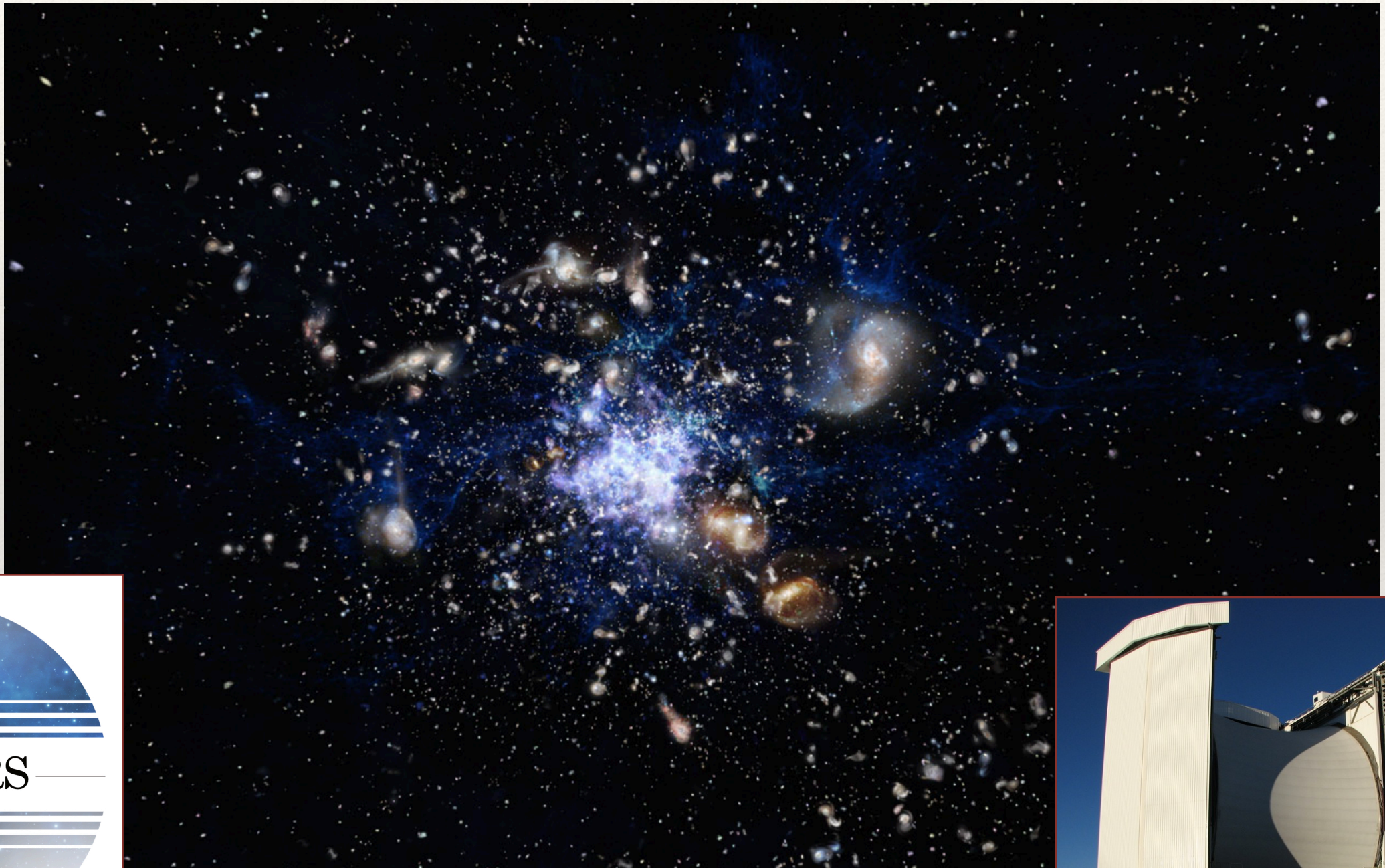
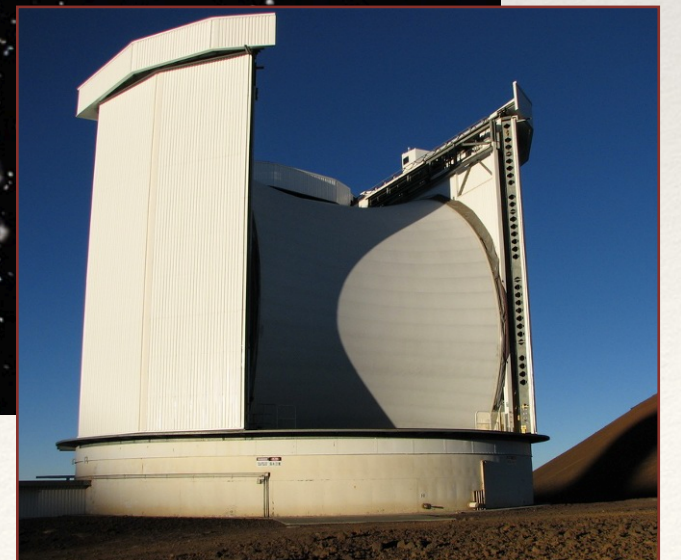


RAGERS - The Radio Galaxy Environment Reference Survey

Thomas R. Greve (UCL/DAWN)
+ the rest of the RAGERS Team



Credit: ESO/M. Kornmesser



RAGERS - The Radio Galaxy Environment Reference Suvey

Thomas R. Greve (UCL/DAWN)
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OUTLINE

- Motivation
- RAGERS in a Nutshell
- Status & Preliminary Results
- Followup Efforts

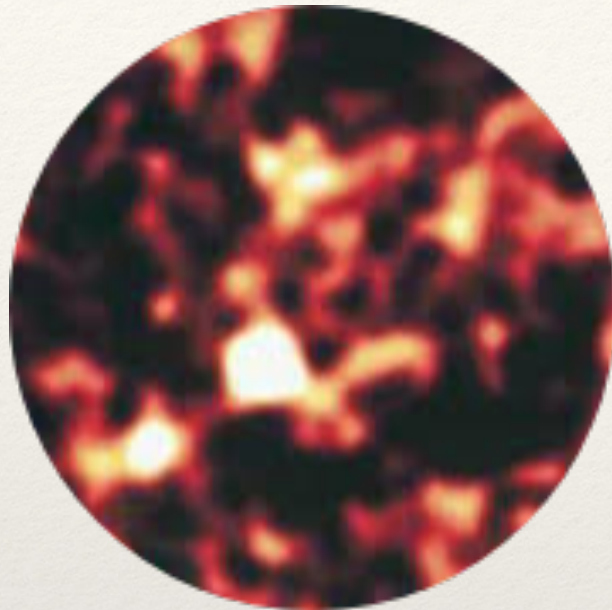


Credit: ESO/M. Kornmesser



What is the SMG-HzRG Connection?

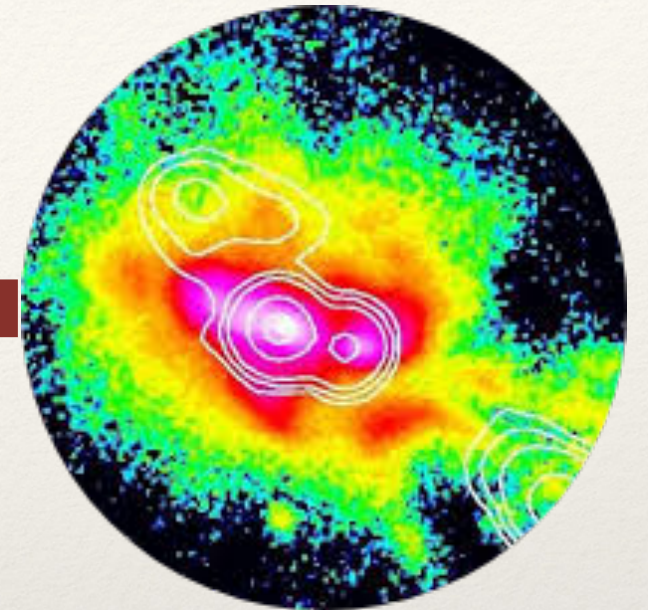
Bright SMGs become today's massive ellipticals



BCGs & Galaxy Clusters Today

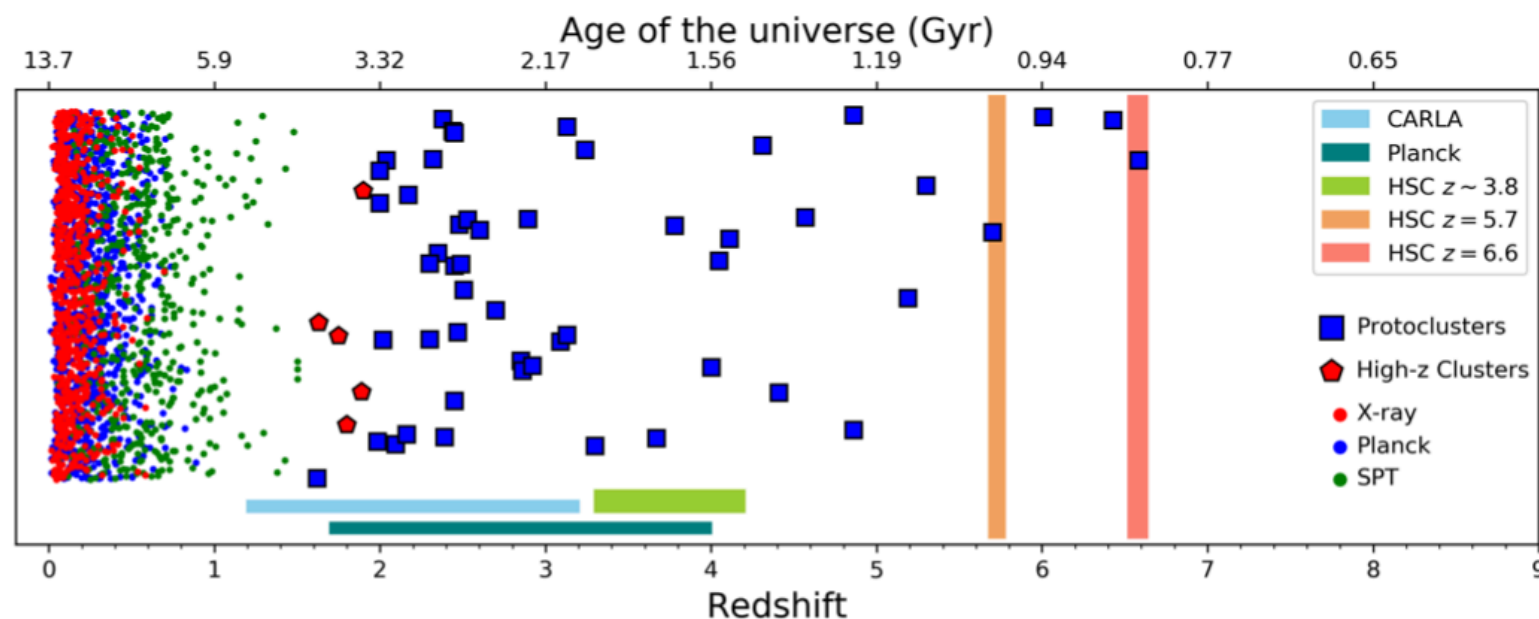


High-z Radio Galaxies (HzRGs) beacons of protoclusters



Expectation: an increase in SMG sources around HzRGs wrt the field — especially around Cosmic Noon where the Cosmic Starformation Density peaks.

Overzier+19



NIR imaging

X-ray selection

Millimeter selection

SZ effect

Ly-alpha NB imaging

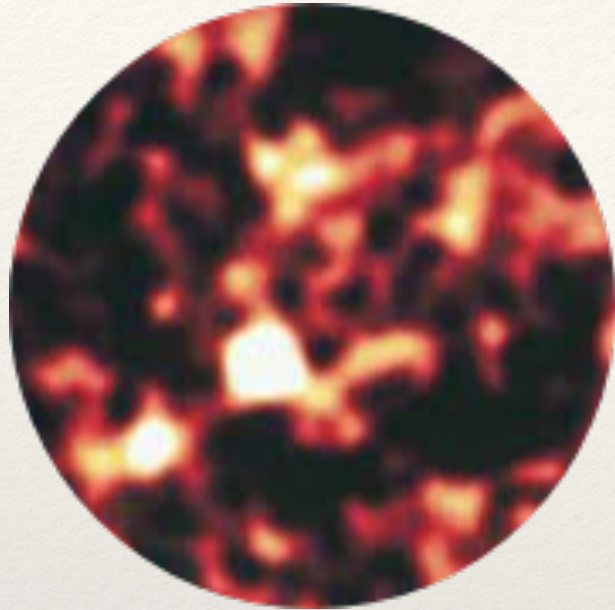
Deep and large-area OIR surveys

Large spectroscopic surveys

Targetting environments of massive AGN and QSO

What is the SMG-HzRG Connection?

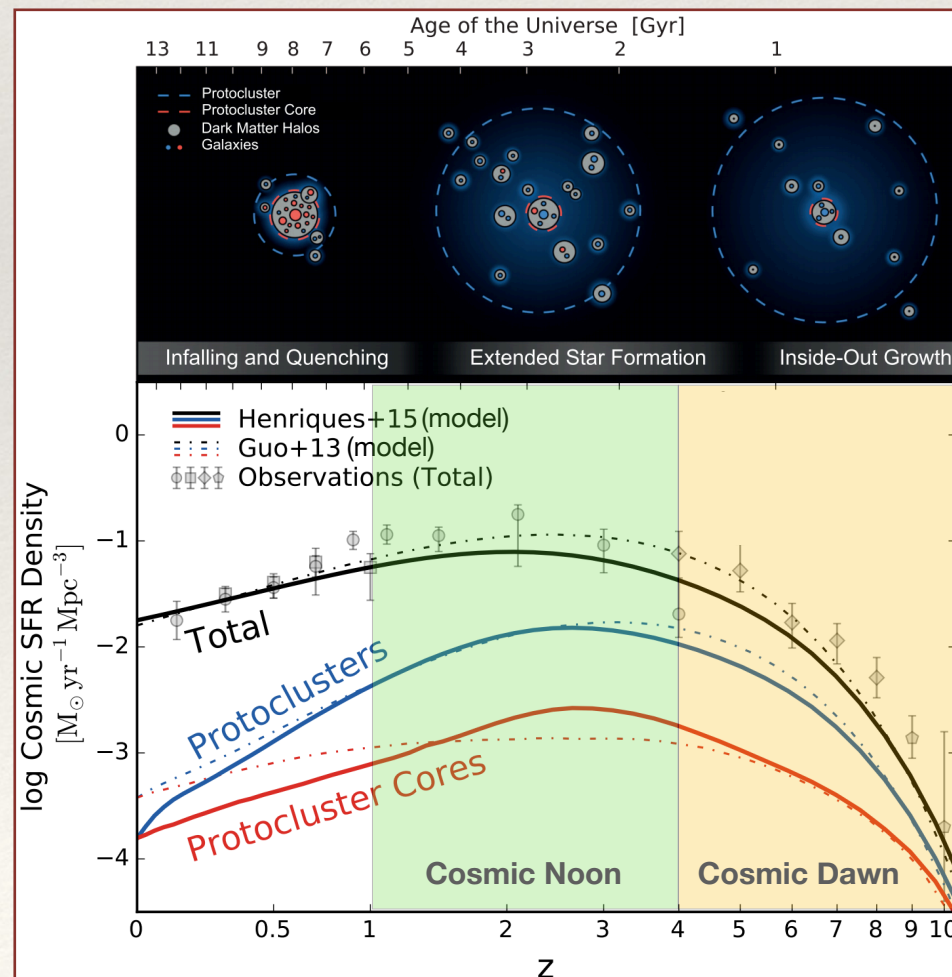
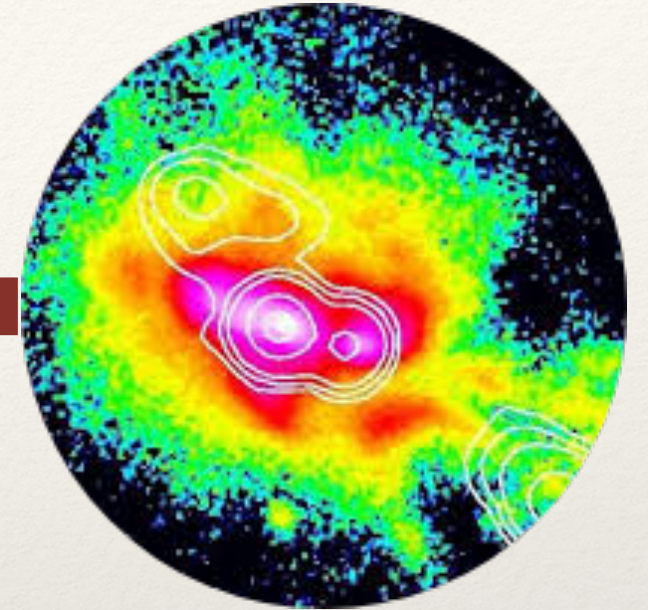
Bright SMGs become today's massive ellipticals



