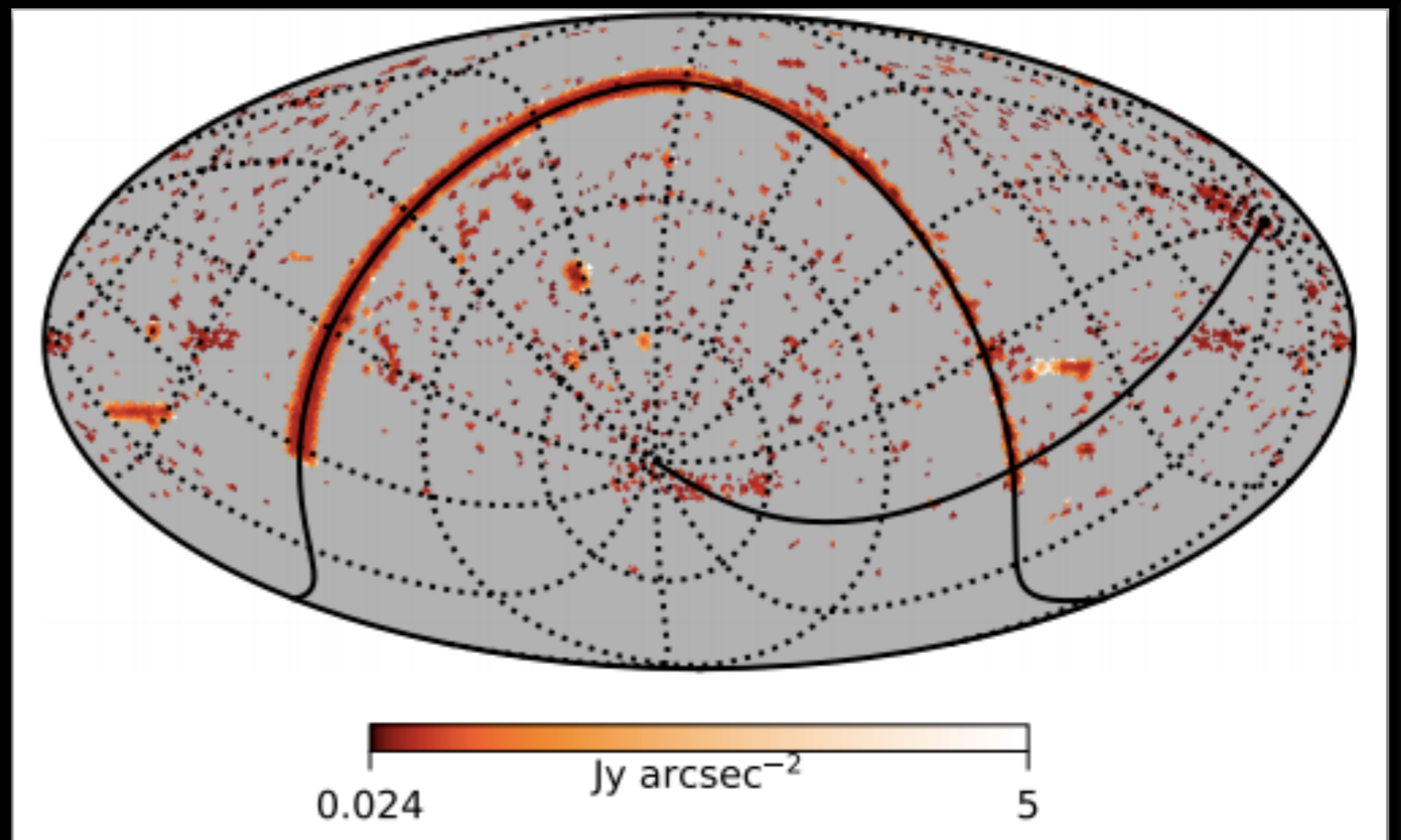


Data Archive Power

THE JCMT LEGACY RELEASE 2: SCUBA-2 850 μ m CO-ADDS AND CATALOGS

SARAH F. GRAVES^{1,2}, GRAHAM S. BELL¹, DAVID S. BERRY¹, IAIN M. COULSON¹, MALCOLM J. CURRIE^{3,7}, JESSICA T. DEMPSEY¹, PER FRIBERG¹, TIM JENNESS⁴, DOUG JOHNSTONE^{5,6,7}, HARRIET A. L. PARSONS¹, MARK G. RAWLINGS¹, HOLLY S. THOMAS⁷, AND JAN G. A. WOUTERLOOT¹

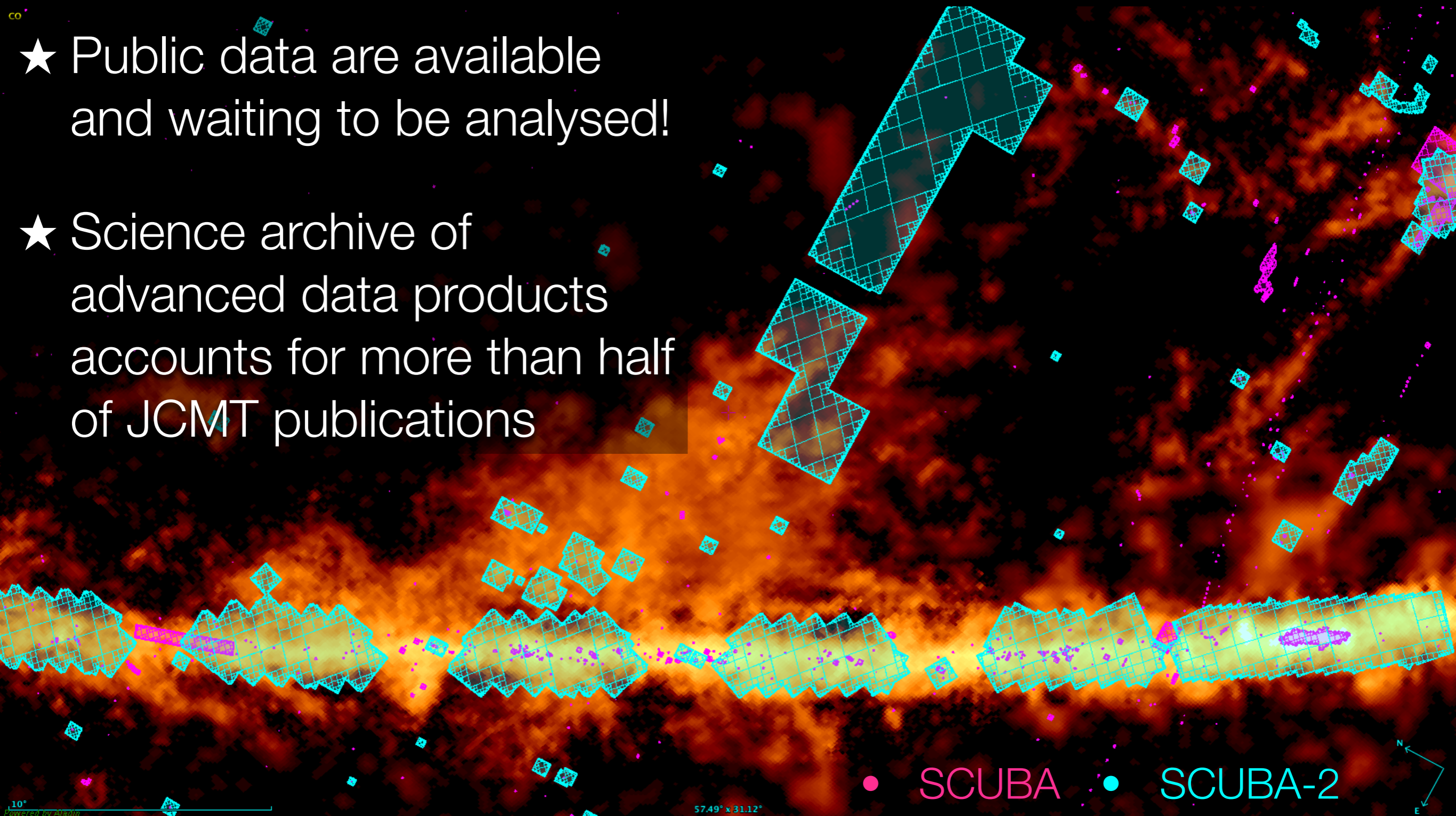
- SCUBA legacy catalogue continues to produce highest number of JCMT papers
- Especially for non-experts, key to high impact is easily accessible, calibrated, trusted data
- New JCMT legacy releases intended to continue this trend



JCMT Science Archive

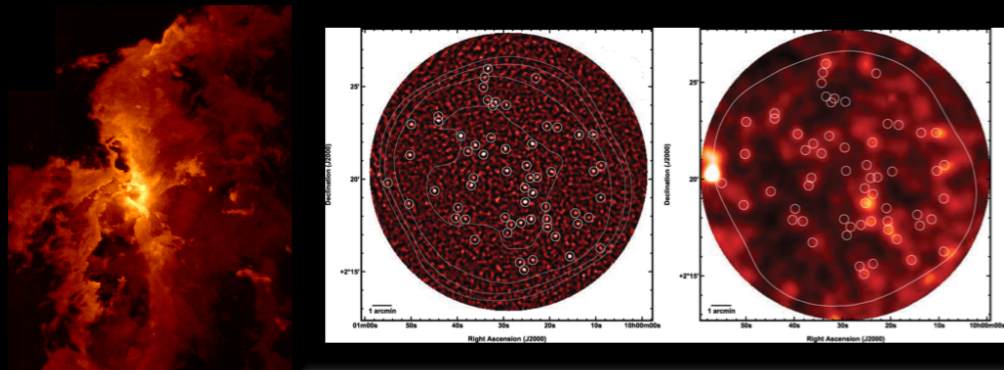
<http://www.cadc-ccda.hia-ihp.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/en/jcmt/>