BCGs & Galaxy Clusters Today



High-z Radio Galaxies (HzRGs) beacons of protoclusters

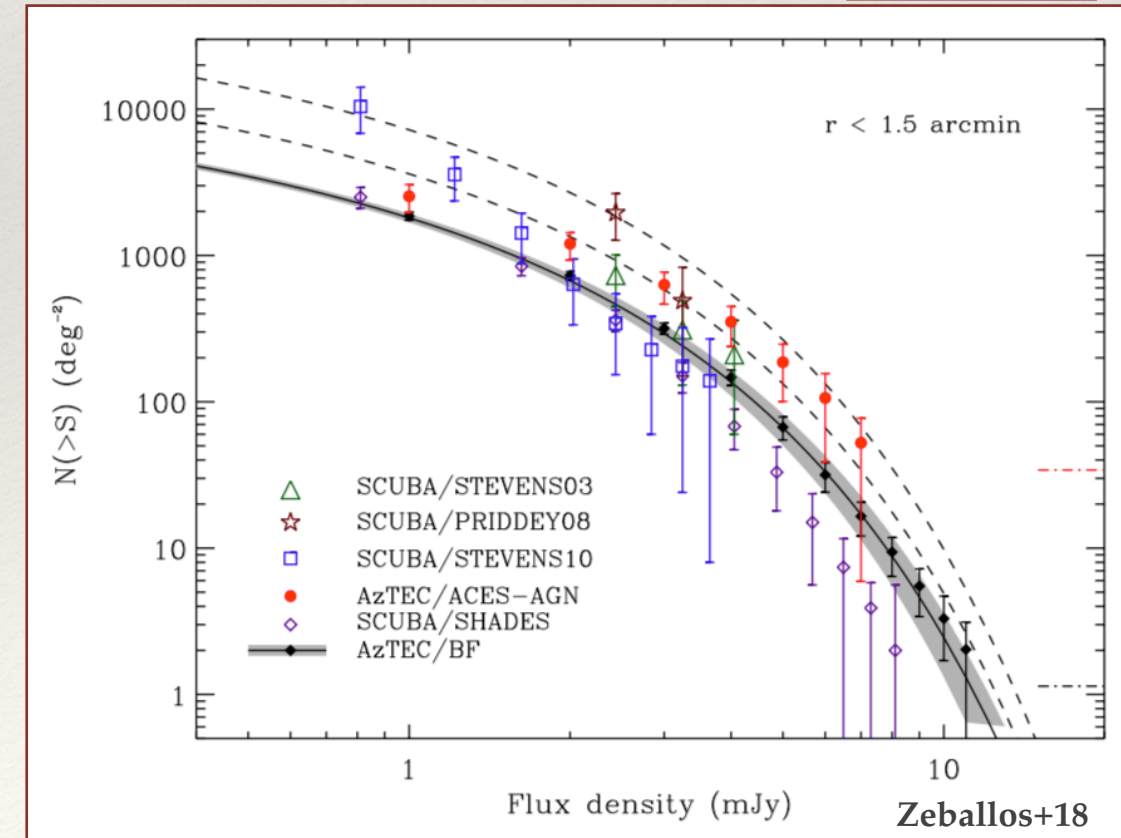
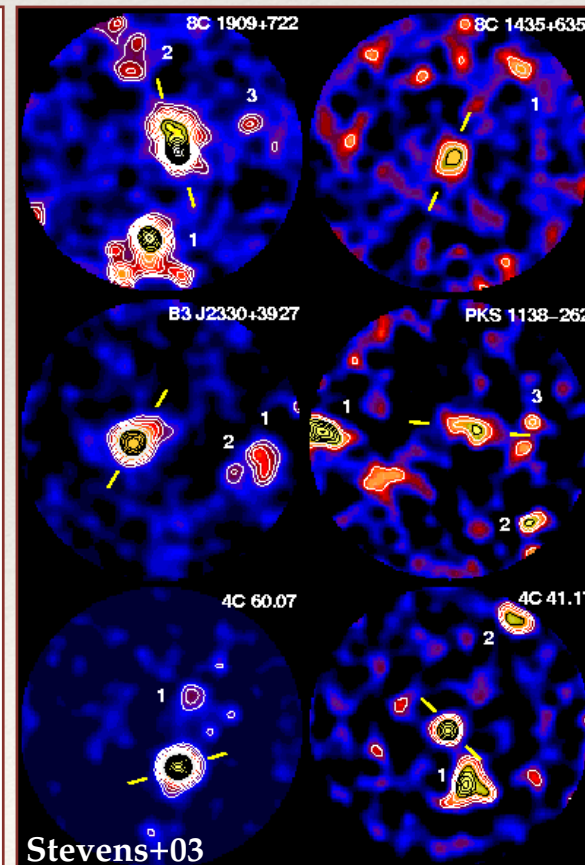
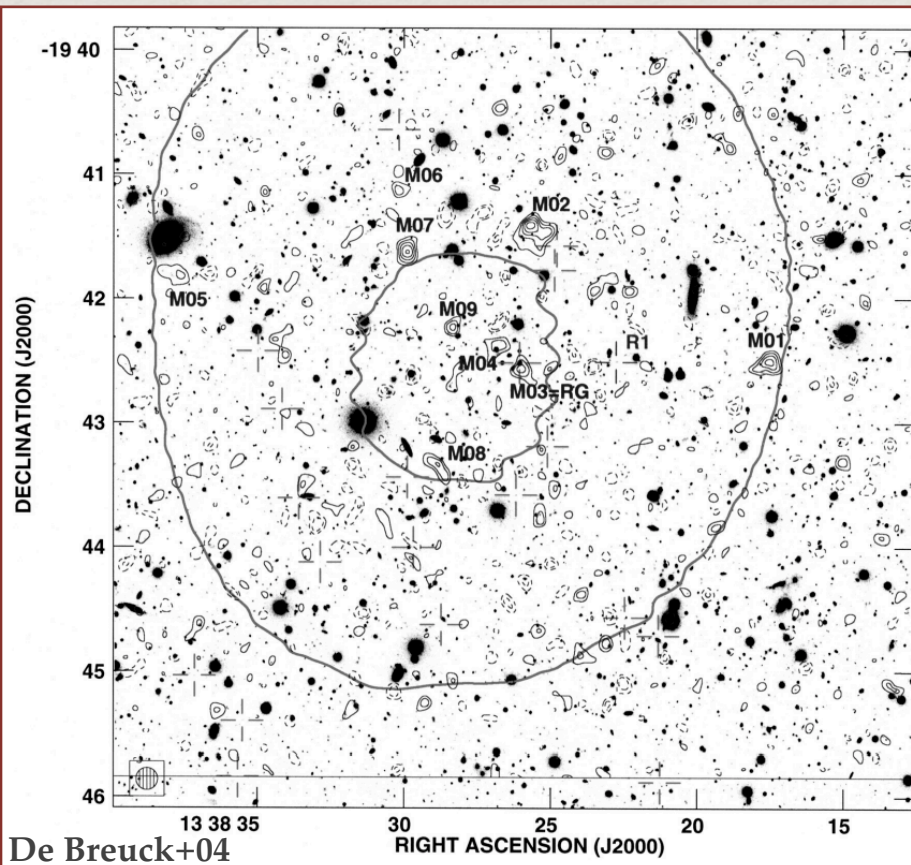
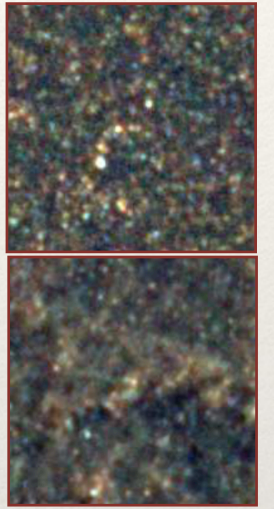
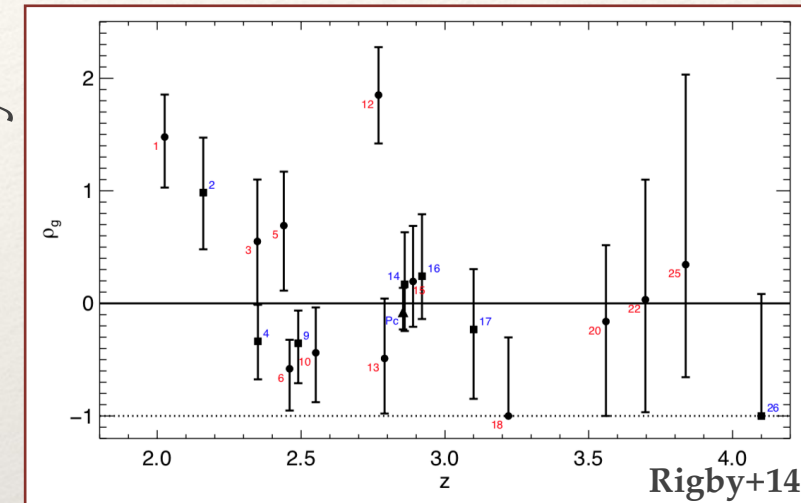


The Dusty Environments of HzRGs

- High central SMG overdensities ($\sim 7\times$ the field) in the most luminous HzRGs
- Follow-up studies of these extreme systems have lead to important new insights (See works by Jin, Lee, Gullberg, Dannerbauer)

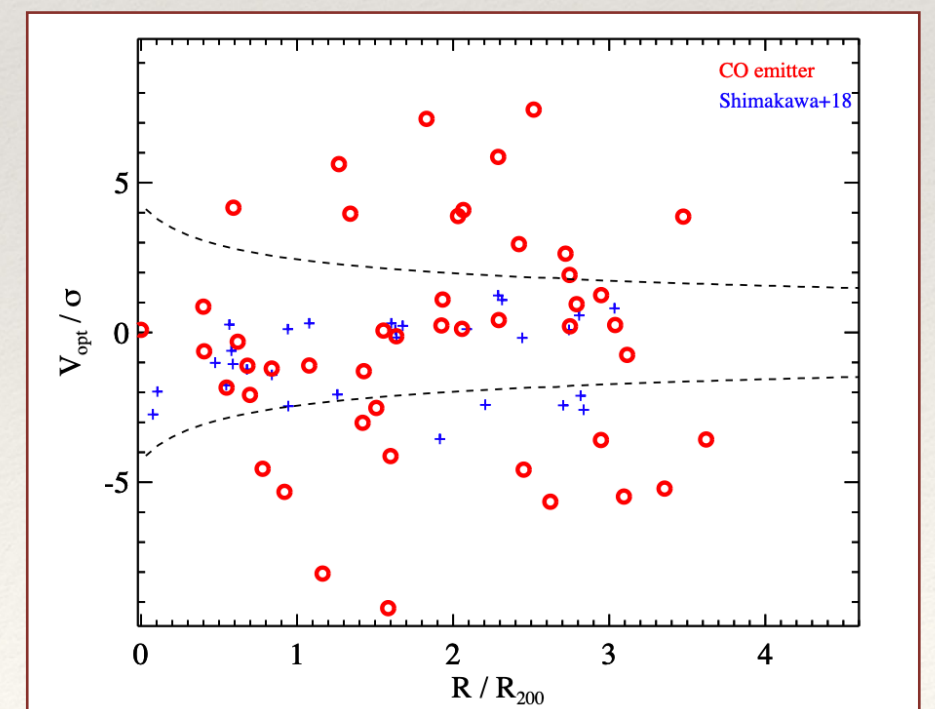
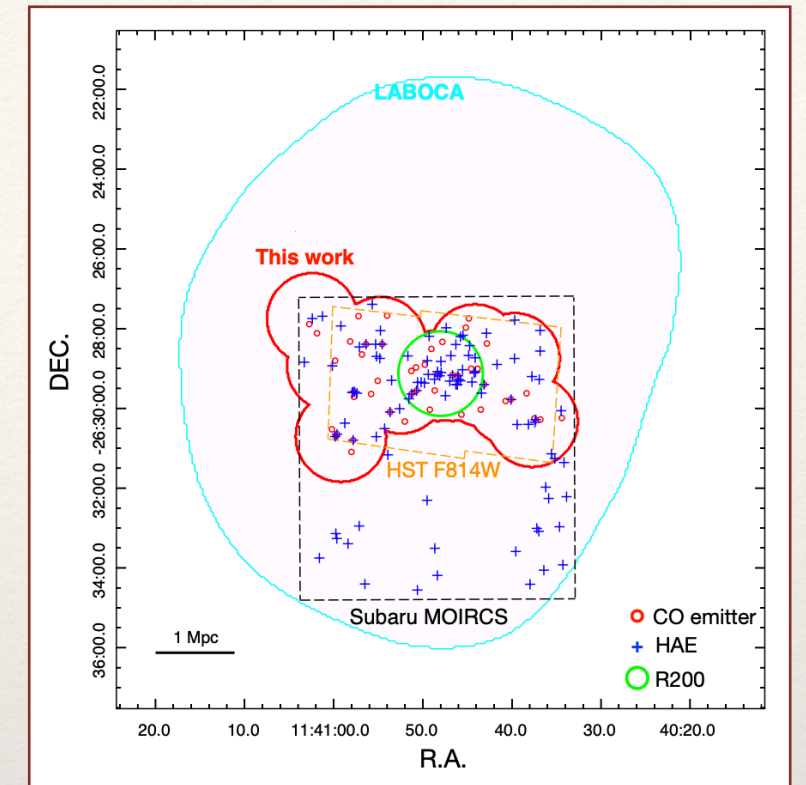
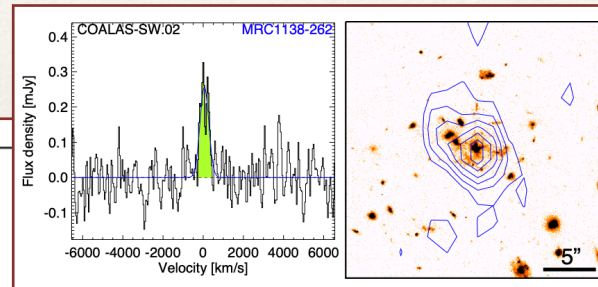
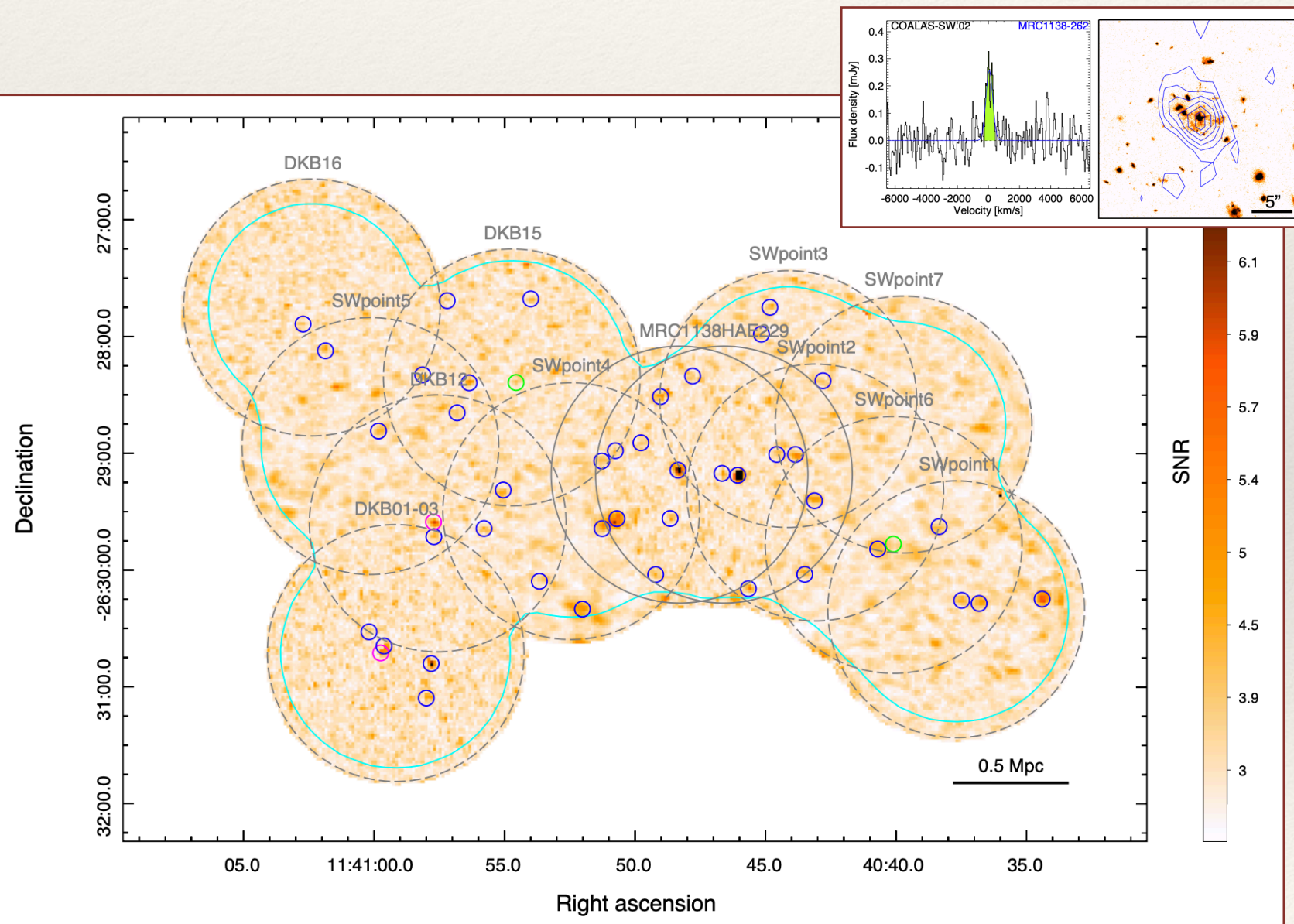
- But moderate to no overdensity on less luminous HzRGs

overdensity



The Dusty Environments of HzRGs

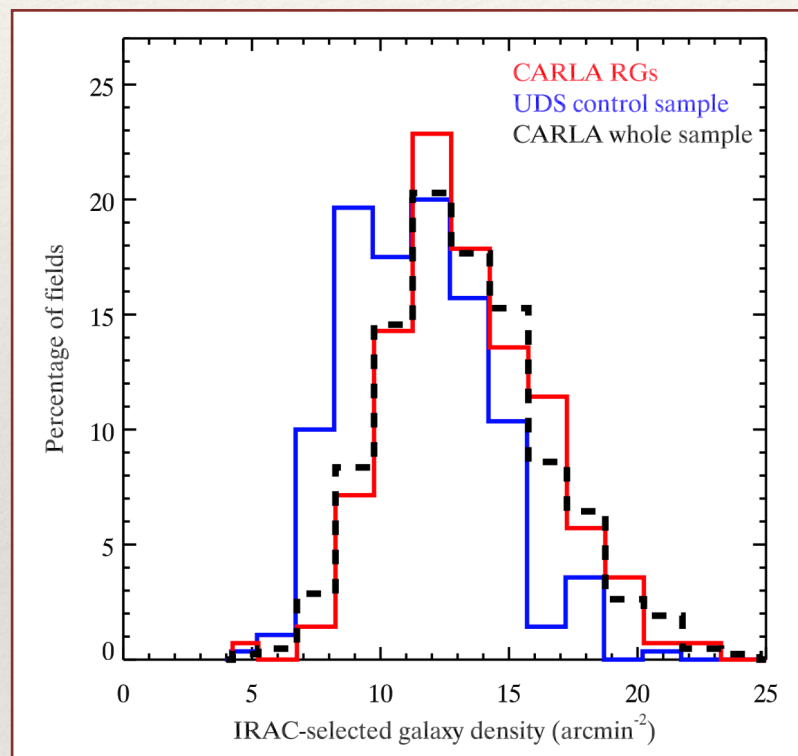
The $z = 2.16$ Spiderweb Galaxy - a Treasure Trove



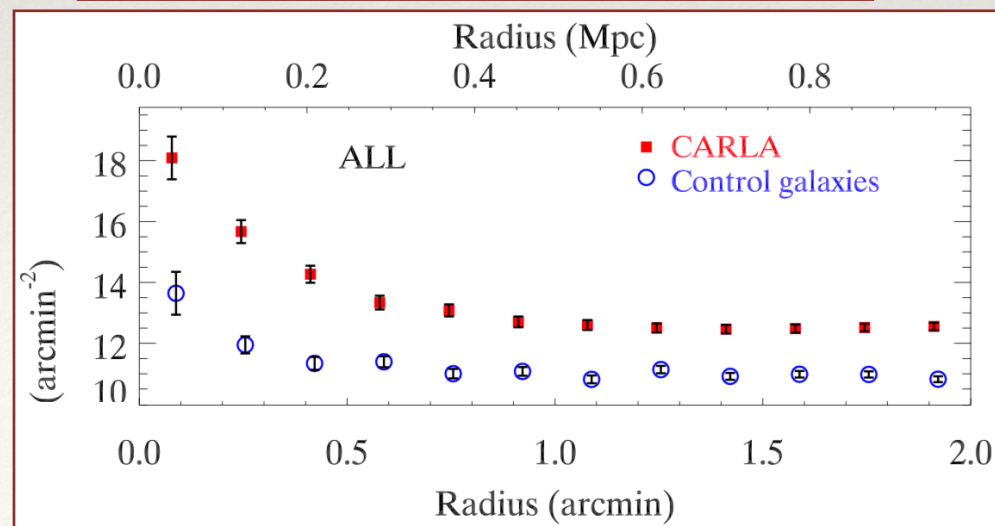
What is the AGN-Dense Environment Connection?

CARLA Survey

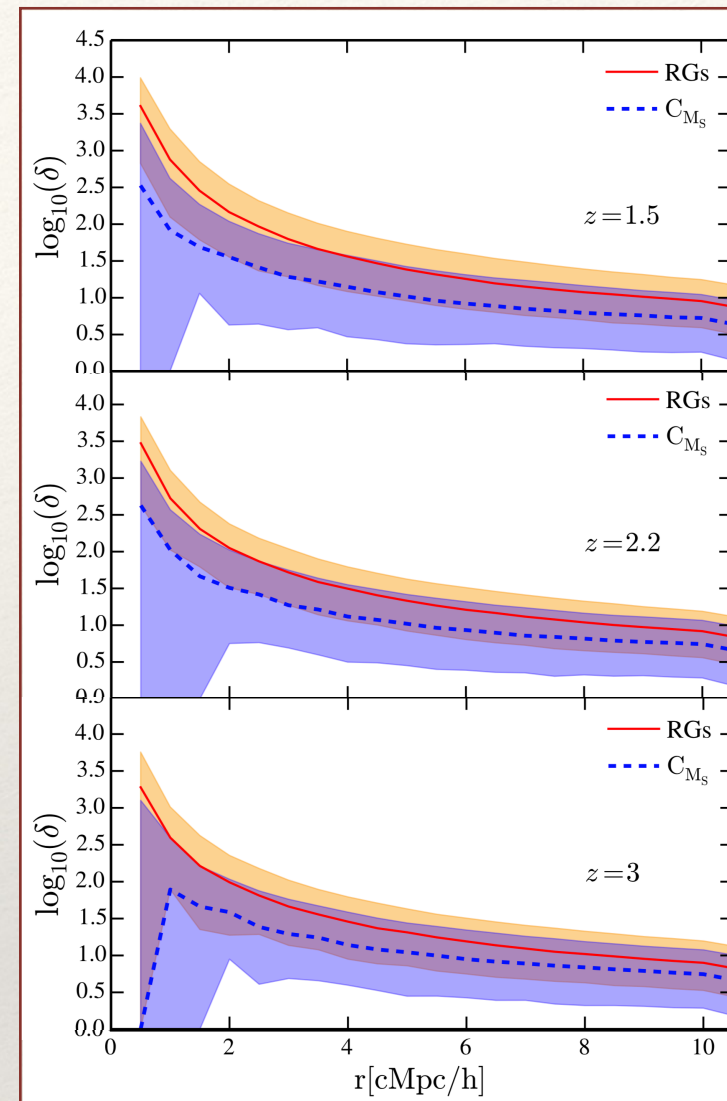
- RL-galaxies reside in IRAC-overdense environments compared to similar RQ-galaxies ($1.3 < z < 3.2$)
- 50% of massive galaxies undergo AGN feedback
- Launching of jet connected to dense environment



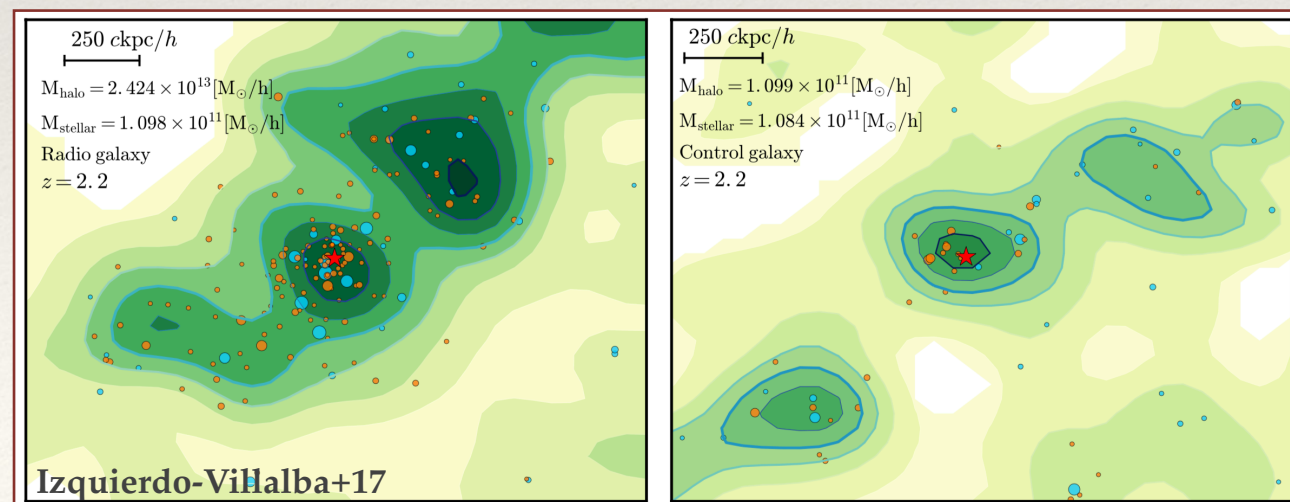
Hatch+14;
Wylezalek+13+14



Simulations



- RL-galaxies sit in more massive DM halos than RQs with same stellar mass
- The impact of powerful AGN is reflected in the environment
- A higher fraction of passive galaxies around RL than RQ.



Izquierdo-Vilalba+17

Questions That RAGERS Will Address

Radio-loud (RL) massive galaxies

- *What fraction of massive radio galaxies at high redshift sit in SMG overdensities?*
- *How do SMG-HzRG overdensities evolve with redshift? Strength, radial extent?*
- *Do SMG-HzRG overdensities depend on the intrinsic properties of the central radio galaxy?*



- The effect of powerful AGN feedback on the growth of protoclusters
- Quenching of star formation and stellar mass buildup
- Jet-induced star formation
- The role of the IGM

Radio-quiet (RQ) massive galaxies

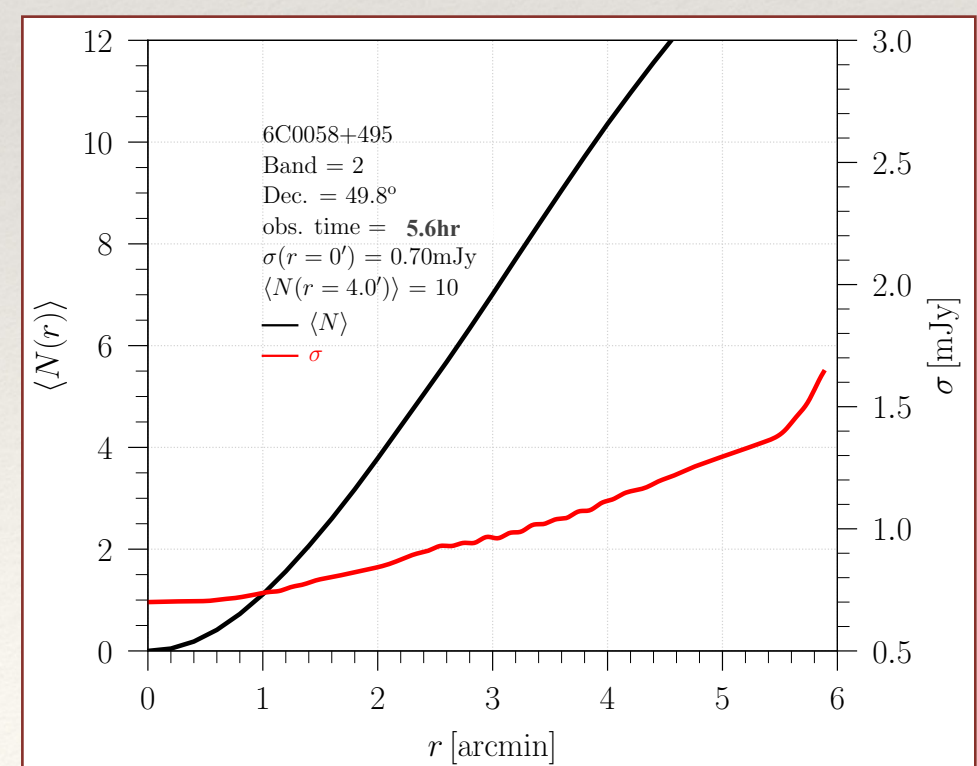
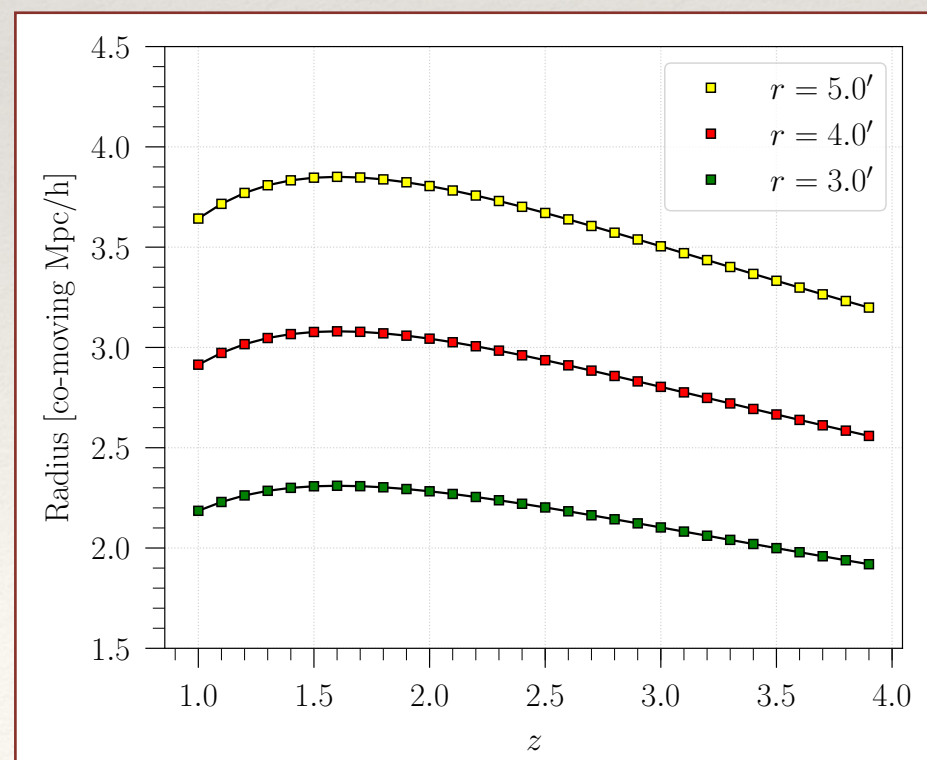
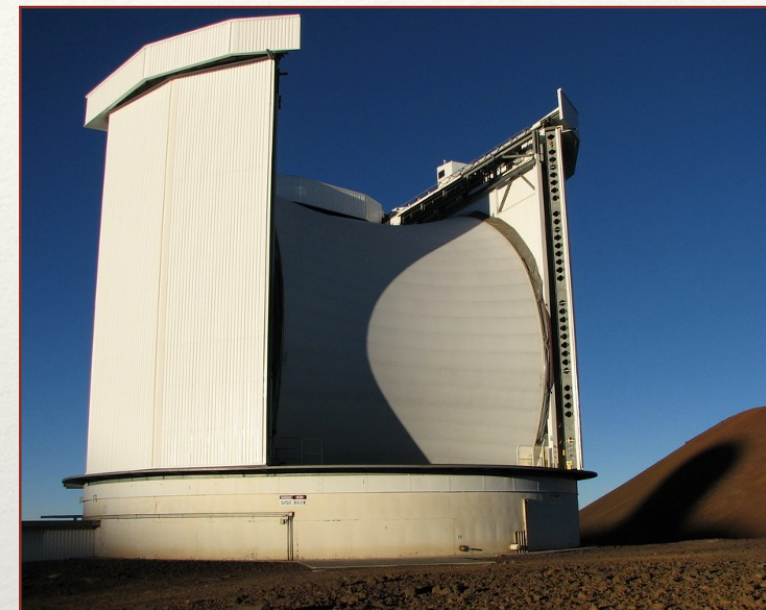
- *What fraction of massive radio-quiet galaxies at high redshift sit in SMG overdensities?*
- *How do SMG-RQ overdensities evolve with redshift? Strength, radial extent?*
- *Do SMG-RQ overdensities depend on the intrinsic properties of the central massive galaxy?*



RAGERS in a Nutshell

A JCMT/SCUBA-2 Large Program to Map the Mpc-Scale Environments and SMG Overdensities Around 33 Radio-Loud and 33 Radio-Quiet Massive Galaxies at $1 < z < 3.5$

- Allocated 168hrs of SCUBA-2 time in Band 1 and 2
- Daisy Maps ($\sim 5'$ FOV) down to r.m.s. ~ 0.7 mJy
- Probe $r \sim 3$ Mpc (co-moving) regions
- Can expect >10 SMGs detected at $\text{SNR} > 3.5$ in each map