- ★ Public data are available and waiting to be analysed!
- ★ Science archive of advanced data products accounts for more than half of JCMT publications

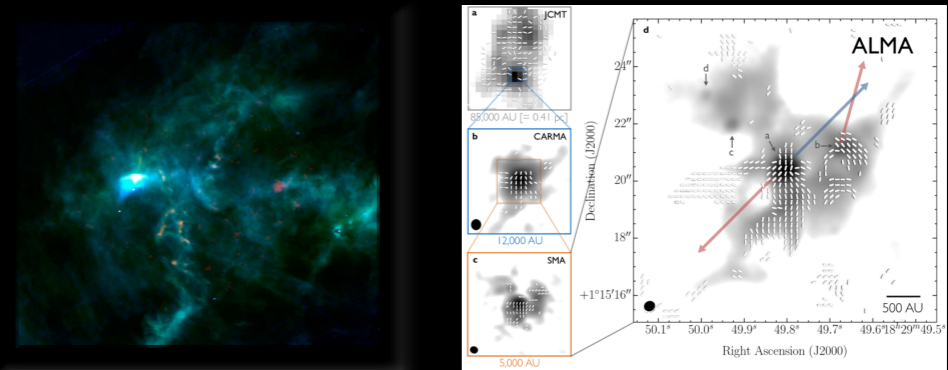


Summary

- ★ JCMT observes gas and dust both near and far!

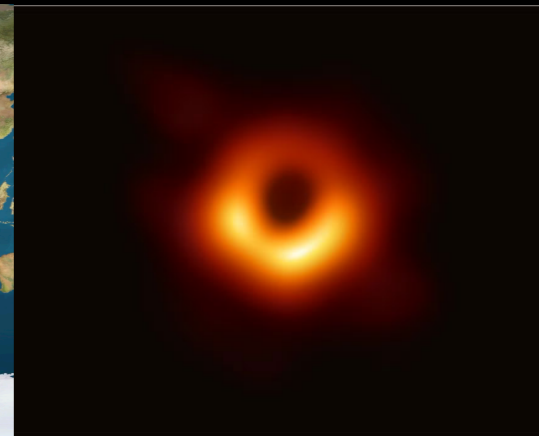
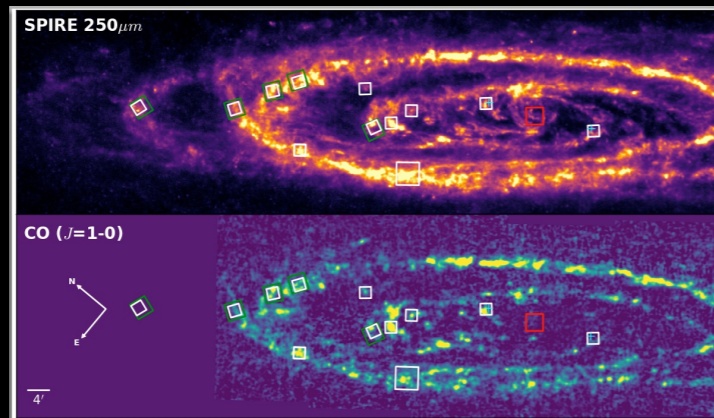
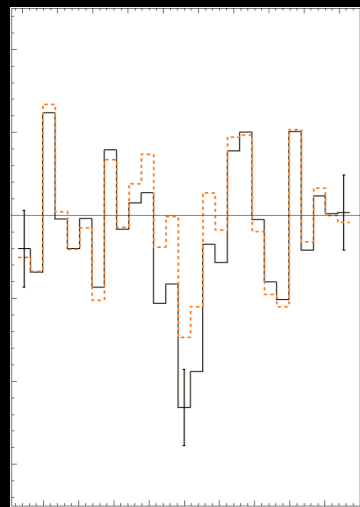


- ★ Very complementary to satellite/interferometry data



- ★ 50% PI queue and 50% LAP queue - lots of science!

- ★ Essential piece of the Event Horizon Telescope - black holes!



- ★ Public data are available!

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