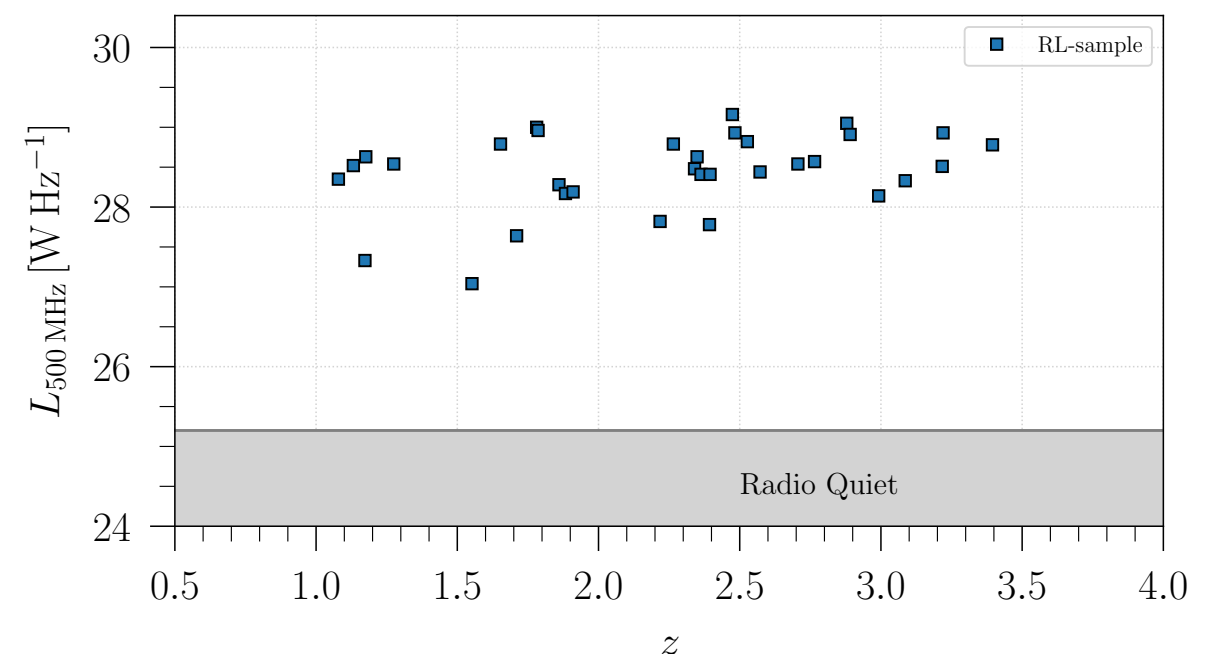
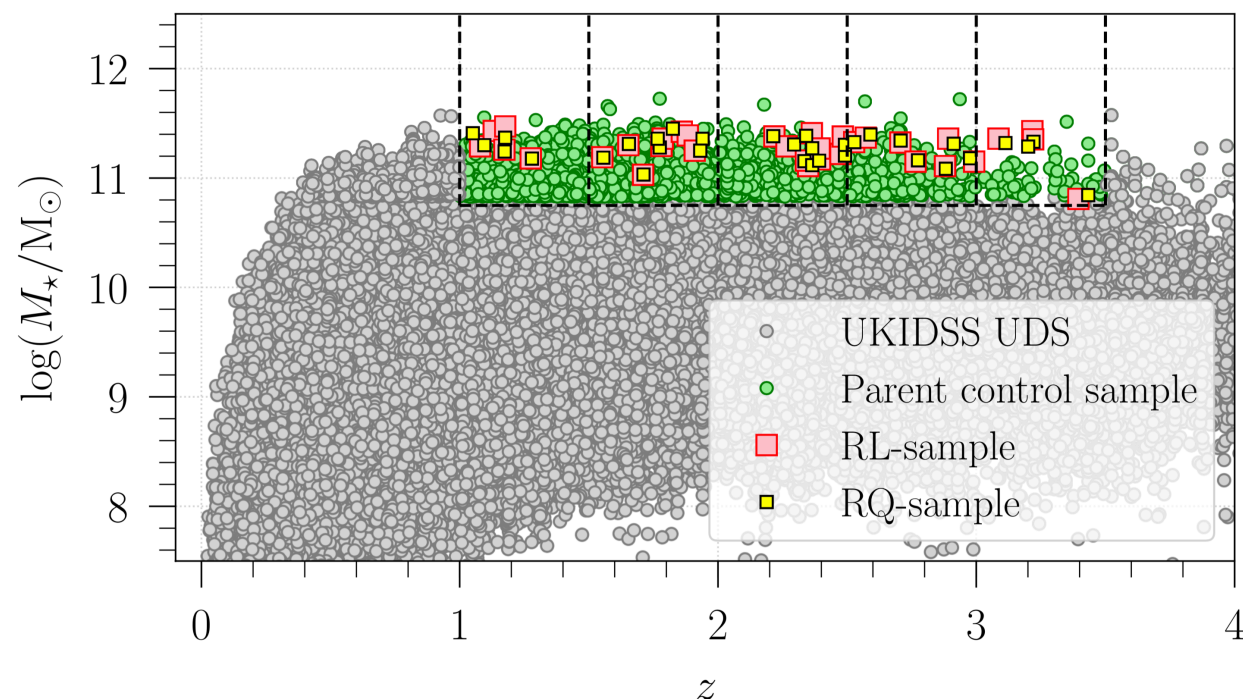
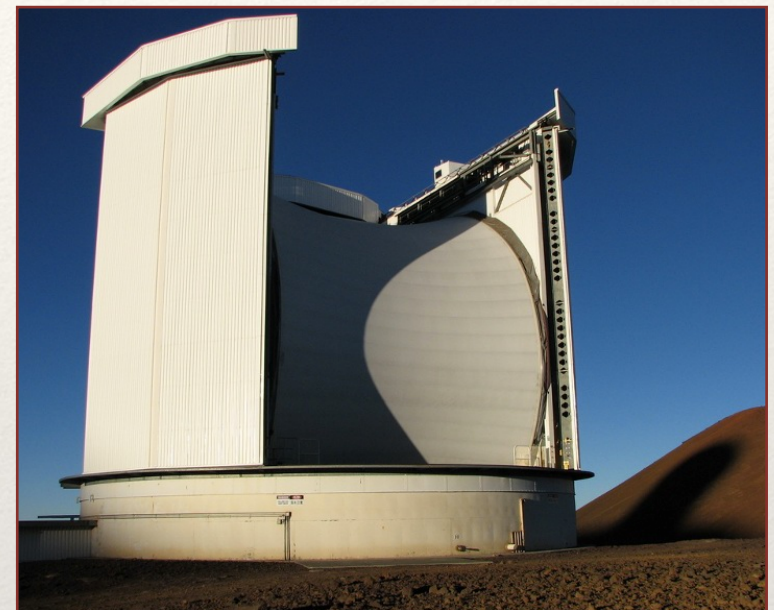




RAGERS in a Nutshell

A JCMT/SCUBA-2 Large Program to Map the Mpc-Scale Environments and SMG Overdensities Around 33 Radio-Loud and 33 Radio-Quiet Massive Galaxies at $1 < z < 3.5$

- RL sample selected from the Herschel Radio Galaxy Evolution Project (Seymour+07+12; de Breuck+10)
- RQ sample selected from DR11 12-band matched catalogue from UKIDSS UDS Survey
- $\log(M_{\star}) = 10.7-11.5$ (RL and RQ samples matched)
- At least 4 sources in each z -bin

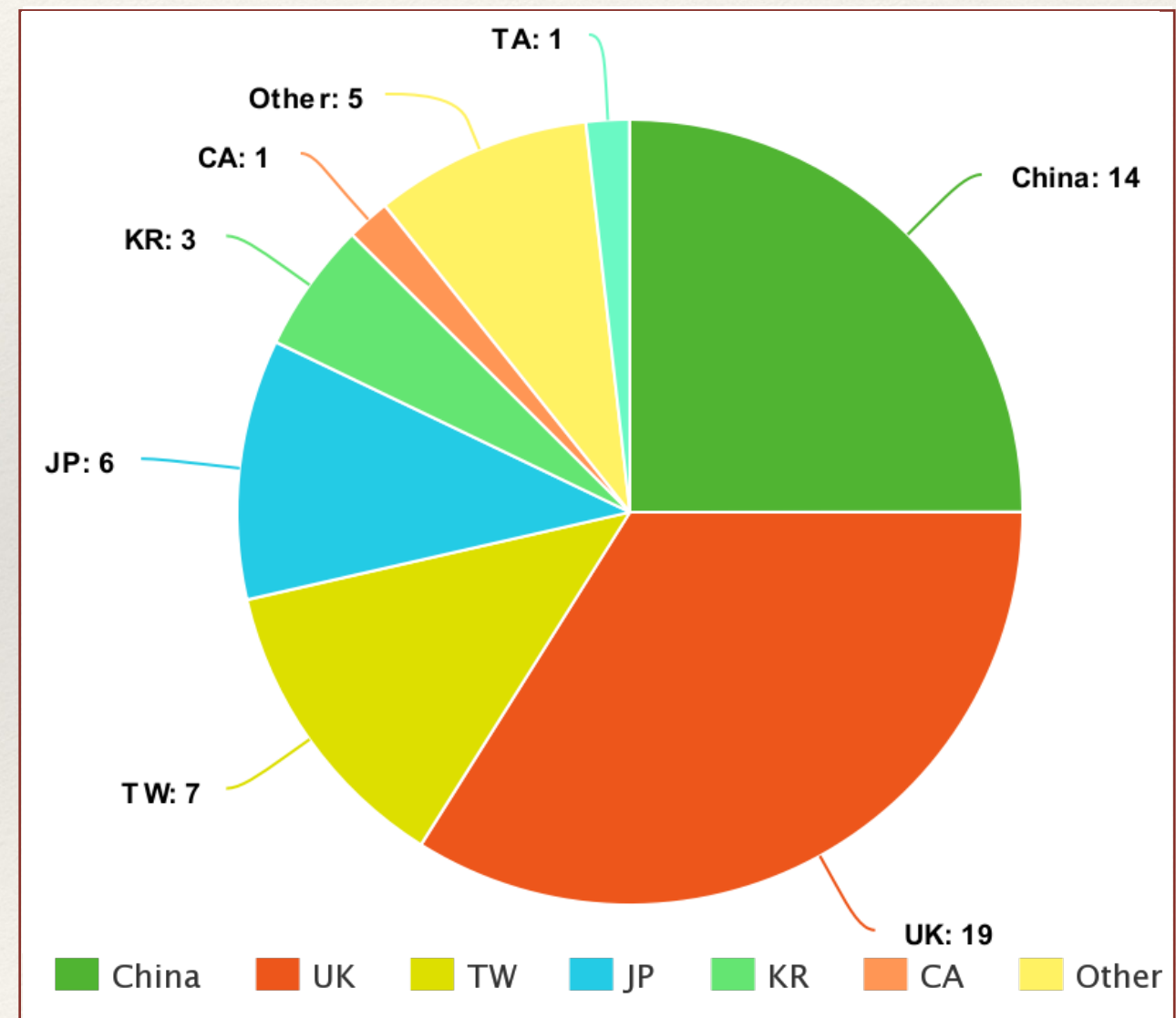




RAGERS in a Nutshell

A JCMT/SCUBA-2 Large Program to Map the Mpc-Scale Environments and SMG Overdensities Around 33 Radio-Loud and 33 Radio-Quiet Massive Galaxies at $1 < z < 3.5$

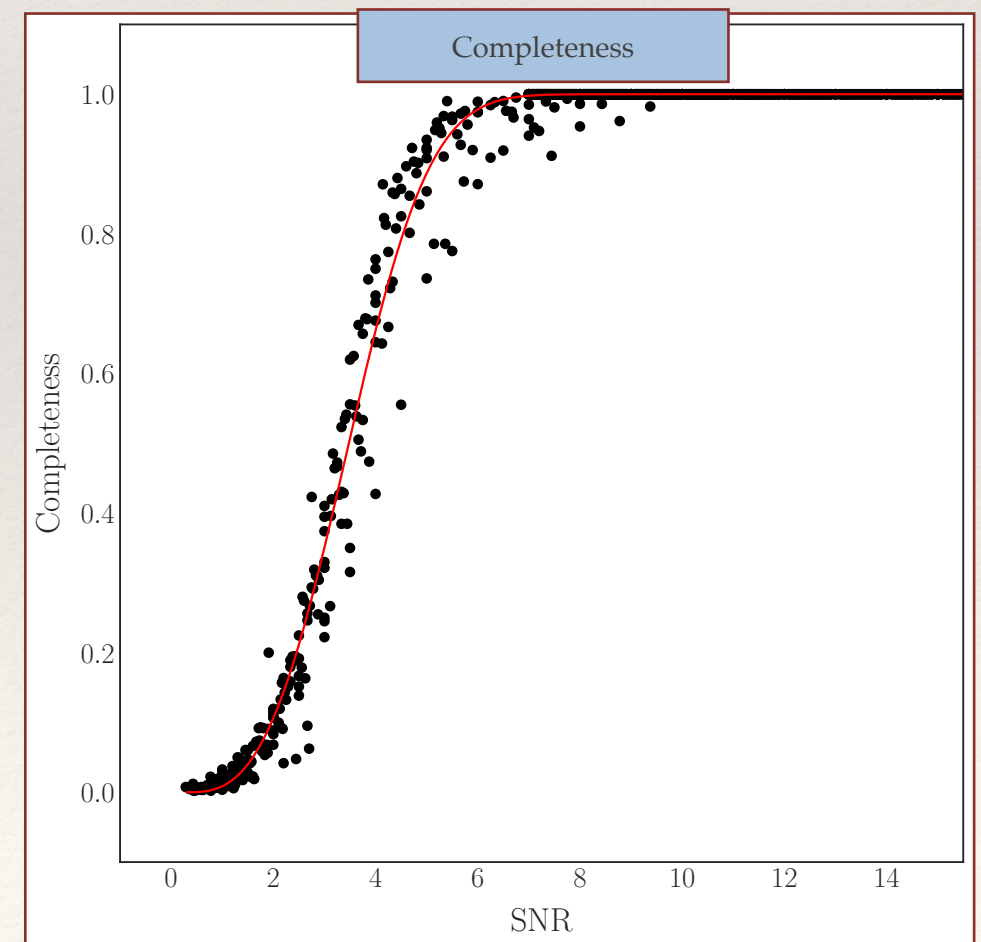
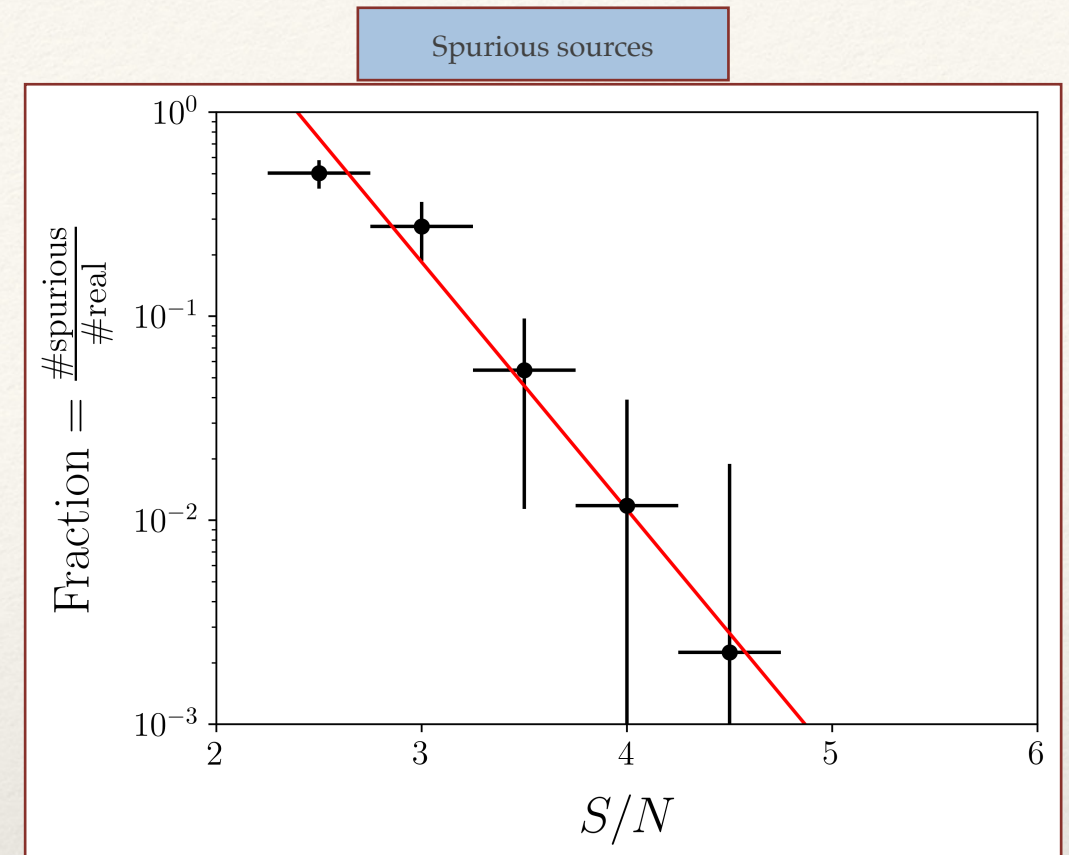
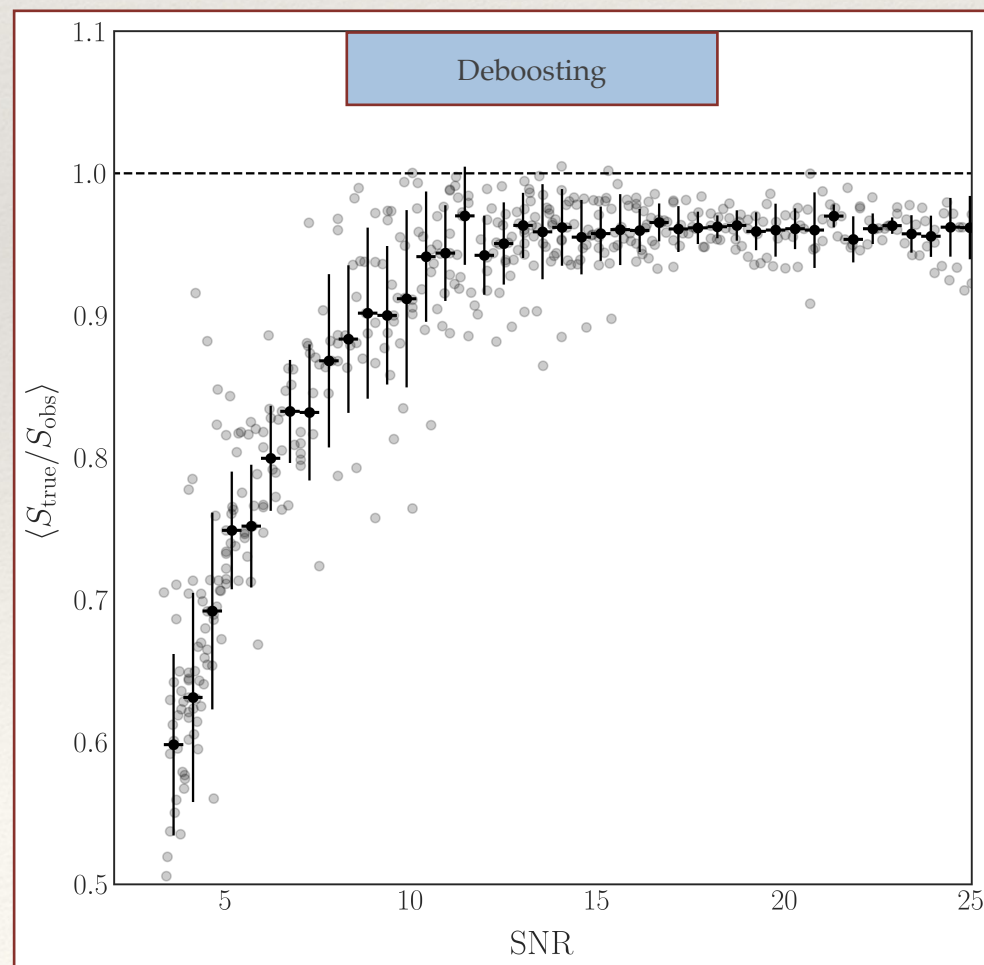
- 56 astronomers from primarily EAO countries, UK, and CA
- Regional coordinators:
 - Thomas Greve, UCL, UK
 - Chian-Chou Chen, ASIAA, Taiwan
 - Zhiyu Zhang, Nanjing University, China
 - Tadayuki Kodama, Tohoku University, Japan
 - Hyunjin Shim, Kyungpook National University, Korea
 - Scott Chapman, Dalhousie University, Canada
 - Wiphu Rujopakarn, Chulalongkorn University, Thailand





Current Status

- Survey is 56% complete
- 14 fields completed.
- DR Pipeline
- Deboosting and completeness correction

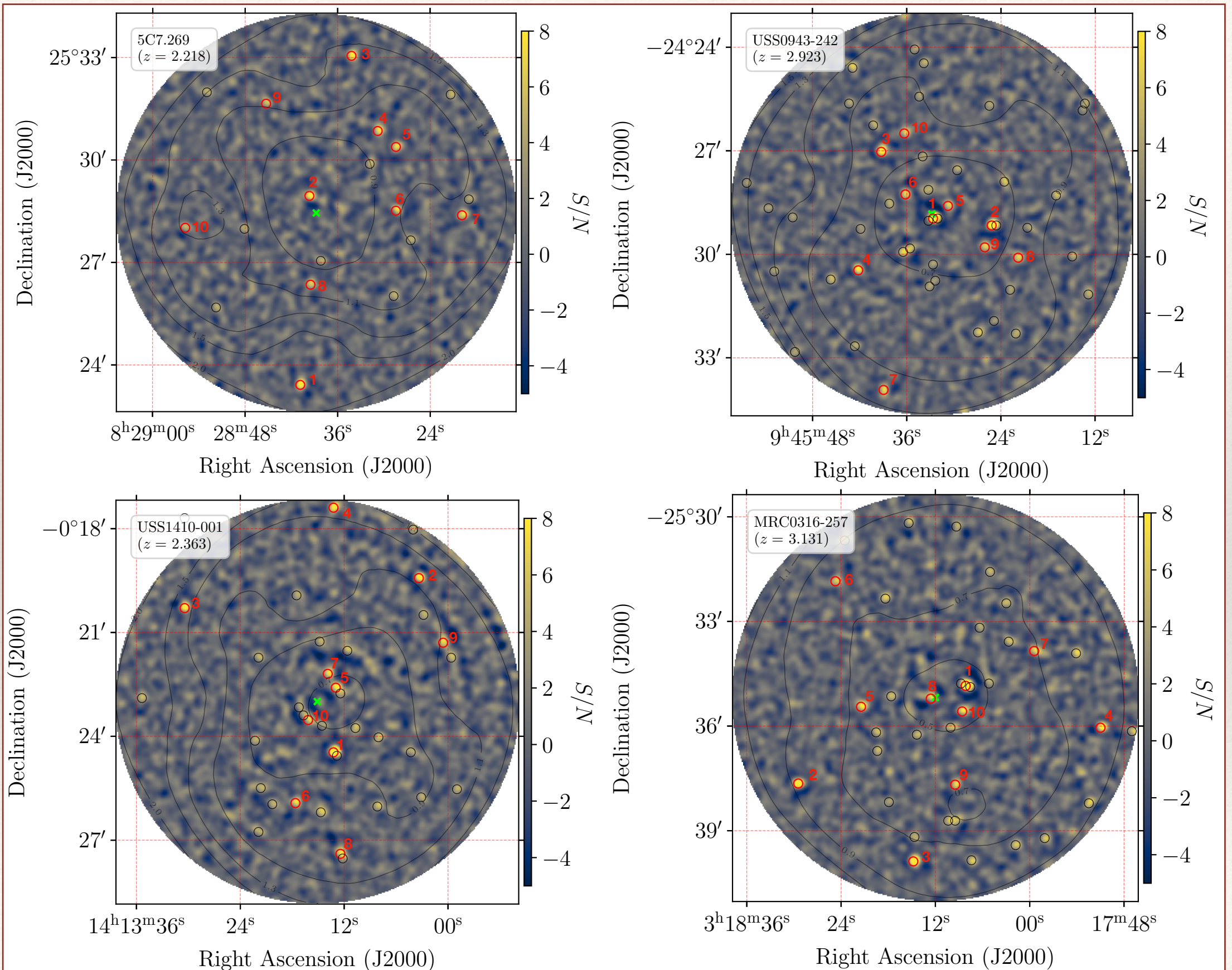




Current Status

Example Fields

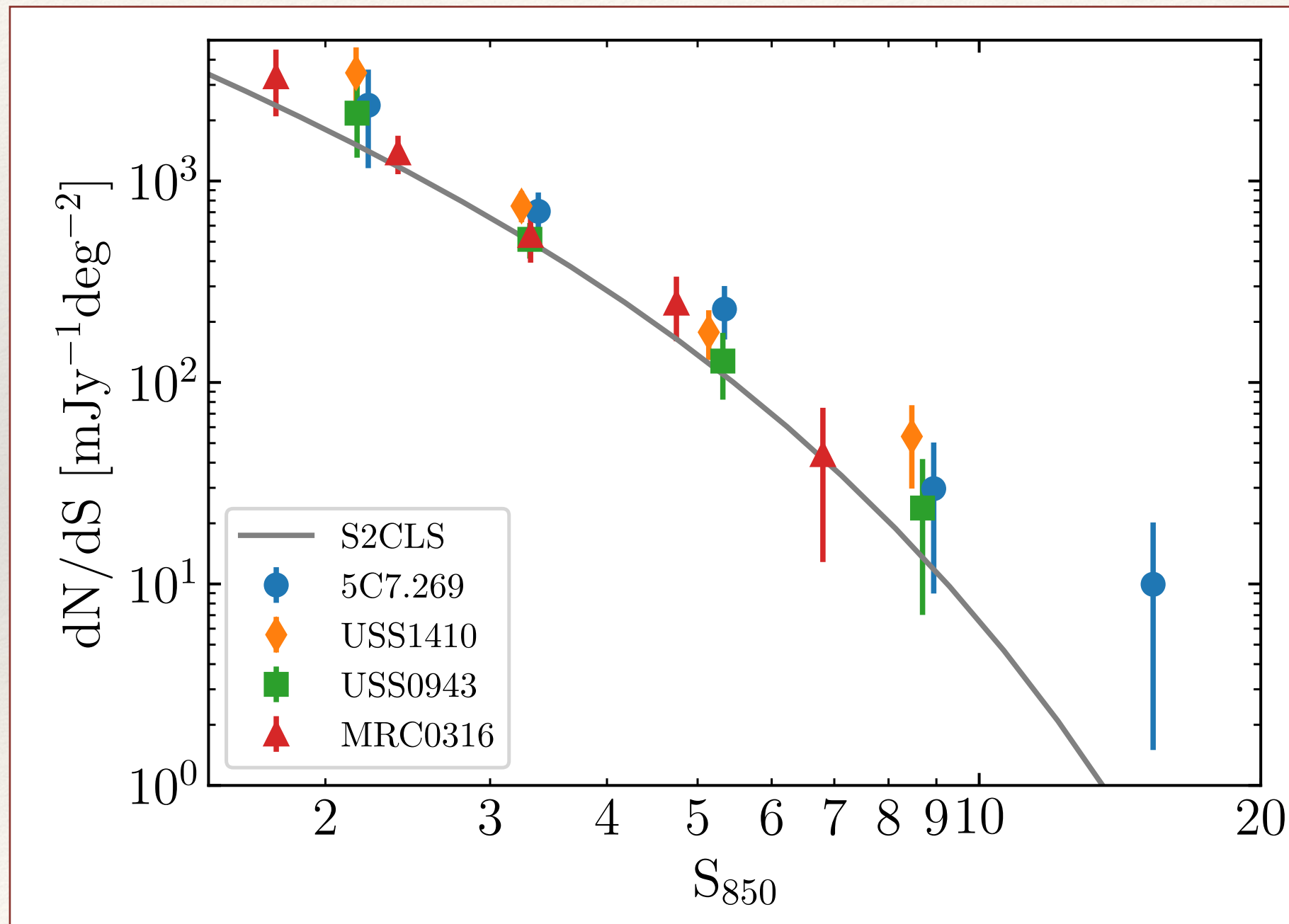
Work in progress





Current Status

- Most of our fields are mildly overense (2-4x) at the bright end



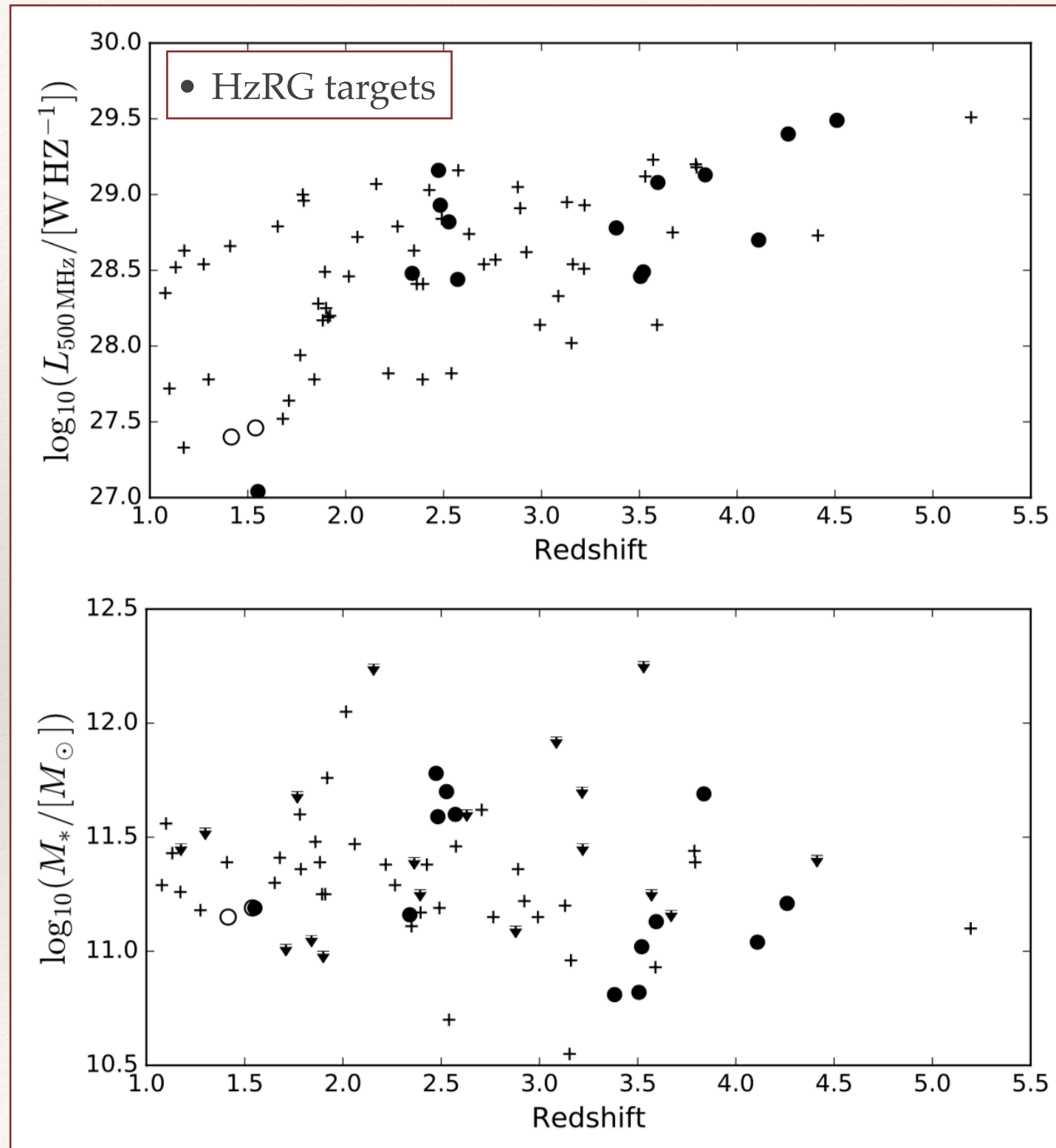
Work in progress

ARCHIVE-RAGERS

Sample Selection

- Mining the SCUBA-2 archive
- 14 HzRGs at $1.5 < z < 4.5$ targetted with SCUBA-2
- Pong900 maps of 14 HzRGs (FOV 12'). Rms noise 2mJy/beam
- Selected from the Herschel Radio Galaxy Evolution Project (PI: Seymour). Spitzer coverage (De Breuck) + LABOCA or AzTEC (in some cases)

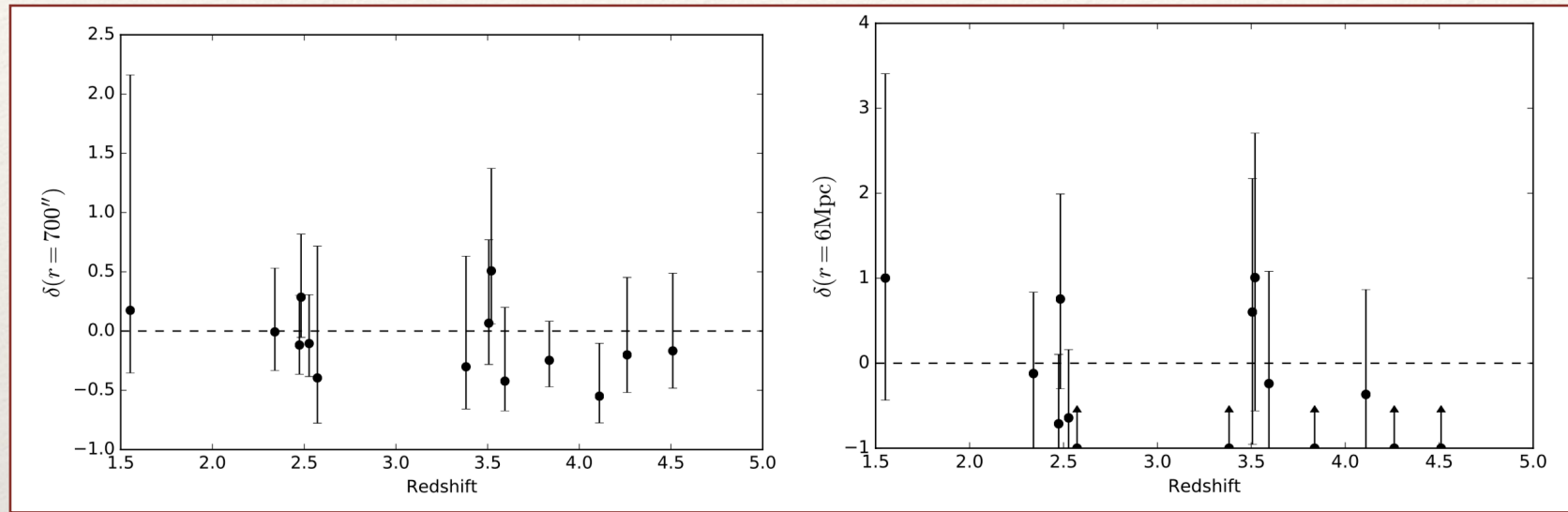
Target	Redshift	RA	Dec	$\log_{10}(L_{500 \text{ MHz}})^a$
3C 257	2.47	11 ^h 23 ^m 09 ^s .2	+05°30'19"	29.16
4C +23.56	2.48	21 ^h 07 ^m 14 ^s .8	+23°31'45"	28.93
B2 0902+34	3.38	09 ^h 05 ^m 30 ^s .1	+34°07'57"	28.78
MG J214405+1929	3.59	21 ^h 44 ^m 07 ^s .0	+19°29'15"	29.08
TN J0121+1320	3.52	01 ^h 21 ^m 42 ^s .7	+13°20'58"	28.49
TN J0205+2242	3.51	02 ^h 05 ^m 10 ^s .7	+22°42'51"	28.46
TN J2007−1316	3.84	20 ^h 07 ^m 53 ^s .2	−13°16'45"	29.13
TXS 0211−122	2.34	02 ^h 14 ^m 17 ^s .4	−11°58'46"	28.48
USS 0828+193	2.57	08 ^h 30 ^m 53 ^s .4	+19°13'16"	28.44
USS 1558−003	2.53	16 ^h 01 ^m 17 ^s .3	−00°28'47"	28.82
LBDS 53W091	1.55	17 ^h 22 ^m 32 ^s .7	+50°06'02"	27.04
TN J1338−1942	4.11	13 ^h 38 ^m 26 ^s .1	−19°42'31"	28.70
8C 1435+635	4.26	14 ^h 36 ^m 37 ^s .3	+63°19'13"	29.40
RC J0311+0507	4.51	03 ^h 11 ^m 48 ^s .0	+05°08'03"	29.49



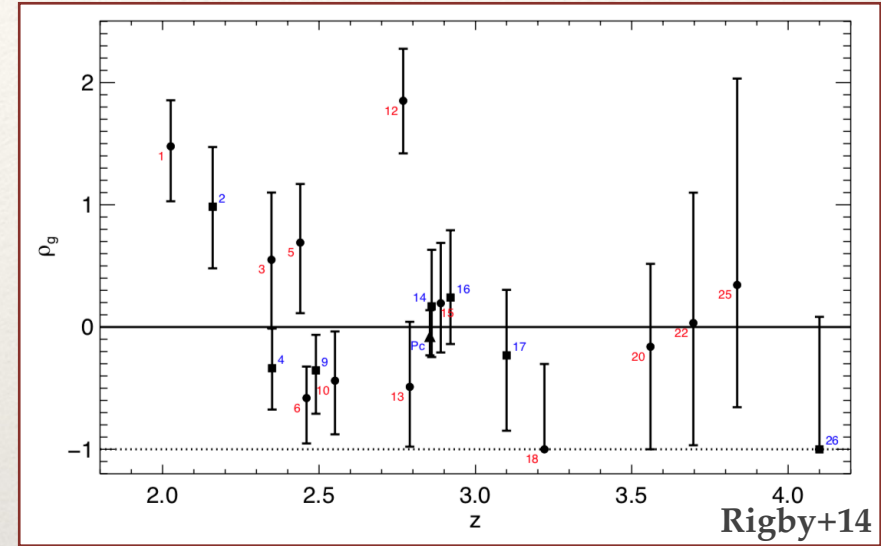
ARCHIVE-RAGERS

SMG Overdensity Evolution with Redshift

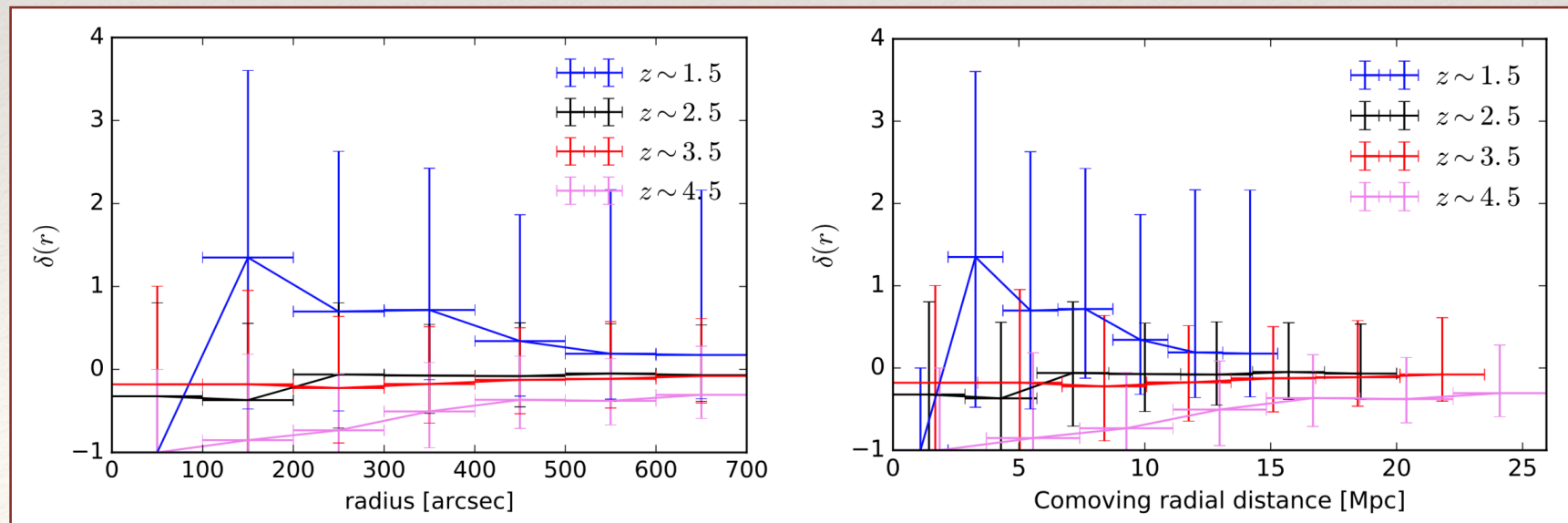
- Weak trend of decreasing total SMG overdensities with redshift - **but consistent with no evolution**



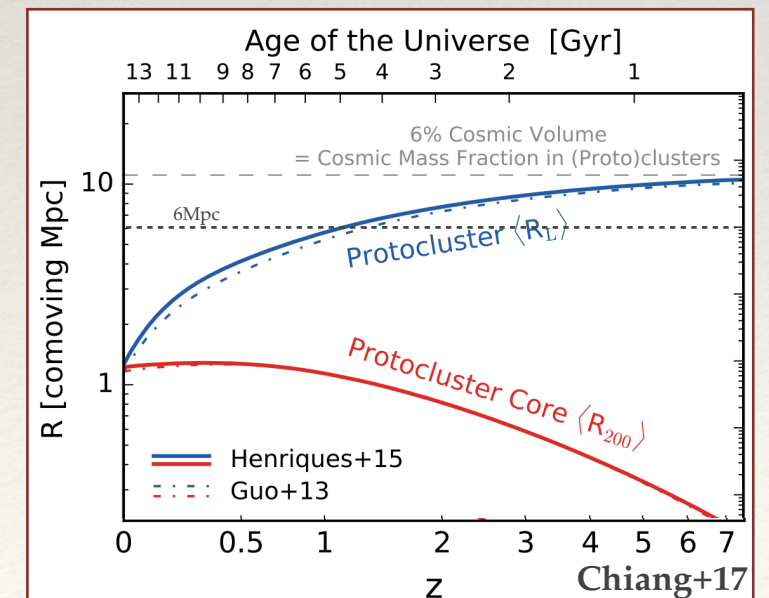
- Qualitatively consistent with Rigby+14 results



- Tentative trend of evolution with redshift of the SMG overdensity profile



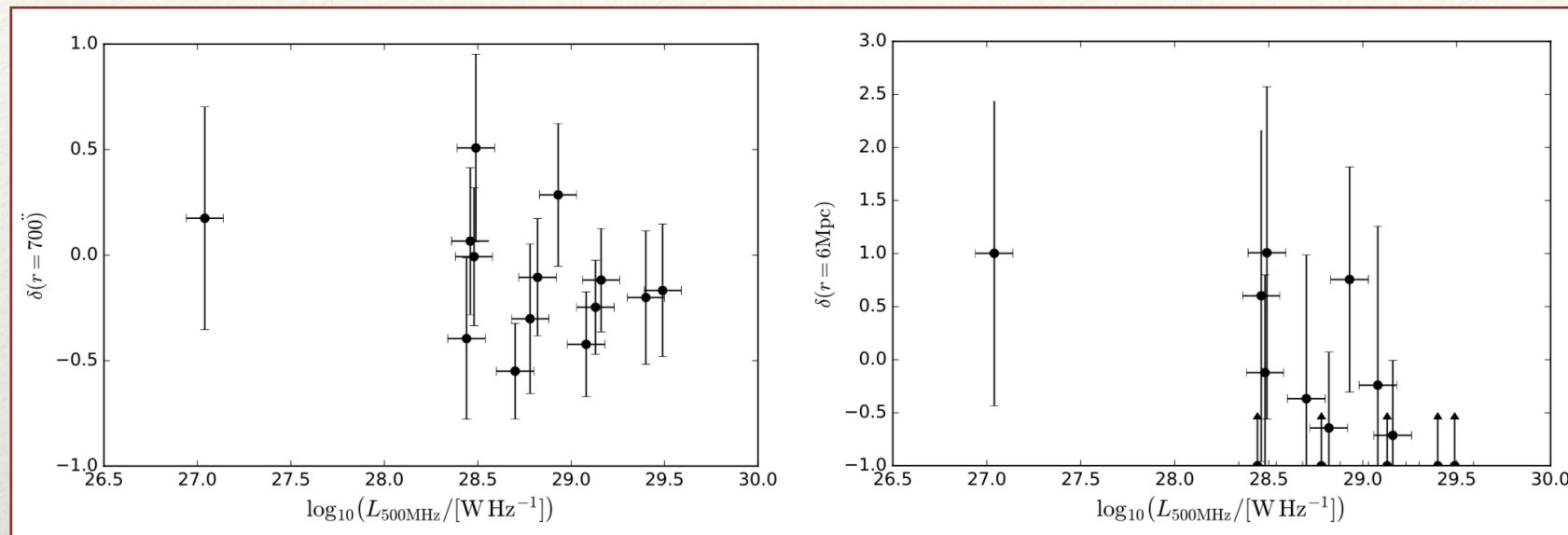
- Is such a trend expected?



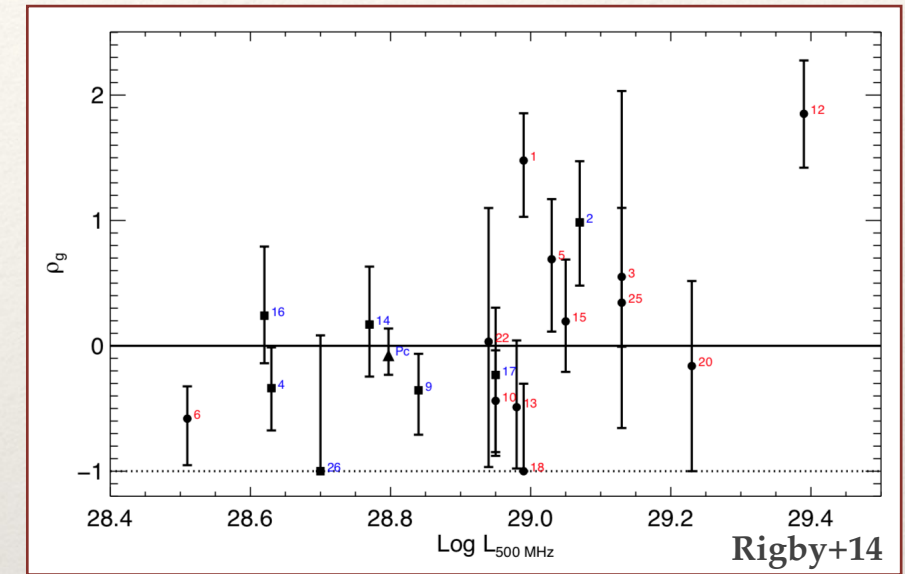
ARCHIVE-RAGERS

SMG Overdensity and Intrinsic RG Properties

- No correlation between SMG overdensity and RG radio power

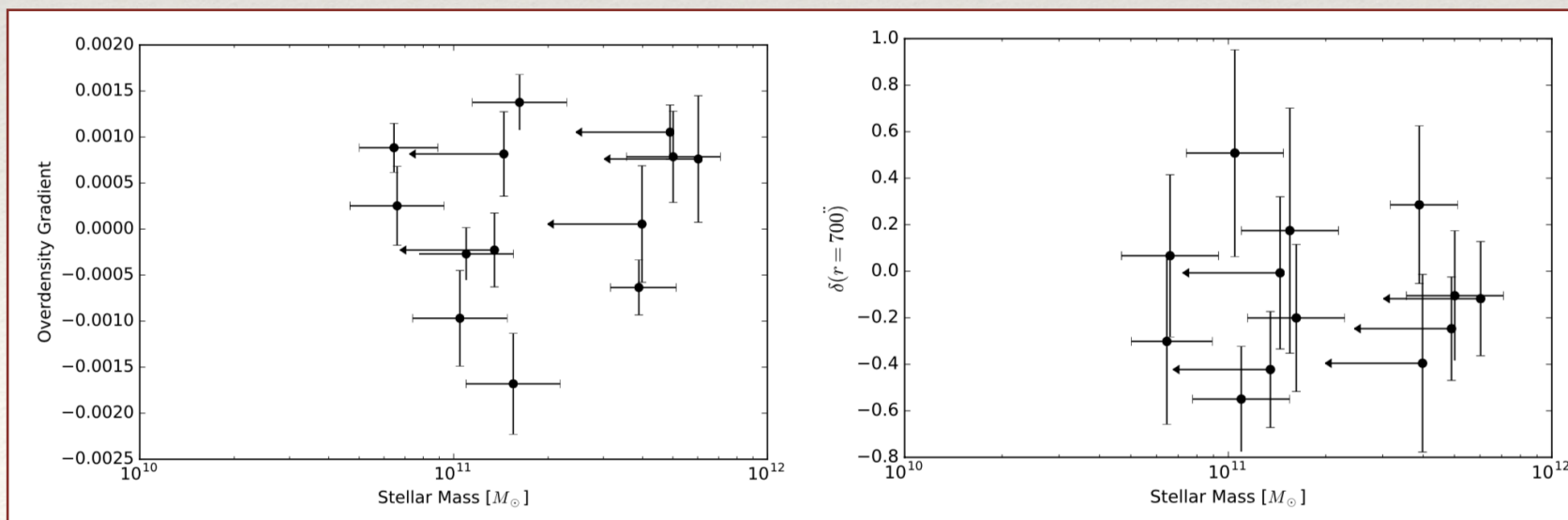


- Weak trend with radio power (Rigby+14; Galametz+12)

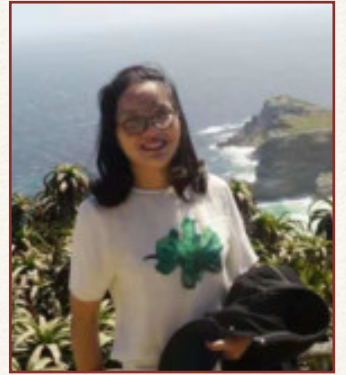


cf. Miley & De Breuck+08; Falder+10

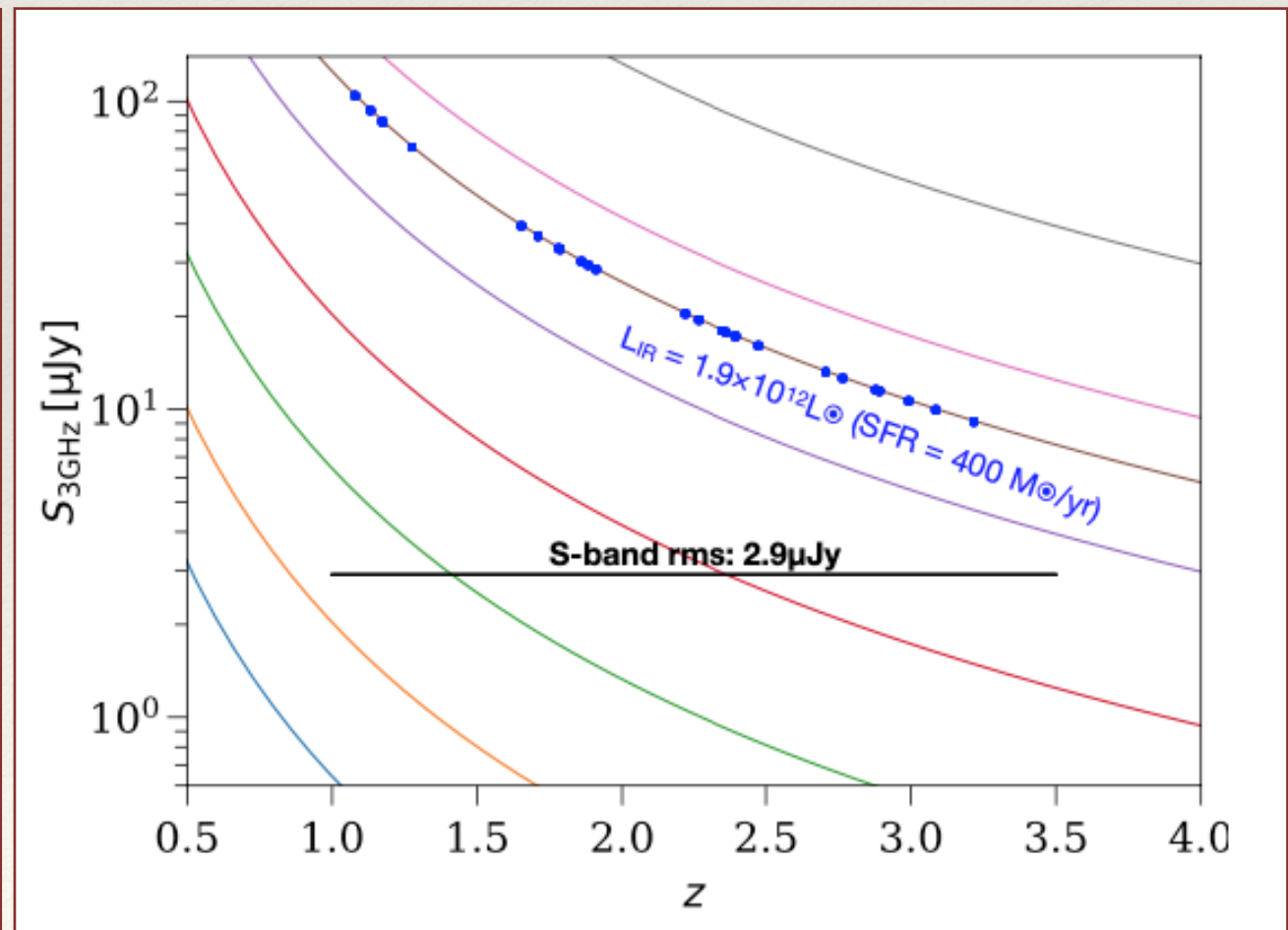
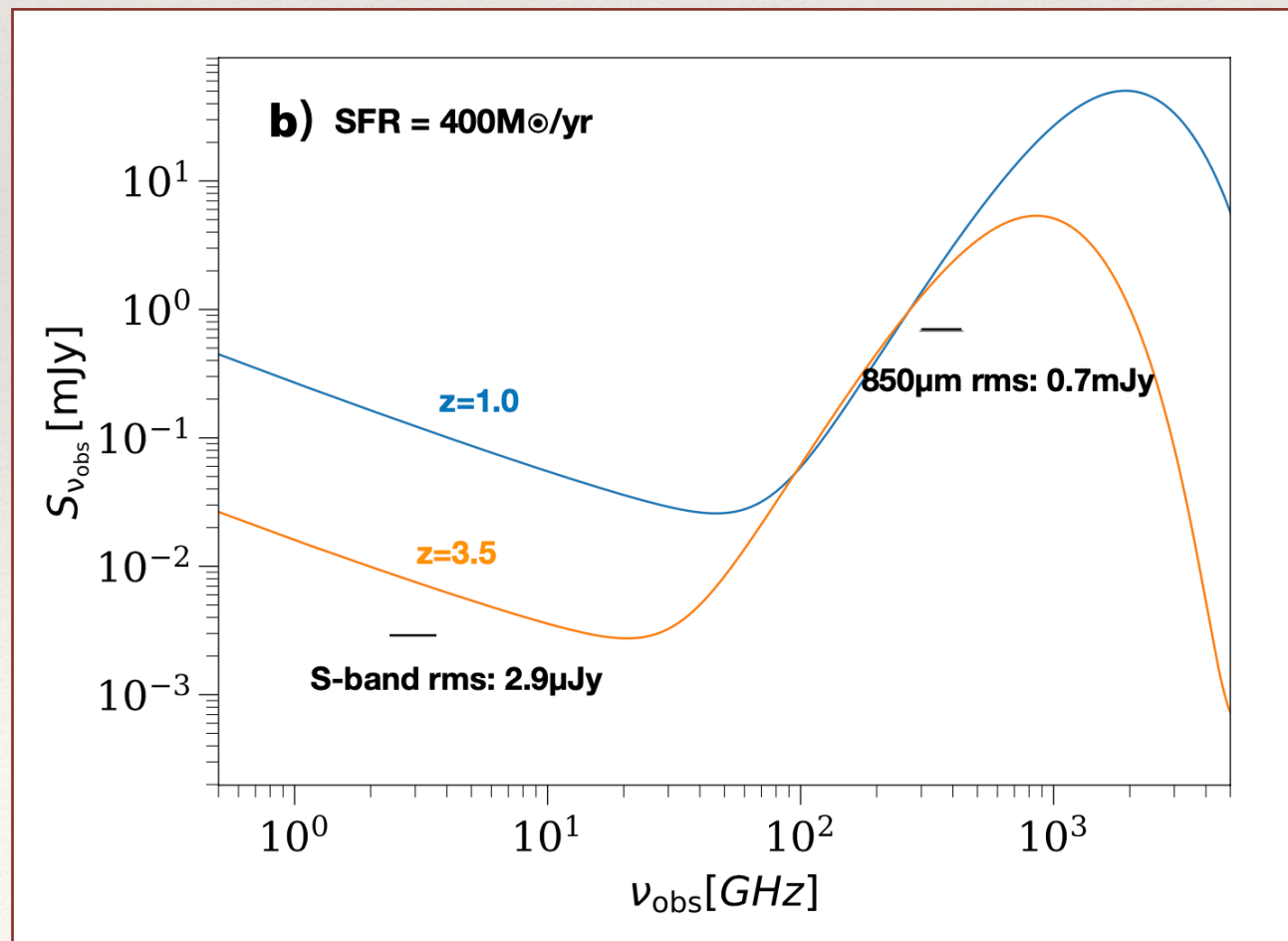
- No correlation between SMG overdensity and RG stellar mass



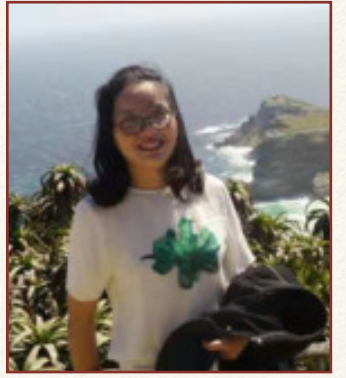
Radio Followup: VLA-RAGERS



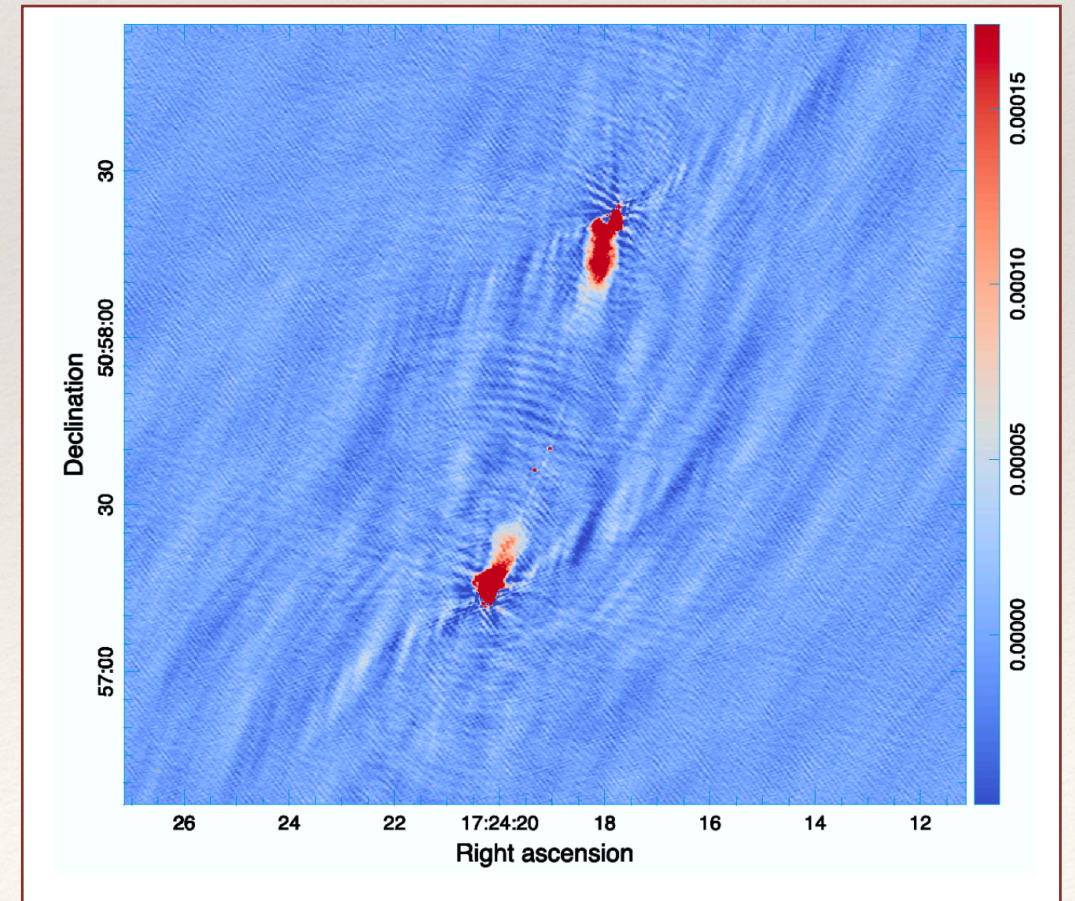
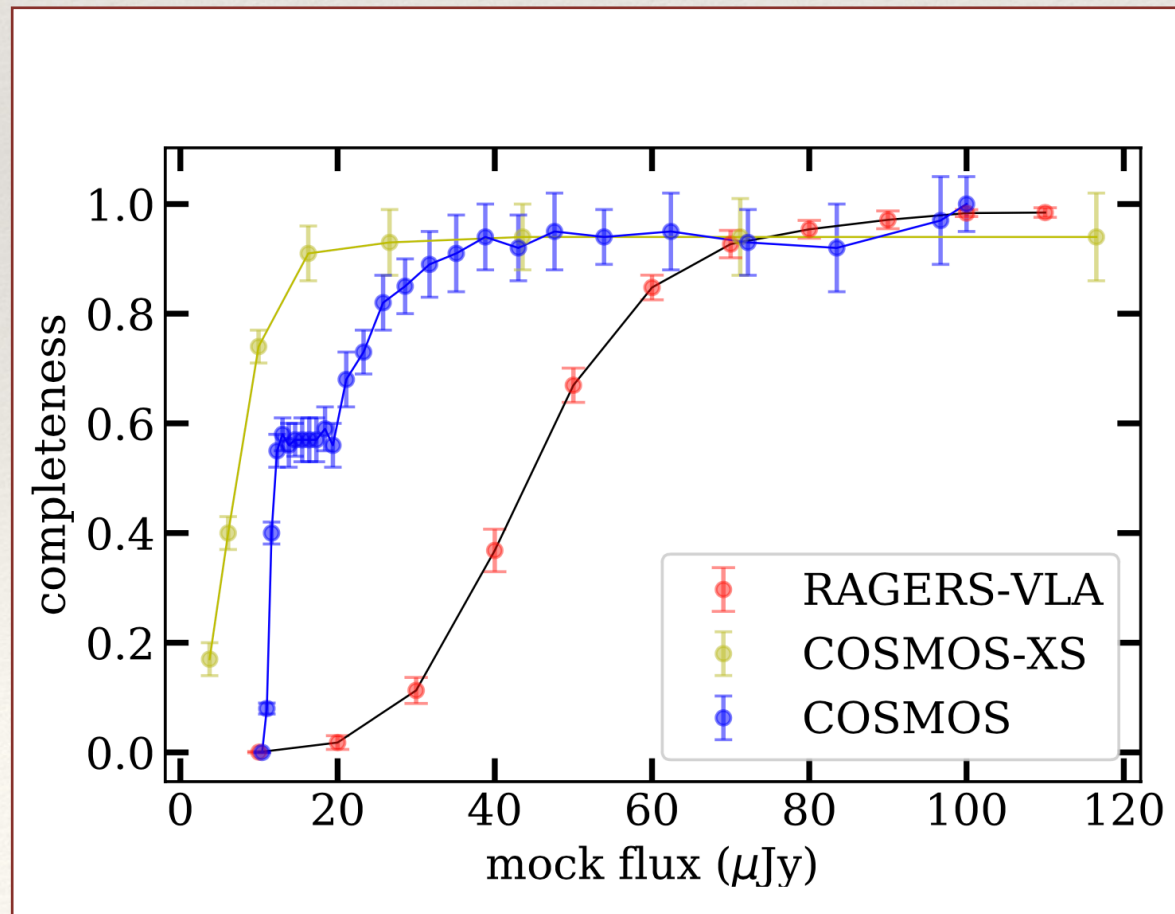
- Completed 94hr VLA program for S-band followup of RAGERS targets (VLA/20B-375)
- Lead by PhD student **Yuanqi Liu, PKU**
- All RAGERS Fields observed and imaged at 3GHz



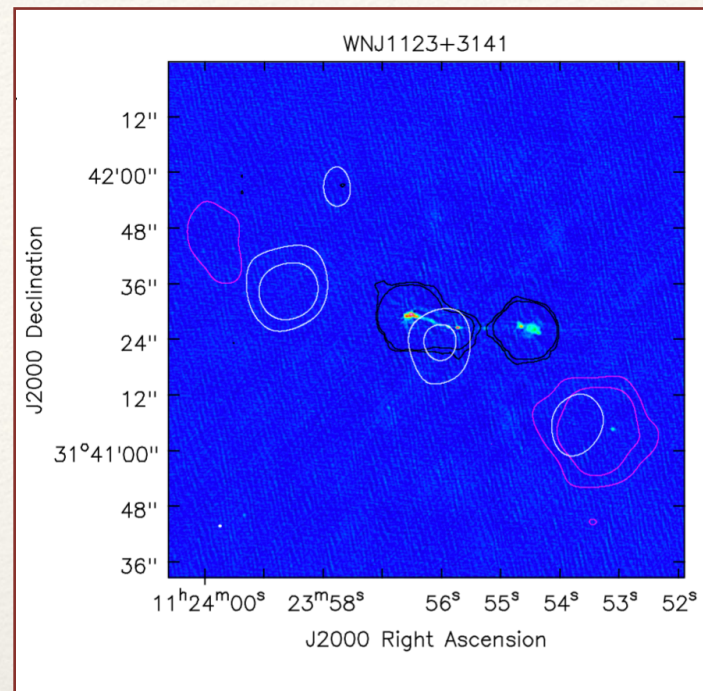
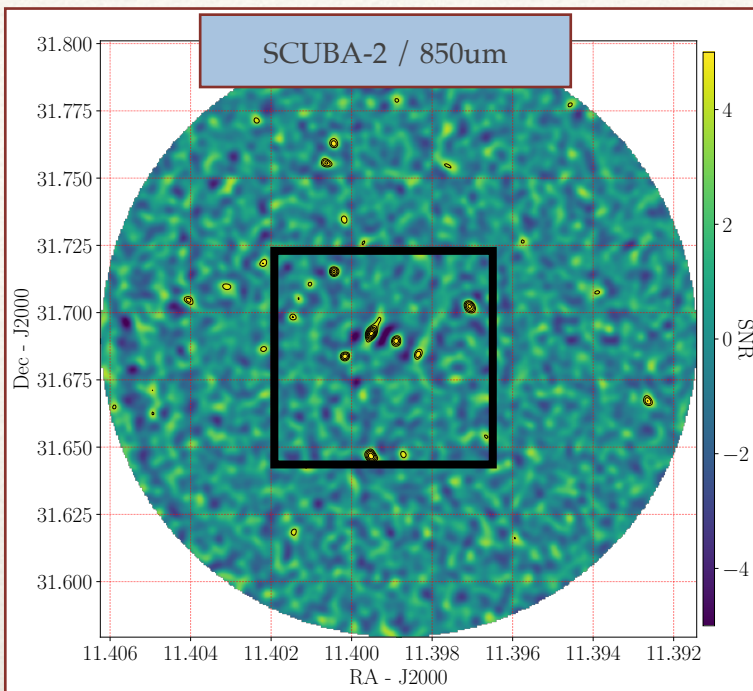
Radio Followup: VLA-RAGERS



- Completed 94hr VLA program for S-band followup of RAGERS targets (VLA/20B-375)
- Lead by PhD student **Yuanqi Liu, PKU**
- All RAGERS Fields observed and imaged at 3GHz
- Targeted rms 2.9 μ Jy, actual rms \sim 10 μ Jy due to dynamical range issues from central RG
- Source extraction using Pybdsf

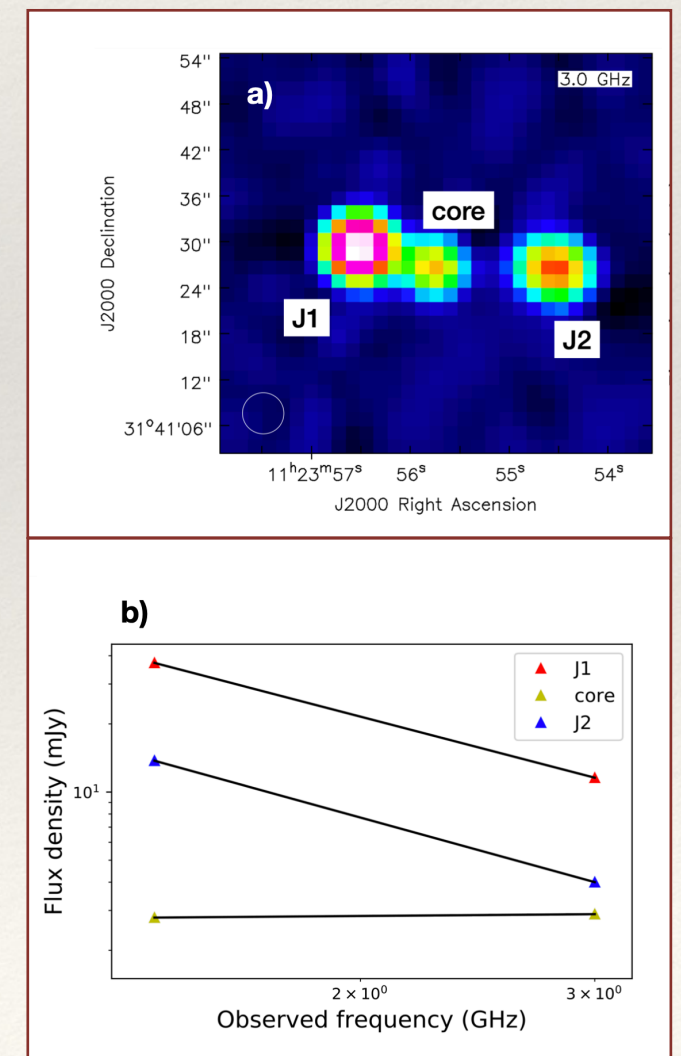
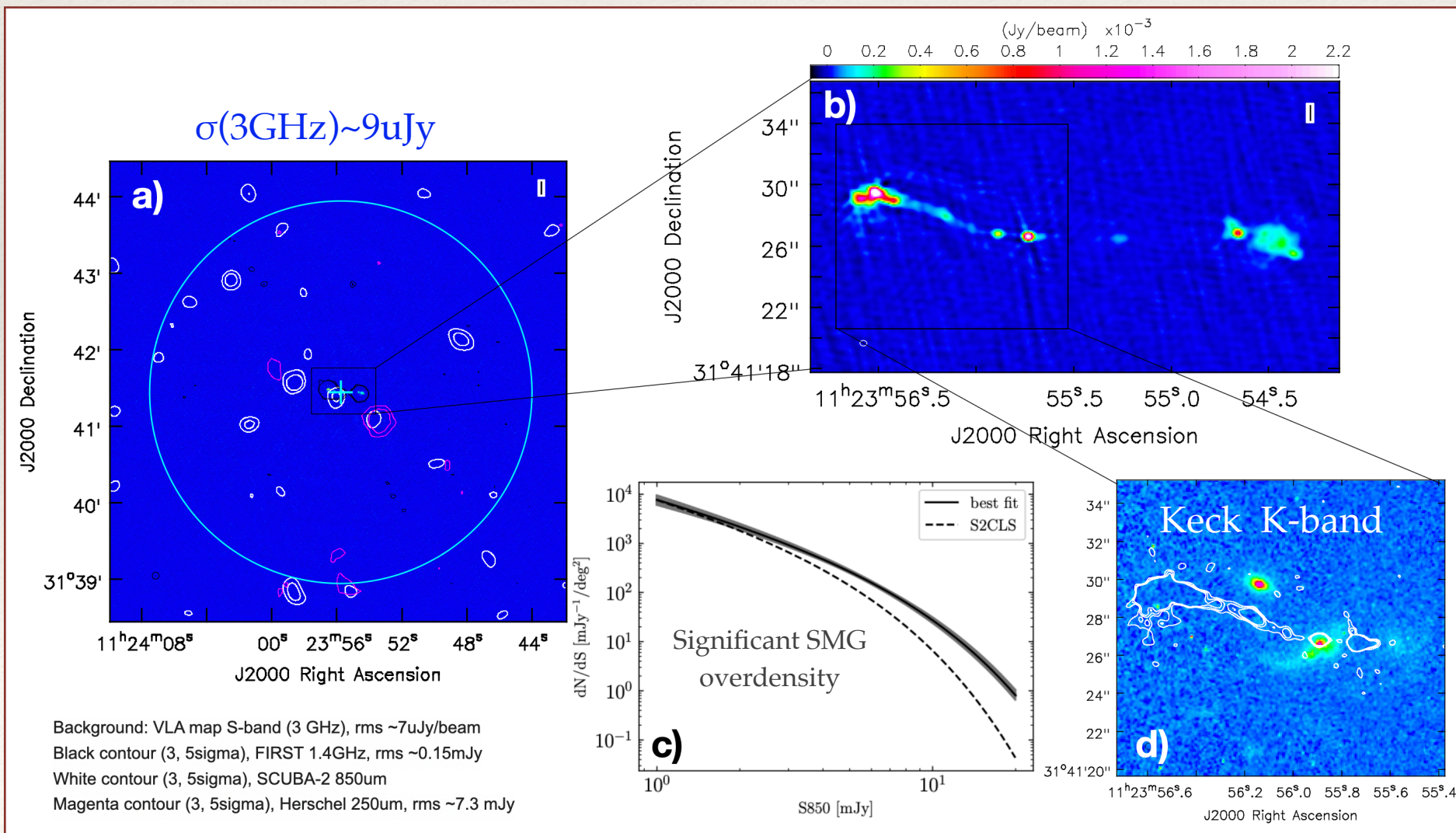


Radio Followup: WNJ1123+3141 ($z=3.22$)



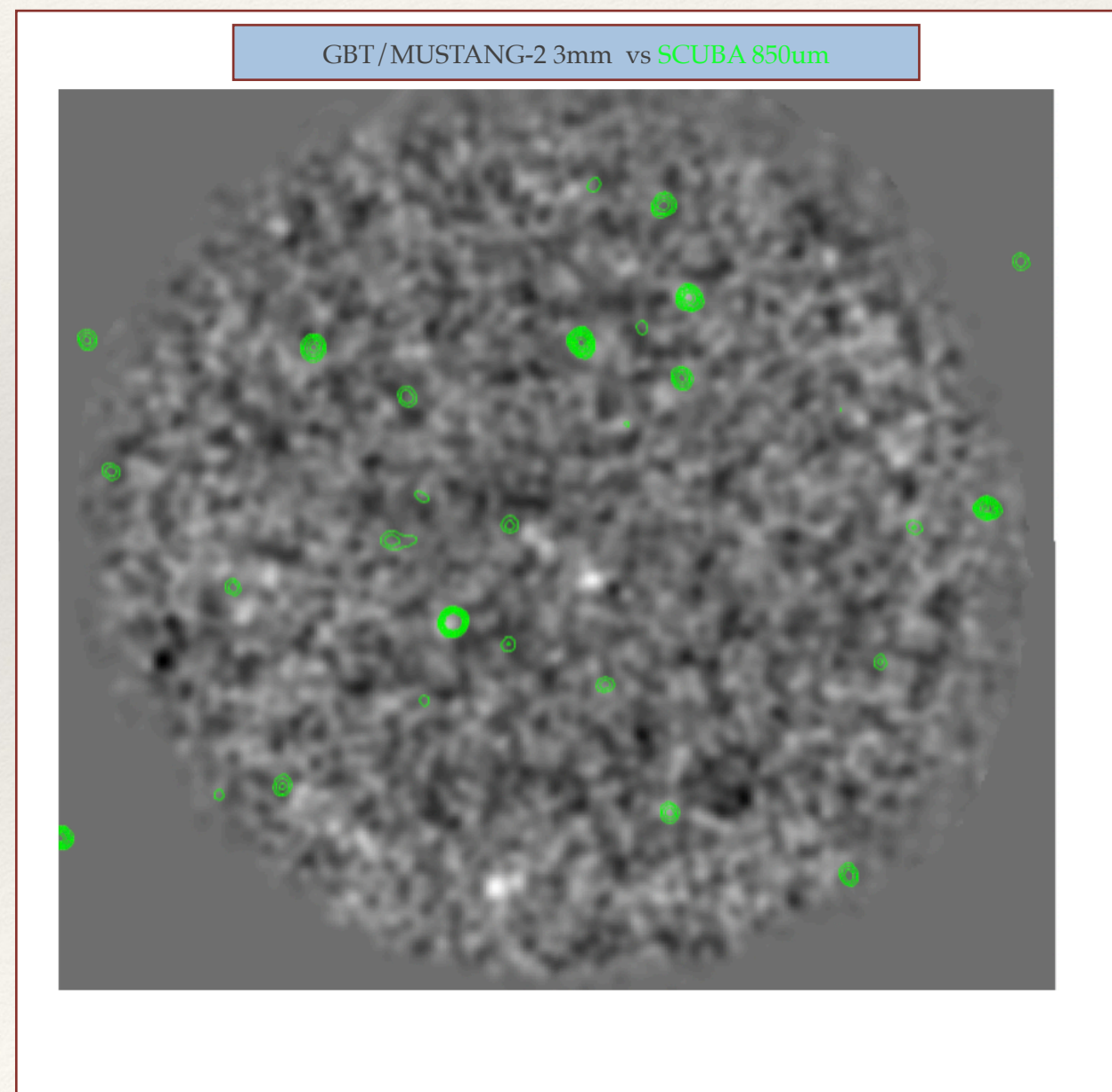
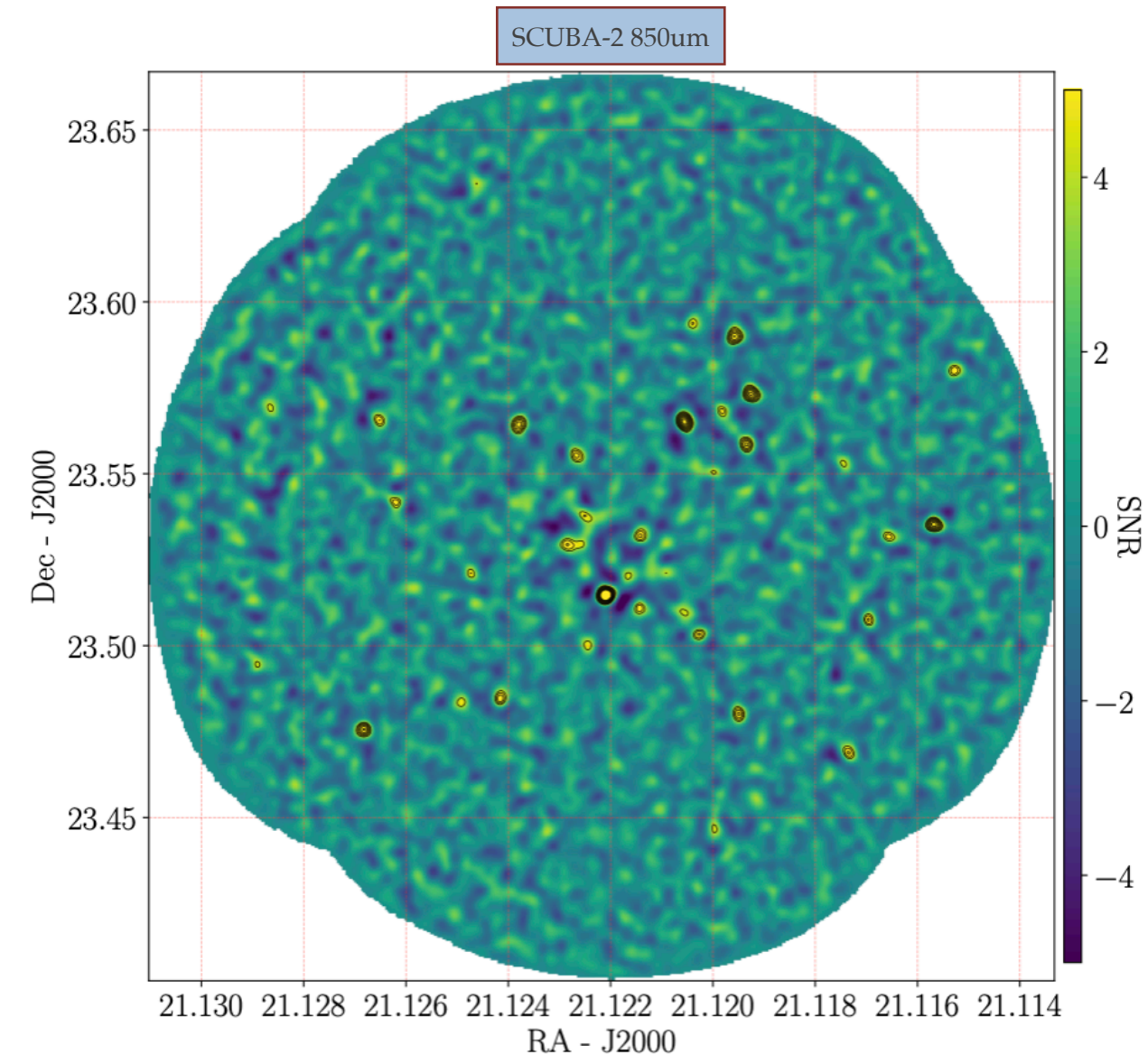
- Jet-induced star-formation?
- Radio galaxy - ICM connection?
- Mapping of spectral index of radio lobes

Liu in prep.



Radio Followup: 4C23.56 ($z=2.48$)

- Completed 10hr GBT MUSTANG-2 3mm program mapping 4C23.56 (GBT-21A-299)
- Lead by PhD student **Dazhi Zhou**, DAWN
- Targeted rms $\sim 16\mu\text{Jy}$

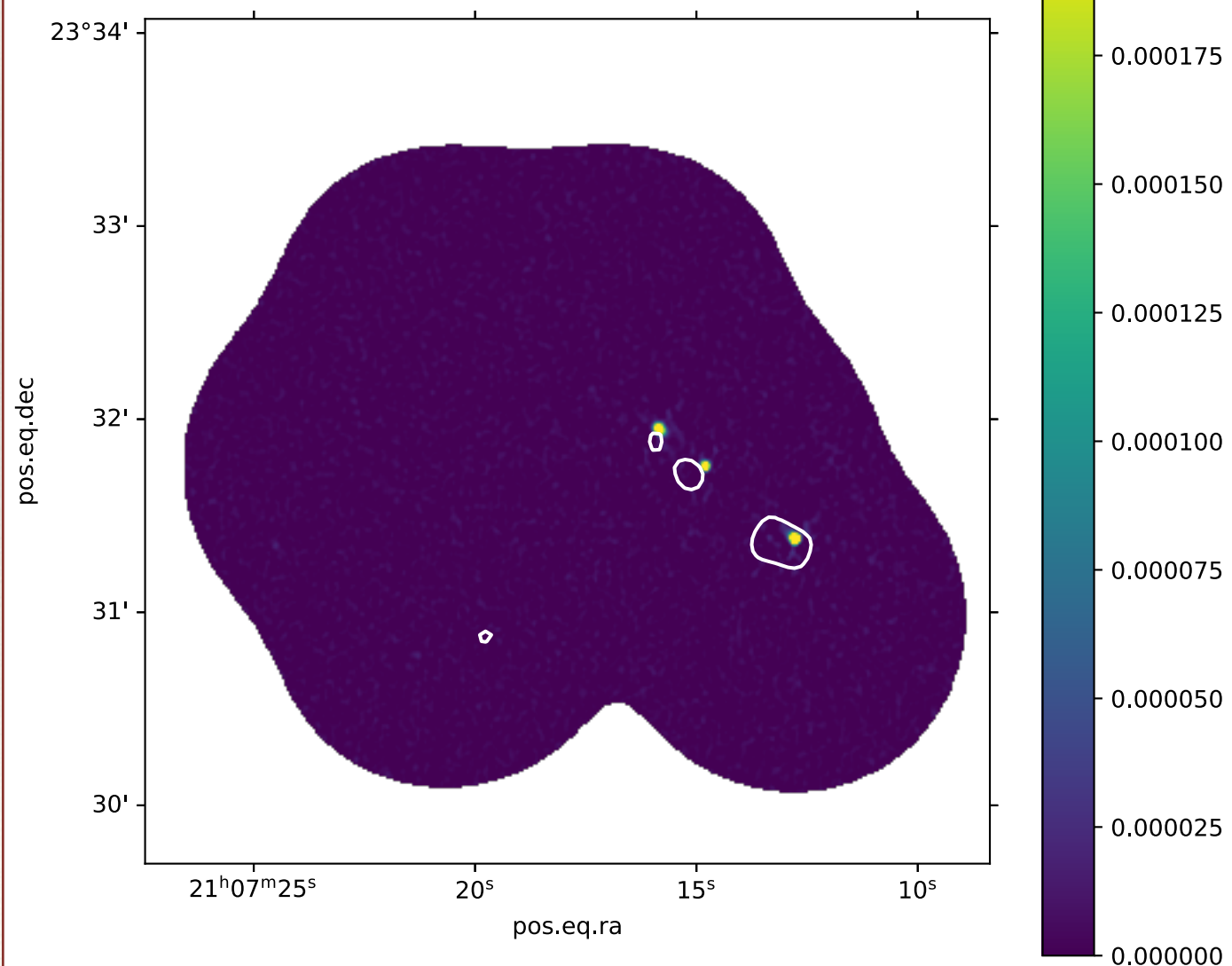


Radio Followup: 4C23.56 ($z=2.48$)

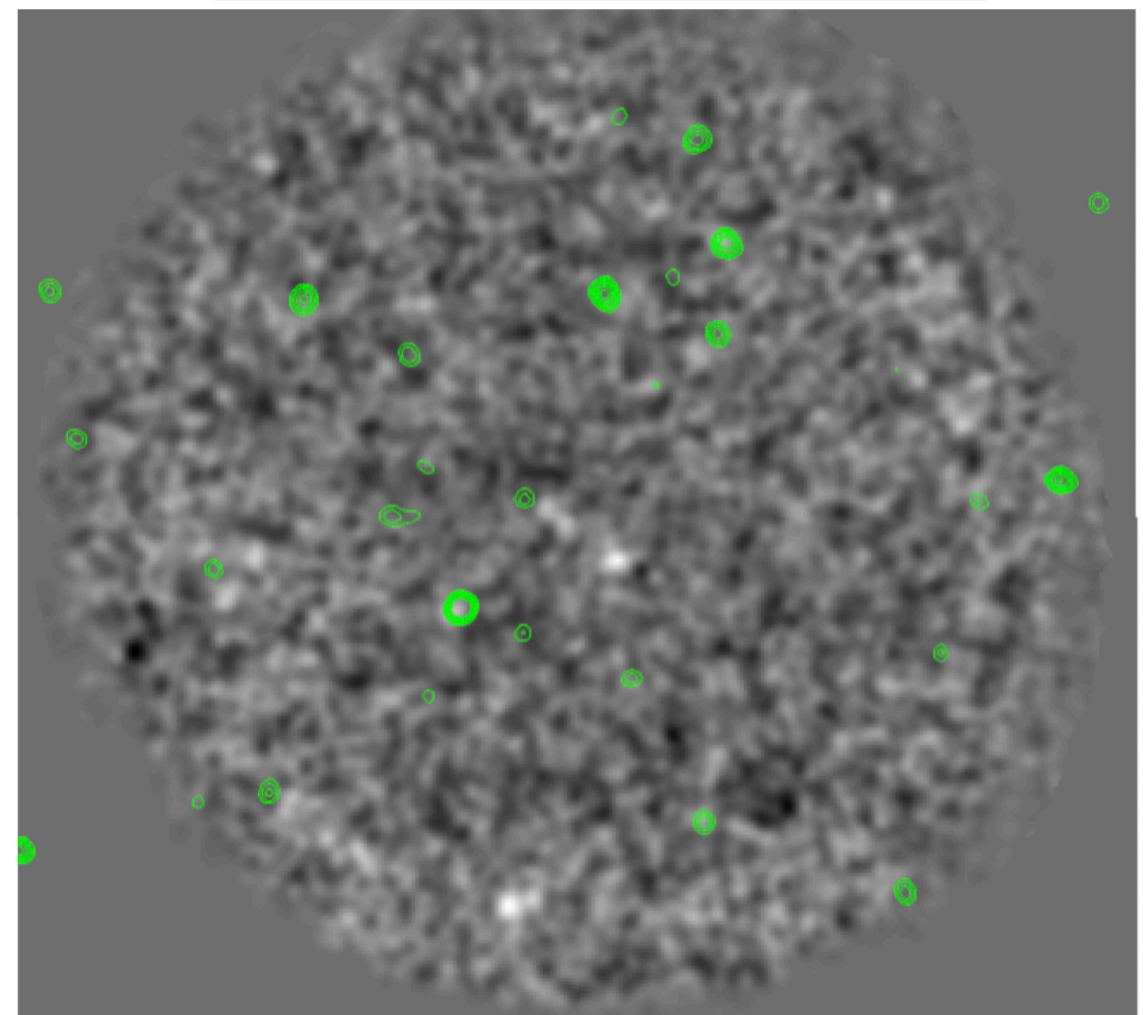
- Completed 30hr VLA Ka-band program for blind CO survey of 4C23.56 (VLA-21A-294)
- Lead by PhD student **Dazhi Zhou**, DAWN
- No CO lines detected



VLA Ka-band vs GBT MUSTANG-2 3mm



GBT/MUSTANG-2 3mm vs SCUBA 850um



RAGERS - more to come

- We still do not have an adequate census of the submm environments of HzRGs
- Upon completion RAGERS will be the largest submm survey to date of the dusty Mpc-Scale environments around HzRGs
- RAGERS will provide a much needed comparison with radio-quiet galaxies

- Address evolutionary trends in SMG overdensities with redshift, stellar mass, and radio power. Trends that are only weakly constrained with current data.
- Coupled with simulations this will lead to a better understanding of proto-cluster growth in the presence / absence of powerful AGN and the interplay between AGN feedback, stellar mass and the IGM

